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## POETICAL WORKS

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Mr.JAMES THOMSON.
WITH:

His laft Corrections and Improvements...

IN. TWO VOLUMES.

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& \text { VOLUM } O \text { U. } \\
& \text { CONTAINING, }
\end{aligned}
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L I B E R 'T. Y;
The CASTLE of INDOLENCE,

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POEMS on feveral OCCASIONS.

E DINBURGH:
Printed by A. DONALDSON and J. RE. D.
For Alex. Donaldson.
Sold at his fhops in Edinburgb and Londor.... M D C CLXIII...

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Sacred to the MEMORY of

## Sir I S A A C NEWTON.

Infcribed to the Right Honourable

## Sir ROBERTWALPOiE.

SHall the great foul of Newton quit this earth, To mingle with his flars; and every Mufe, Aftonifh'd into filence, fhun the weight Of honours due to his illufrious name ? But what can man ? - Even now the fons of light, 5 In frrains high warbled to feraphic lyre, Hail his arrival on the coaft of bliss. Yet am not I deterr'd, tho' high the theme, And fung to harps of angels, for with you, Ethereal flames! ambitious, I afpire
In nature's general fymphony to join.
And what new wonders can ye fhow your gueft! Who, while on this dim fpot, where mortals toil Clouded in duft, from motion's fimple laws, Could trace the fecret hand of Providence,
Wide-working thro' this univerfal frame.
Have ye not liften'd while he bound the funs,
And planets, to their fpheres! th' unequal tafk
Vol. II.
A

Of human-kind till then. - Oft had they roll'd
O'er erring man the year, and oft difgrac'd
The pride of fchools, before their courfe was known Full in its caufes and effects to him, All-piercing fage! who fat not down and dream'd Romantic fchemes, defended by the din
Of fpecious words, and tyranny of names;
But, bidding his amazing mind attend,
And with heroic patience years on years
Deep-fearching, faw at laft the fyftem dawn,
And thine, of all his race, on him alone.
What were his raptures then! how pure! how frong !
And what the triumphs of old Greece and Rome,
By his diminifh'd, but the pride of boys
In fome fmall fray victorious ! when inftead
Of fhatter'd parcels of this carth ufurp'd
By violence unmanly, and fore deeds
Of cruelty and blood, Nature herfelf
Stood all fubdu'd by him, and open laid
Her every latent glory to his view.
All intellectual eye, our folar round
Firf gazing thro', he by the blended power
Of gravitation and projeczion faw
The whole in filent harmony revolve.
From unaffifted vifion hid, the moons
To cheer remoter planets numerous form'd,
By him in all their mingled tracts were feen.
He alfo fix'd our wandering queen of night,
Whether fhe wanes into a fcanty orb,
Or, waxing broad, with her pale fladowy light,
In a foft deluge overflows the $\mathbb{k y y}$.
Sir Isaac Newton. ..... 3.
Her every motion clear-difcerning, he ..... 50
Adjufted to the mutual main, and taught
Why now the mighty mafs of water fwellsRepiflefs, heaving on the broken rocks,And the full river turning; till againThe tide revertive, unattracted, leaves55
A yellow wafte of idle fands behind.Then breaking hence, he took his ardent fightThro' the blue infinite; and every ftar,Which the clear concave of a winter's nightPours on the eye, or aftronomic tube,60
Far-ftretching, fnatches from the dark abyfs,Or fuch as farther in fuccefive fkiesTo fancy fhine alone, at his approach
Blaz'd into funs, the living centre eachOf an harmonious fyftem : all combin'd,$6 s$
And rul'd unerring by that fingle power,Which draws the fone projected to the ground.Q unprofure magnificence divine!O wifdom truly perfect ! thus to callFrom a few caufes fuch a fcheme of things,$7^{0}$
Effects of various, beautiful, and great,An univerfe complete! And O belov'dOf Heaven! whofe well-purg'd penetrative eye,
The myffic veil tranfiercing, inly fcann'dThe rifing, moving, wide-eftablifh'd frame.75He , firft of men, with ạwful wing purfu'd
The comet thro' the long elliptic curve,
As round innumerous worlds he wound his way;Till, to the forehead of our evening-fkyReturn'd, the blazing wonder glares anew,$8^{\circ}$
And o'er the trembling nations fhakes difnay.

The heavens are all his own; from the wild rule.
Of whirling vortices, and circling /pberes,
To their firft great fimplicity reftor'd:
The fchools aftonifh'd food; but found it vain
To combat fill with demonftration ftrong,
And, unawaken'd, dream beneath the blaze
Of truth. At once their pleafing vifions fled, With the gay fhadows of the morning mix'd, When Newton tofe, our philofophic fun.

Th' aerial flow of found was known to him,
From whence it firf in wavy circles breaks,
Till the touch'd organ takes the meffage in.
Nor could the darting beam, of fpeed immenfe,
Efcape his fwift purfuit, and meafuring eye.
Even Light itfelf, which every thing difplays,
Shone undifcover'd, till his brighter mind
Untwifted all the fhining robe of day;
And, from the whitening undiftinguifh'd blaze,
Collecting every ray into his kind;
To the charm'd eye educ'd the gergeous train
Of parent-colours. Firt the flaming red
Sprung vivid forth; the tawny orange next;
And next delicious yellow; by whofe fide
Fell the kind beams of all-refrefhing green,
Then the pure blue, that fwells autumnal fkies,
Ethereal play'd ; and then, of fadder hue,
Emerg'd the deepened incico, as when
The heavy-kirted evening droops with froft.
While the laft gleamings of refracted light
110
$D_{y}$ 'd in the fainting violet away.
Thefe, when the clouds diftil the rofy fhower, Shine out diftinct adown the wat'ry bow;

While o'er our heads the dewy vifion bends.
Delightful, melting on the fields beneath.
Myriads of mingled dyes from thefe refult, And myriads ftill remain; infinite fource Of beauty, ever-fluhing, ever new !

Did ever poet image aught fo fair,
Dreaming in whifpering groves, by the hoarfe brook!
Or prophet, to whofe rapture heaven defcends! ;12!
Even now the fetting fun and fiffing clouds,
Seen, Greenwich, from thy lovely heights, declare
How juft, how beauteous the refraEtive law.
The noifelefs tide of time, all bearing down
To vaft eternity's unbounded fea,
Where the green iflands of the happy thine,
He ftemm'd alone; and to the fource (involv'd:
Deep in primeval gloom) afcending, rais'd
His lights at equal diflances, to guide
Hiftorian, wilder'd on his darkfome :way.
But who can number up his labours? who
His high difcoveries fing? when but a few
Of the deep-fudying race can ftretch their minds.
To what he knew : in fancy's.lighter thought,
How fhall the mufe then grafp the mighty theme?
What wonder thence that his devotion fwell'd.
Reffonfive to his knowledge ! For could he,
Whoie piercing mental eye diffufive faw
The finifh'd univerfity of things,
In all its crder, magnitude, and parts,
Forbear inceffant to adore that.Power
Who fills, fuftains, and actuates the whele?
Say, ye who beft can tell, ye happy few,
Who faw him in the foftef lights, of life?

All unwith-held, indulging to his friends The valt unborrow'd treafures of his mind,
Oh fpeak the wondrous man! how mild, how calm,
How greatly humble, how divinely good;
How firm eftablif'd on eternal truth;
Fervent in doing well, with every nerve
Still prefing on, forgetful of the paft,
And panting for perfection: far above
Thofe little cares, and vifionary joys,
That fo perplex the fond impaffion'd heart-
Of ever-cheated, ever-trufting man.
And you, ye hopelefs gloomy-minded tribe, You who, unconfcious of thofe nobler fights.
That reach impatient at immortal life,
Againft the prime endearing privilege
Of Being dare contend, fay, can a foul-
Of fuch extenfive, deep, tremendous powers,
Enlarging fill, be but a finer breath
Of fpirits dancing thro' their tubes a while, And then for ever loft in vacant air ?

But hark! methinks I hear a warning voice,
Solemn as when fome awful change is come,
Sound thro' the world - 'T is done - The meafure's full;
And I refign my charge.-Ye mouldering fones,
That build the towering pyramid, the proud
Triumphal arch, the monument effac'd
By ruthlefs ruin, and whate'er fupports
The worfhipp'd name of hoar antiquity,
Down to the duft! what grandeur can ye boaft, While Newton lifts his column' to the $\mathbb{R}$ ies,
Beyond the wafte of time. Let no weak drop Be fhed for him. The virgin in her bloom:

Cut off, the joyous youth, and darling child, Thefe are the tombs that claim the tender tear, And elegiac fong. But Newton calls 180 For other notes of gratulation high,
That now he wanders thro'thofe endlefs worlds
He here fo well defcried, and wondering talks, And hymns their Author with his glad compeers.

O Brilain's boaft ! whether with angels thou
Sitteft in dread difcourfe, or fellow-blefs'd,
Who joy to fee the honour of their kind;
Or whether, mounted on cherubic wing,
Thy fwift career is with the whirling orbs,
Comparing things with things, in rapture lof,
And grateful adoration, for that light.
So plenteous ray'd into thy mind below,
From Ligut bimfelf; Oh look with pity down
On human-kind, a frail erroneous race!
Exalt the fipirit of a downward world!.
O'er thy dejected country chief prefide,
And be her Gsnius call'd! her ftudies raife,
Correct her manners, and infpire her youth.
For, tho' deprav'd and funk, the brought thee forth,
And glories in thy name; fhe points thee out
To all her fons, and bids them eye thy ftar:-
While in expectance of the fecond life,
When time fhall be no more, thy facred duft
Sleeps with her kings, and dignifies the feene.

## B R I T A N N I A.

 A
## P O E M.

-Et tantas audetis tollere moles?
Quos ego: Sed motos preftat componere fuctus. Poft mibi non fimili pana commifa luetis.
Maturate fugam, regique bac dicite vefro: Non illi imperium. pelagi, farvumque tridentem, Sed mibi forte datum. Virg.

AS on the fea-beat fhore Britannia fat, Of her degenerate fons the faded fame, Deep in her anxious heart, revolving fad: Bare was her throbbing bofom to the gale, That hoarfe, and hollow, from the bleak furge blew ; Loofe flow'd her treffes; rent. her azure robe.
Hung o'er the deep from her majeltic brow
She tore the laurel, and the tore the bay.
Nor ceas'd the copious grief to: bathe her cheek ;
Nor ceas'd her fobs to murmur to the main.
Peace difcontentedinigh, departing, Aretch'd
Her dove-like wings. And War, tho' greatly rous'd,
Yet mourn'd his fetter'd hands. While thus the queen Of nations fpoke ; and what fhe faid the mufe Recorded, faithful, in unbidden verfe.

Even not yon fail, that, from the fky-mix'd wave,

## BRITANNIA.

Dawns on the fight, and wafts the Royal Youth *, A freight of future glory to my fhore; Even not the flatering view of golden days, And rifing periods yet of bright renown,
Beneath the Parents, and their endlefs line
Thro' late revolying time, can footh my rage;
While, unchaltis'd, th' infulting Spaniard dares Infeft the trading food, full of vain war Defpife my navies, and my merchants feize;
As, trufting to falfe peace, they fearlefs roam
The ivorld of waters wild; made, by the toil,
And liberal blood of glorious ages, mine :
Nor burfts my fleeping thunder on their head.
Whence this unwonted patience? this weak doubt? 30
This tame befeeching of rejeeted peace?
This meek forbearance ? this unnative fear,
To generous Britons never known before ?
And fail'd my fleets for this; on Indian tides
To float, unactive, with the veering winds?
The mockery of war! while hot difeafe,
And floth diftemper'd, fwept off burning crouds,
For action ardent ; and amid the deep,
Inglorious, funk them in a wat'ry grave.
There now they lie beneath the rolling flood, 40
Far from their friends, and country unaveng'd;
And back the drooping war-hip comes again,
Difpirited, and thin ; her fons afham'd
Thus idly to review their native fhore;
With not one glory fparkling in their eye,
One triumph on their tongue. A pafienger,
The violated merchant comes along;

[^0]That far-fought wealth, for which the noxious gale He drew, and fweat beneath equator funs, By lawlefs force detain'd; a force that foon
Would melt away, and every fpoil refign, Were once the Britifo lion heard to roar.
Whence is it that the proud Iberian thus,
In their own well-afferted element,
Dares roufe to wrath the mafters of the main?
Who told him; that the big incumbent war
Would not, ere this, have roll'd his trembling ports'
In fmoky ruin? and his guilty fores,
Won by the ravage of a butcher'd world,
Yet unaton'd, funk in the fivallowing deep,
Or led the gुlittering prize into the $T$ bames?
There was a time (Oh let my languid fons
Refume their fpirit at the roufing thought!)
When all the pride of Spain, in one dread fleet,
Swell'd oer the lab'ring furge ; like a whole heaven $\sigma_{5}$
Of clouds, wide roll'd before the boundle's breeze.
Gaily the fplendid armament along
Exultant plough'd, reflecting a red gleam,
As funk the fun, o'er all the flaming vait;
Tall, gorgeous, and elate; drunk with the dream 70 Of eafy conqueft ; while their bloated war,
Stretch'd out from Iky to fky, the gather'd force
Of ages held in its capacious womb.
But foon, regardlefs of the cumbrous pomp,
My dauntlefs Britons came, a gloomy few,
With tempeft black, the goodly fcene deform'd,
And laid their glory wafte. The bolts of fate
Refiftlefs thunder'd thro' their yielding fides;
Fierce o'er their beauty blaz'd the lurid flame;

## BRITANNIA.

And feiz'd in horrid grafp, or fhatter'd wide, $\quad$ so Amid the mighty waters, deep they funk.
Then too from every promontory chill,
Rank fen, and cavern where the wild wave works, I fivept confederate winds, and fivell'd a form.
Round the glad ine, fnatch'd by the vengeful blaft, 85 The fcatter'd remnants drove; on the blind fhelve, And pointed rock, that marks th' indented fhore, 'Relentlefs dafh'd, where loud the northern main Howls thro' the fractur'd Caledonian inles.

Such were the dawnings of my wat'ry reign; goo But fince how vaft it grew, how abfolute, Even in thofe troubled times, when dreadful Blake Aw'd angiy nations with the Britifh name, Let every humbled ftate, let Europe fay, Suftain'd, and balanc'd, by my naval arm. 95 Ah what muft thofe immortal fpirits think Of your poor fhifts? Thofe, for their country's good, Who fac'd the blackeft danger, knew no fear, No mean fabmiffion, but commanded peace.
Ah how with indignation muft they burn ?
(If aught, but joy, can touch ethereal breafts)
With fhame? with grief? to fee their feeble fons
Shrink from that empire o'er the conquer'd feas, For which their wifdom plann'd, their councils glow'd,
And their veins bled thro' many a toiling age. 105
Oh firft of human bleffings! and fupreme!
Fair Peace! how lovely, how delightful thou!
By whofe wide tie, the kindred fons of men,
Like brothers live, in amity combin'd, And unfufpicious faith; while honeft toil
Gives every joy, and to thofe joys a right,

Which idle, barbarous rapine but ufurps.
Pure is thy reign ; when, unaccurs'd by blcod,
Nought, fave the fweetnefs of indulgent fhowers,
Trickling diftils into the vernant glebe;
Inftead of mangled carcafes, fad feen,
When the blythe fheaves lie fcatter'd o'er the field;
When only fhining fhares, the crooked knife,
And hooks imprint the vegetable wound;
When the land blufhes with the rofe alone,
The falling fruitage, and the bleeding vine.
Oh, Peace! thou fource, and foul of focial life;
Beneath whofe calm infpiring influence,
Science his views enlarges, Art refines,
And fiwelling Commerce opens all her ports;
Blefs'd be the man divine, , who gives us thee!
Who bids the trumpet hufh his horrid clang,
Nor blow the giddy nations into rage;
Who fheaths the murderous blade ; the deadly gun
Into the well-pil'd armory returns;
And, every vigour from the work of death,
To grateful induffry cenverting, makes
The country flourifh, and the city fmile.
Unviolated, him the virgin fings;
And him the fmiling mather to her train.
Of him the fhepherd, in the peaceful dale,
Chaunts ; and, the treafures of his labour fure,
The hubandman of him, as at the plough,
Or team, he toils. With him the failor fooths,
Beneath the trembling moon; the midnight wave; 140 And the full city, warm, from freet to freet, And fhop to fhop, refponfive, rings of him. Nor joys one land alone; his praife extends

Far as the fun rolls the diffufive day;
Far as the breeze can bear the gifts of peace, 145 Till all the happy nations catch the forg.

What would not, Peace! the patriot bear for thee? What painful patience? what inceflant care?
What mix'd anxiety? what flecplefs toil?
Even from the rafh protected what reproach ?
For he thy value knows; thy friendihip he
To human nature : but the better thou,
The richer of delight, fometimes the more
Inevitable war; when ruflian force
Awakes the fury of an injur'd frate.
155
Even the good patient man, whom reafon rales,
Rous'd by bold infult, and injurious rage,
With fharp, and fudden check, th' afonifh'd fons
Of violence confounds; firm as his caufe,
His bolder heart ; in awful juftice clad;
160
His eyes effulging a peculiar fire :
And, as he charges thro' the proftrate war,
His keen arm teaches faithlefs men, no more
To dare the facred vengeance of the juft.
And what, my thoughtlefs. fons, fhould fire you more,
Than when your well-eam'd empire of the deep 166
The leaft beginning injury receives ?
What better caufe can call your lightning forth ?
Your thunder wake? your deareft life demand ?
What better caufe, than when your country fees
170
The fly deftruction at her vitals aim'd ?
For oh it much imports you, 'tis your all,
To keep your trade entire, entire the force, And honowr of your fleets; o'er that to watch,
Even with a hand fevere, and jealous eye.
Tol. II.
B

In intercourie be gentle, generous, juif,
By wifdom polifh'd, and of manners fair:;
But on the fea be terrible, untam'd,
Unconquerable ftill : let none efcape,
Who fhall but aim to touch your glory there.
Is there the man, into the lion's den
Who dares intrude, to fnatch his young away?
And is a Briton.feiz'd ? . and feiz'd beneath
The flumbering terrors of a Briti/b fleet ?
Then ardent rife! Oh great in vengeance rife! 185
O'erturn the proud, teach rapine to reltore :
And as you ride fublimely round the world,
Make every veffel ftoop, make every fate
At once their welfare and their duty know.
This is your glory; this your wifdom ; this
The native power for which you were defign'd
By fate, when fate defign'd the firmeft ftate,
'That e'er was feated on the fubject fea ;
A ftate, alone, where Liberty fhould live, In thefe late times, this evening of mankind, When Atbens, Rome, and Cartbage are no more,
The world almoft in Ravifh floth diffolv'd.
For this, thefe rocks around your coaft were thrown,
For this, your oaks, peculiar harden'd, fhoot
Strong into furdy growth ; for this, your hearts 200
Swell with a fullen coniage, growing till
As danger grows; and ftrength, and toil for this
Are liberal pour'd o'er all the fervent land.
Then cherifh this, this unexpenfive power,
Undangerous to the public, ever prompt,
By lavifh nature thruft into your hand:
And, unencumber'd with the bulk immenfe

## BRITANNIA.

Of conqueft, whence huge empires rofe, and fell Self-crufh'd, extend your reign from fhore to flore,
Where-e'er the wind your high behefls can blow! 210 And fix it deep on this eternal bafe. For fhould the fliding fabric once give way, Soon flacken'd quite, and paft recovery broke, It gathers ruin as it rolls along, Steep-rufhing down to that devouring gulf, $\quad 215$ Where many a mighty empire buried lies. And fhould the big redundant flood of trade, In which ten thoufand thoufand labours join Their feveral currents, till the boundlefs tide Rolls in a radiant deluge o'er the land; $2=0$. Should this bright ftream, the leaft inflected, point
Its courfe another way, o'er other lands The various treafure would reffllefs pour,
Ne'er to be won again ; its ancient tract. Left a vile channel, defolate, and dead, 225
With all around a miferable wafte.
Not Egypt, were, her better heaven, the Nile 'Furn'd in the pride of flow ; when oè'r his rocks, And roaring cataracts, beyond the reach Of dizzy vifion pil'd, in one wide flafh .
An Etbiopian deluge foams amain ;
(Whence wondering fable trac'd him from the $\mathbb{I k y}$ );
Even not that prime of earth, where harvefts croud
On untill'd harvefts, all the teeming year,
If of the fat o'erflowing culture robb'd,
Were then a more uncomfortable wild,
Steril, and void ; than of her trade depriv'd,
Britons, your boafted ifle : her princes funk;
Her high-built honour moulder'd to the duft ;

Unnerv'd her force ; her fpirit vanifh'd quite
With rapid wing her riches fled away ;
Her unfrequented ports alone the fign:
Of what fhe was ; her merchants fcatter'd wide;
Her hollow fhops fhut up; and in her ftreets,
Her fields, woods, markets, villages, and roads, 245
The cheerful voice of labour heard no more.
Oh let not then wafte luxury impair
That manly foul of toil, which ftrings your nerves,
And your own proper happinefs creates!
Oh let not the foft, penetrating plague 250 .
Creep on the free-born mind ; and working there,
With the fharp tooth of many a new-form'd want,
Endlefs, and idle all, eat out the heart
Of Liberty; the high conception blaft;
'The noble fentiment, th' impatient foorn
Of bafe fubjection, and the fiwelling wifh
For general good, erafing from the mind:
While nought fave narrow felfifinefs fucceeds,
And low defign, the fneaking paffions all
Let loofe, and reigning in the rankled breaft.
Induc'd at laft, by fcarce-perceiv'd degrees,
Sapping the very frame of government ${ }_{2}$.
And life, a total diffolution comes;
Sloth, ignorance, 'dejection, flattery, fear.
Oppreftion raging o'er the wafte he makes;
The human being almof quite extinct ;
And the whole ftate in broad corruption finks.
Oh hun that gulf: that gaping ruin fhun!.
And countlefs ages roll it far away
From you, ye heaven-belov'd! may Liberty, $\quad 270$
The light of life! the fun of human-kind!

## BRITANNIA.

Whence heroes, bards, and patriots borrow flame, Even where the keen deprefive north defcends, Still fpread, exalt, and actuate your powers ! While flavifh fouthern climates beam in vain. And may a public fpirit from the tbrone, Where every virtue fits, go copious forth : Live o'er the land! the fincr arts in!pire; Make thoughful Science raife his penfive heard, Elow the frefl bay, bid Indufry rejocce, And the rough fons of loweft Labour fmile. As when, profufe of fping, the loofen'd Wett Lifts up the pining year, and balmy breathes Youth; life, and love, and beauty o'er the world.

But hafe we from thicfe melancholy mores,
Nor to deaf winds, and waves, our fruitlefs plaint Your weak; the country claims our active aid;
That let us roam ; and where we find a fpark Of public virtue, blow it into flame.
Lo! now my fons, the fons of freedom! meet 290 In awful fenate; thither let us fly;
Burn in the patriot's thought, flow from his tongue
In fearlefs truth; myfelf, transform'd, prefide,
And fied the firit of Britannia round.
This faid; her feeting form, and airy train, 295 Sunk in the gale; and nought buit ragged rocks Rufh'd on the broken eye; and nought was heard. But the rough codence of the dahing wave.

## 18

## -ANCIENT and MODERN

## $I \begin{array}{cccc}\mathrm{T} & \mathrm{A} & \mathrm{L} & Y\end{array}$

COMPARED:

Being the FIRSTPART of

# L I B E R T Y, 

$$
\mathrm{P} \quad \mathrm{O} \quad \mathrm{E} \quad \mathrm{M} \text {. }
$$


P-TOHIS ROYAL HIGHNESS

## 

PRINCE of WALES:

SIR,
W Hen I reflect upon that ready condefcenfion, that preventing generofity, with which Your Royal Highness received the following poem under your protection; I can alone afcribe it to the recommendation, and influence of the fubjeet, In you the caufe and con-
cerns of Liberty have fo zealous a patron, as entitles whatever may have the leaft tendency to promote them, to the difinetion of your favour. I And who can entertain this delightful refection, without feeling a pleafure far fuperior to that of the fondeft author; and of which all true lovers of their country mult participate? To behold the nobleft difpofitions of the prince, and of the patriot; united : an overflowing benevolence, generofity, and candour of heart, joined to an enlightened zeal for Li berty, an intimate perfuafion that on it depends the happinefs and glory both of kings and people : to fee thefe fhining out in public virtues, as they have hitherto fmiled in all the focial lights and private accomplifhments of life, is a profpect that cannot but infpire a general fentiment of fatisfaction and gladnefs, more eafy to be felt than expreffed.

If the following attempt to trace Liberty, from the firt ages down to her excellent eftablifhment in Great Britain, can at all merit your approbation, and prove an entertainment to Your Royal Highness ; if it can in any degree anfwer the dignity of the fubject, and of the name under which I prefume to fhelter it ; I have my beft reward : particularly, as it affords me an opportunity of declaring, that $I$ am, with the greateft zeal and refpect,

$$
S \text { I R, }
$$

Your Royal Highness's

Moft obedient
And moft devoted fervant,

## The CONTENTS of Parti.

THE following Poem is thrown into the form of a portical vifon. Its fcene the ruins of ancient Rome. The Goddess of Liberty, whbo is Juppofed to Speak through the wwele, afpears, charadferized as British Liberty; 10 ver. 44. Gives a vierw of ancient Italy, and particulari! of Repullican Rome, in all ber nag. x.:.ficence and glory; to ver. 112 . This contrafted by modern Italy; its vallyys, mountains, culture, cities, people: the difference appearing frongeft in the capital city Rome; 10 ver. ${ }^{2} \mathbf{3}_{3} 4$. The ruins of the great avorks of LIBERTY more magnificent than the borrowed pomp of OP PRESSION; and from them revived Sculpture, Painting, and Architecuure; to ver. 256. The old Romans apoffrophized with regard to the feveral melancholy changes in It Aly : Horace, Tully, and Virgil, avith regard to their Tibur, Tufculum, and Naples; to'ver. 287. That once ffineft and moft ornamented part of Italy, all along the coaft of Baiæ, bozv changed; to ver. 321 . This defolation of Italy applied to Britain; 10 ver. 344. Addrefs to the Goddess' of Liberty, that joe would deduce from the firft ages, ber chief effablifoments, the defcription of which ronfitute the fubject of the following parts of this poem. Sbe afents, and commands what Joe. Says 10 be Jung in Britain; whbofe bappinefs, arifing fiom freedom, and a limited monarchy, 乃oe,marks; to ver. 391. An immediate Vision attends, and faints ber woords. Invocation.

## L I B E R I Y.

## PART.

OMy lamented Talbot! while with thee
The Mufe gay rov'd the glad Hepperian round,
And drew th' infpiring breath of ancient arts ;
Ah ! little thought fhe her returning verfe Should fing our darling fubject to thy fhade.
And does the myltic veil, from mortal beam, Involve thofe eyes where every virtue fmil'd, And all thy Father's candid firit fhone ? The light of reafon, pure, without a cloud; Full of the generous heart, the mild regard; Honour difdaining blemifh, cordial faith, And limpid truth, that looks the very foul. But to the death of mighty nations turn, My ftrain; be there aborpt the private tear.

Mufing, I lay ; warm from the facred walks,

## Where at each ftep imagination burns:

While fcatter'd wide around, awful, and hoar, Lies, a vaft monument, once-glorious Rome, The tomb of empire ! ruins ! that efface Whate'er, of finifh'd, modern pomp can boaf. 20

Snatch'd by thefe wonders to that world where thought Unfetter'd ranges, Fancy's magic hand Led me anewo'er all the folemn fcene, Still in the mind's pure eye more 〔olemn drefs'd. When ftraight, methought, the fair majeftic Power 25 Of Liberty appear'd. Not, as of old,

Exteeded

Extended in her hand the cap, and rod,
Whofe flave-enlarging touch gave double life :
But her bright temples bound with Britijb oak,
And naval honours nodded on her brow.
Sublime of port : loofe o'er her fhoulder flow'd
Her fea-green robe, with confellations gay.
An ifland-goddefs now; and her high care. The queen of inles, the miftrefs of the main. My heart beat filial tranfport at the fight ;
And, as the mov'd to fpeak, th' awaken'd Mufe
Liften'd intenfe. A while fhe look'd around,
With mournful eye the well-known ruins mark'd,
And then, her fighs reprefing, thus began..
Mine are thefe wonders, all thou feef is mine ; 40
Fut ah how chang'd! the falling poor remains
Of what exalted once th'. Aufonian fhore.
L.ook back thro' time ; and, rifing from the gloom,

Mark the dread fcene, that paints whate'er I fay.
The great Republic fee! that glow'd, fublime,
With the mix'd freedom of a thoufand flates;
Rais'd on the thrones of kings her curule chair,
And by her fafces aw'd the fubject world.
See bufy millions quick'ning all the land,
With cities throng'd, and teeming culture high: 50
For Nature, then fmil'd on her free-born fons,
And pour'd the plenty that velongs to men.
Behold, the country cheering, villas rife,
In lively profpect ; by the fecret lapfe
Of brooks now loft and ftreams renown'd in fong: 55
In Umbria's clofing vales, or on the brow
Of her brown hills that breathe the fcented gale :
On Baix's viny coaft ; where peaceful feas,
Fann'd:

## Part I. LIBERTY.

Fann'd by kind zepyhrs, ever kifs the fhore;
And funs unclouded fhine, thro' pureft air:
Or in the fpacious neighbourhood of Rome;
Far fhining upward to the Sabine hills,
Tn Ario's roar, and Tibur's olive flade ;
To where Pranefte lifts her airy brow;
Or downward fpreading to the funny fhore,
Where $A l b a$ breathes the freffnefs of the main.
See diftant. mountains leave their valleys dry,
And o'er the proud Arcade their tribute pour,
To lave imperial Rome. For ages laid,
Deep, maffy, firm, diverging every way,
With tombs of heroes facred, fee her roads :
By various nations trod, and fuppliant kings;
With legions flaming, or with triumph gay.
Full in the centre of thefe wondrous works,
The pride of earth! Rome in her glory fee!
Behold her demigods, in fenate met ;
All head to counfel, and all heart to act :
The commonweal infpiring every tongue
With fervent eloquence, unbrib'd, and bold;
Ere tame Corruption taught the fervile herd
To rank obedient to a mafter's voice.
Her Forum fee, warm, popular, and loud,
In trembling wonder hufh'd, when the two *Sires,
As they the private father greatly quell'd, Stood up the public fathers of the ftate. See Juftice judging there, in human fhape.
Hark! how with freedom's voice it thunders high,
Or in foft murmurs finks to Tully's tongue.

* L. J. Brutus, and Vageinius.

Her tribes, her cenfus, fee; her generous troops, Whofe pay was glory, and their beft reward
Free for their country and for me to die ; Ere mercenary murder grew a trade.

Mark, as the purple triumph waves along, The higheft pomp and loweft fall of life.

Her feftive games, the fchool of heroes, fee;
Fler Circus, ardent with contending youth; Her ftreets, her temples, palaces, and baths, Full of fair forms, of Beauty's eldeft born, And of a people caft in virtue's mold. While fculpture lives around, and Afian hills 100 Lend their beft fores to heave the pillar'd dome:
All that to Roman ftrength the fofter touch Of Grecian art can join. But language fails To paint this fun, this centre of mankind;
Where, every virtue, glory, treafure, art,
Bitracted ftrong, ir. heighten'd luftre met.
Need I the contraft mark ? unjoyous view !
A land in all, in governnent, and arts,
In virtue, genius, earth and heaven, revers'd.
Who but thefe far-fam'd ruins to behold,
Froofs of a peopie, whofe heroic aims
Soar'd far above the little felfifh fphere
Of doubting modern life ; who but inflam'd
With claffic zeal, thefe confecrated feenes
Of men and deeds to trace; unhappy land,
Would truit thy wilds, and cities loofe of fivay?
Are thefe the vales, that, once, exulting fates
In their warm bofom fed? The mountains there,
On whofe high-blooming fides my fons, of oid,
I bred to glory? Thefe dejeited towns,

Where, mean, and fordid, life can fearce fubfift, The feenes of ancient opulence, and pomp ?

Come! by whatever facred name difguis'd,
Oppression, come! and in thy works rejoice!
See nature's richer plains to putrid fens
Turn'd by thy fury. From their cheerful bounds, See raz'd th' enlivening village, farim, and feat. Firf, rural toil, by thy rapacious hand
Robb'd of his poor reward, refign'd the plough;
And now he dares not turn the noxious glebe. 'Tis thire entire. The lonely fwain himfelf,
Who loves at large along the graffy downs His flocks to pafture, thy drear champain flies. Far as the fickening eye can fweep around, ${ }^{\prime} T$ is all one defert, defolate; and grey,135

Graz'd by the fullen bufalo alone ;
And where the rank uncultivated growth Of rotting ages taints the paffing gale.
Beneath the baleful blaft the city pines, Or finks enfeebled, or infected burns.
Bencath it mourns the folitary road,
Roll'd in rude mazes o'er th' abandon'd wafe ; While ancient way's, ingulf'd, are feen no more.

Such thy dire plains, thou jelf-defiroyer! foe,
To human kind! Thy mountains too, profufe, 145
Where favage Nature bloons, feera their fad plaint
To raife againft thy defolating rod.
There on the breezy brow, where thriving fates,
And famous citics, once, to the pleas'd fun,
Far other feenes of rifing culture fpread, is an 150
Pale ©hine thy ragged towns. Negletted round,
Each harve? pines; the livid, lean produce
Yoz. II.
C

Of heartlefs labour : while thy hated joys,
Not proper pleafure, lift the lazy hand.
Better to fink in floth the woes of life,
Than wake their rage with unavailing toil:
Hence drooping art almoft to nature leaves
The rude unguided year. Thin wave the gifts
Of yellow Ceres, thin the radiant blufh
Of orchard reddens in the warmeft ray.
To weedy wildnefs run, no rural wealth
(Such as dictators fed) the garden pours.
Crude the wild olive flows, and foul the vine;
Nor juice Ceccubian, nor Falernian, more,
Streams life and joy, fave in the Mufe's bowl.
Unfeconded by art, the fpinning race
Draw the bright thread in vain, and idly toil.
In vain, forlorn in wilds, the citron blows;
And flowering plants perfume the defert gale.
Thro' the vile thorn the tender myrtle twines.
Inglorious droops the laurel, dead to fong,
And lóng a ftranger to the hero's brow.
Nor half thy triumph this: caft, from brute fields,
Into the haunts of men thy ruthlefs eye.
There buxom Plenty never turns her horn;
The grace and virtue of exterior life,
No clean Convenience reigns; even Sleep itfelf,
Leaft delicate of powers, reluctant, there,
Lays on the bed impure his heavy head.
'Thy horrid walk ! dead, empty, unadorn'd,
See ftreets whofe echoes never know the voice
Of cheerful hurry, cominerce many-tongu'd,
And art mechanic at his varioús tafk,
Fervent, employ'd. Mark the defponding race,

## Part I. LIBERTY.

Of occupation void, as yoid, of hope ;
Hope, the glad ray, glanc'd from Eternal Good, That life enlivens, and exalts its powers, With views of fortune madnefs all to them!
By thee relentlefs feiz'd theip better joys,
To the foft aid of cordial airs they fly,
Breathing a kind oblivion o'er their woes,
Ard love and mufic melt their fouls away.
From feeble Jullice fee how rafh Revẹnge,
Trembling, the balance fatches ;: and the fword;
Fearful himfelf,- to venal rufians gives.
See where Goa's altar, nurfing muider, ftands, With the red touch of dark affafins fain'd.

But chief let Rome, the mighty city ! f peak
The full-exerted genius of thy reign.
Behold her rife amid the lifelefs wafte,
Expiring nature all corrupted round;
While the lone $\mathcal{T} y b e r$, thro' the defert plain,
Winds his wafte flores, and fullen fweeps along.
Patch'd from my fragments, in unfolid pomp,
Mark how the temple glares; and, artful drefs'd, 205
Amufive, draws the fuperfitious train.
Mark how the palace lifts a lying front,
Concealing often, in magnific jail,
Proud want; a deep unanimated gloom!
And oft adjoining to the drear abode
Of mifery; whofe melancholy walls
Seem its voracious grandeur to reproach.
Within the city-bounds, the defert fee.
See the rank vine o'er fubterranean roofs,
Indecent, fpread ; beneath whofe fretted gold.
It once, exulting, flow'd. The people mark,

$$
\mathrm{C}_{2} \text { Matchlefs }
$$

Matchlefs, while fir'd by me ; to public good
Inexorably firm, juft, generous, brave,
Afraid of nothing but unworthy life,
Elate with glory, an heroic foul
Known to the vulgar breaft : behold them now
A thin defpairing number, all-fubdu'd,
The flaves of flaves, by fuperftition fool'd,
By vice unmann'd and a licentious rule,
In guile ingenious, and in murder brave:.
Such in one land, beneath the fame fair clime,
Thy fons, Oppression, are; and fuch were mine.Even with thy labour'd Pomp, for whofe vain how
Deluded thoufands ftarve; all age-begrim'd,
Torn, robb'd and featter'd in unnumber'd facks, $\quad 230$ -
And by the tempeft of two thoufand years
Continual fhaken, let my ruins vie.
Thefe roads that yet the Roman hand affert,
Beyond the weak repair of modern toil;
Thefe fractur'd arches, that the chiding ftream 235
No more delighted hear; thefe rich remains Of marbles now unknown, where fhines imbib'd
Each parent ray ; thefe mafly columns, hew'd From Afric's farthe!t fhore ; one granite all,
Thefe obelifks high-towering to the fky,
Myfterious mark'd with dark Egyptian lore ;
Thefe endlefs wonders that this * facred' ruay
Hhumine fill, and confecrate to fame;
Thefe fountains, vafes, urns, and ftatues, charg'd
With the fine fores of art-completing Grecce.
Mine is, befides, thy every later boaft :

* İ́a Sacra.


## Part I. LI BERTY:

Thy * Buonarotis, zhy Palladios thine; And mine the fair defigns, which RAPAABI's foul O'er the live canvas, emanating, breath'd. What would you fay, ye conquerors of earth! 250 : Ye Romans ! could you raife the laurel'd head; Could you the country, fee, by feas of blood, And the dread toil of ages, won fo dear ; Your pride, your triumph, your fupreme delight!
For whofe defence oft, in the doubtful hour, 255
You rufh'd with rapture down the gulf of fate,
Of death ambitious! till by awful deeds,
Virtues, and courage, that amaze mankind, The queen of nations rofe; ; poffers'd of all
Which nature, art, and glory could bettow :
What would you fay, dsep in the laft abyfs
Of flavery, vice, and unambitious want,
Thus to behold her funk ? Your crouded plains,
Void of their cities; unadorn'd your hills; $\ldots 26_{4}$.
Ungrac'd your lakes; your ports to fhips unknown;
Your law lefs floods, and your abandon'd freams :
There could you know?, thefe could you love again ?
Thy Tibur, Horace, could it now infpire,
Content, foetic eafe, and rural joy,
Soon burfting into fong: while thro' the groves 270
Of headlong Anio, dafthing to the vale,
In many a tortur'd ftyeam, you mus'd along :
$t$ Yon wild retreat, where furcerfition dreams,
Could, Tully, you your Tufculum $\dagger$ believe?

* M. Angelo Buonarotit, Parifadio, and Raphagl D' URBiNo; the three great modern mafiers in fculpture, archi- tecture, and painting.
- T. Tufiulum is reckoned to have food at a glace now called Grotta Farrata, a convest of monks.

And could you deem yon naked hills, that form,
Fam'd in old fong, the fhip-forfaken * bay,
Your Formian fhore? Once the delight of earth,
Where art and nature, ever-fmiling, jnin'd
On the gay land to lavin all their tores.
How chang'd, how vacant, Virgil, wide around, 280
Would now your Nafles feem? Difffter'd lefs
By black Vefuvius thundering o'er the coaft;
His midnight earthquakes, and his mining fires,
Than by defpotic rage + : that inward gnaws,
A native foe; a foreign, tears without.
Firft from your flatter'd Cessars this began:
Till, doom'd to tyrants an eternal prey,
Thin-peopled fpreads, at laft, the $\ddagger$ fyren plain,
That the dìre foul of Hannibal difarm'd;
And wrapt in weeds the $\|$ fhore of Venus lies.
There Baice fees no more the joyous throng;
Her bank all beaming with the pride of Rome:
No generous vines now bafk along the hills,
Where $f_{f}$ ort the breezes of the $\mathcal{T}_{\text {yrrbbene main : }}$
With baths and temples mix'd, no villas rife;
Nor, art-fuftain'd amid reluctant wavec,
Draw the cool murmurs of the breathing deep :
No fpreading ports their facred arms extend:
No mighty moles the big intrufive form.
From the calm flation, roll refounding back.

[^1]
## Part I. LIBERTY. <br> An almor total defolation fits,

A dreary ftillnefs, faddening 'o'er the coaft;

* Where, when foft funs and tepid winters rofe,

Rejoicing crouds inhal'd the balm of peace ; Where city'd hill to hill reflected blaze; 305 And where, with Ceres, Baccbus wont to hold A genial frife. Her youthful form, robuft, Even nature yields; by fire, and earthquake rent: $\}$ Whole fately cities in the dark abrupt Swallow'd at once, or vile in rubbifh laid, 310 A neft for ferpents; from the red abyfs New hills, explofive, thrown ; the Lucrine lake A reedy pool; and'all to Cuma's point, The fea recovering his ufurp'd domain, And pour'd triumphant o'er the bury'd dome. 315
Hence, Britain, learn ; my beft eftablifh'd, laft, And more than Greece, or Rome; my fleady reign "; The laut where, King and People equal bound By guardian laws, my fulleft blefings flow; And where my jealous unfubmitting foul, 320
The dread of tyrants! burns in every breaft :
Learn hence, if fuch the miferable fate:
Of an heroic race, the mafters once
Of human-kind; what, when depriv'd of $M E$,
How grievous muft be thine? In fpite of climes, 325
Whofe fun-enliven'd æther wakes the foul
To higher powers; in frite of happy foils,
That, but by labour's flighteft aid impell'd,
With treafures teem to thy cold clime unknown;
If there defponding fail the common arts,
And fuftenance of life : coald life iteelf,

* All along this coaft, the ancient Fomans had their winter-retreats; and feveral populous cities ftcod.


## LIBERTY.

Far lefs a thoughtlefs tyrant's hollow pomp, Subfift with thee ? Againft deprefing fkies; Join'd to full-fpread oppreffion's cloudy brow, How could thy fpirits hold? , where vigour find, 335 Forc'd fruits to tear from their unnative foil?
Or, foring every harveft in thy ports;
To plough the dreadful all-producing wave ?
Here paus'd the Goddess. By the paufe affur'd,
In trembling accents thus I mov'd my prayer. $\quad 34 \Omega$
" Oh firft, and moit benevolent of powers!
" Come from eternal fplendours, here on earth,
" Againt defpotic pride, and rage, and luft,
"To fhield mankind; to raife them to affert
"The native rights and honour of their race : 345
"T Teach me thy loweft fubject, but in zeal
"Yielding to none, the progress of thy reign,
"And with a frain from thee enrich the Mufe.
"As thee alone fhe ferves, her patron, thou,
"And great inípirer be! then will he joy,
"Tho' narrow life her lot, and private fhade ;
"And when her venal voice the barters vile,
" Or to thy open or thy fecret foes;
". May ne'er thofe facred raptures touch her more,
". By flavifh hearts unfelt! and may her fong
355;
"Sink in oblivion with the namelefs crew!
" Vermin of ftate! thy o'erflowing light
"That owe their being, yet betray thy caufe."
Then, condefcending kind, the heavenly Power Return'd - "What here, fuggefted by the fcene,
"I fight unfold, record and fing at home, 361.
" In that blefs'd ifle, where (fo we fpirits move)

* With one quick effort of my will I am.
"There Truth, unlicens'd, walks; and dares accof
" Even kings themfelves, the monarchs of the free ;
"Fix'd on my rock, there, an indulgent race 366
" O'er Britons wield the feeptre of their choice:
" And there, to finifh what his fires began,
"A PRince behold! for ME who burns fincere,
"Even with a fubject's zeal. He my great work 370 -
"Will parent-like fuftain; and added give:
" The touch, the Graces and the Mufes owe.
"For Britain's glory fiwells his panting breaft;
"And ancient.arts he emulous revolves: :
"His pride to let the fmiling heart abroad, . . 375
" Thro' clouds of pomp, that but conceal the man;
" To pleafe his pleafure; bounty his delight;
"And all the foul of Tirus dwells in him."
Hail glorious theme ! But how alas! ! fhall verfe,
From the crude ftores of mortal lariguage drawn, $330=$
How faint and tedious, fing, what, piercing deep,
The Goddess flafh'd at once upon my foul.
For, clear. precifion all, the tongue of gods ${ }_{\mathbf{s}} /{ }^{\prime} / \mathrm{mmo}$
Is harmony itfelf.; to every ear.
Familiar known, like light to every cye.. 01633 s :
Mean time difclofing ages, as fhe fpoke,
In long fucceffion pour'd their empires forth;
Scene after fcene, the human drama fread;
And ftill th' embodied picture rofe to fight.
Oh thou! to whom the Mufes owe their flame ; 390 ,
Who bidd'f, beneath the pole, Parnafus rife, $4 \omega s$
And Hippocrenè flow ; with thy bold eafe,
The Atriking force, the lightning of thy thought,
And thy ftrong phrafe, that rolls profound, and clear; ;
Oh gracious Goddess ! re-infpire my fong ; $\quad 395$;
While I, to nobler than poetic fame
Afpiring, thy commands to Britons bear. -


## The CONTENTS of PART II.

LIberty traced from the paforal ages, and the fry; uniting of neigbbeuring families into civil government ; to ver. 47 . The feveral eftablifments of Liberty, in Egypt, Perisia, Phoenicía, Palestine, figboly touched upon, dorun to ber great eftablijpment in Greece ; to ver. 91. Gcograpbical defcription of Greece, io vér. 113. Sparta, and Athens, the two principal fates of Greece, defcribed; to ver. 164. Infuence of Liberty over all the Grecian fates; with regard to their goivernment, their politenefs, their virtues, their arts äsd ciences. The vaft fuperiarity it gave them, ain point of force aind briavery, biver the Perfians, exemflified by the action of Thermopylx, the batile of Marathon, and the retreat of the ten thoufand. Its full exertion, and moft beautiful effeqs in Athëns; to ver. 216. Liberty the fource of free pbilofopby. The viarious fchools, wubich took their rife from Socirates'; to ver. 257. Enumeration of Fiñe Arts: Eloquence, Poetry, Mufic, Sculpture, Painting, and Architecture; the effects of Liberty in Greece, and brought io their utmof perfection there; to'ver. 38 r . Tranfition to the modern fate of Greecé; 10 'ver. 41 i. Wby Liberty declined, and was at laft entirely loft among the Greexs; to ver. 472 . Cencluding reffection.

## G. R E E C:

Being the SECOND PART of
L I B E R T Y,
A

$\mathrm{P}^{\prime} \mathrm{O} \quad \mathrm{E} \quad \mathrm{M}$

L I B E R T Y I
$\mathrm{P} A \mathrm{R} \mathrm{T}$ II.
Hus fpoke the Goddess of the fearlefs eye; And at her voice, renew'd, the $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{e}}$ ISION rofe.
Iirf, in the dawn of time, with eaftern fwains,
In woods, and tents, and cottages, I liv'd;
White on from plain to plain they led their flocks, 5 In fearch of clearer fyring, and frefher field. Thefe, as increafing families difclos'd The tender flate, I taught an equal fway. Few were offences, properties, and laws. Beneath the rural portal, palm-o'erfpread, 10 The father-fenate niet. There Juftice dealt, With reafon then and equity the fame,
Free as the common air, her prompt decree ;
Nor yet had ftain'd her fword with fubject's blood.The fimpler arts were all their fimple wants
Had urg'd to light. But iinfant, thefe fupply'd,
Another fet of fonder wants arofe,
And other arts with them of finer aim ;Till, from refining want to want impell' $'$,
The mind by thinking pufh'd her latent powers, ..... 20
And life began to glow, andiarts to fhine.At firf, on brutes alone the ruftic war
Launch'd the rude fpear; fiwift, as he glar'd along,
On the grim lion, or the robber-wolf.
For then young fportive life was void of toil,25
Demanding little, and with.little pleas'd:
But when to manhood grown, and endlefs joys,
Led on by equalitoils, the bofom frid';
Lewd lazy rapine broke primæval peace,And, hid in caves and idle forefts drear,$30^{\circ}$
From the lone pilgrim and the wand'ring fwain,
Seiz'd what he durt not earn. Then brother's blood
Firf, horrid, frol't on the polluted fries.
Awful in juftice, then the burnirig youth,
35
Led by their temper'd fires, on lawlefs men,
The laft wort monfters of the fhaggy wood,
Torn'd'the keen arrow, and the flarpen'd fpear.
Then war grew glorious. Heroes then arofe; Who, fcorning coward felf, for others liv'd, Toil'd for their eafe, and for their fafety bled. ..... 40
Weft with the living day to Greece I came:
Earth fmil'd beneath my beam : the Mufe before
Sonorous flew, that low till then in woods
Had tun'd the reed, and figh'd the fhepherd's pain; But now, to fing Leroic deeds; the fivellid ..... 45

Part II.
LIBERTY.

A nobler note, and bade the banquet burn. For Greece my fons of Egypt I forfook;
A boafful race, that in the vain abyfs
Of fabling ages lov'd to lofe their fource, And with their river trac'd it from the ©kies.
While there my laws alone defpotic reign'd,
And king, as well as people, proud obey'd;
I taught them fcience, virtue, wifdom, arts;
By poets, fages, legiflators fought;
The fchool of polifh'd life, and human-kind.
But when myfterious Supertition came,
And, with her * Civil Sifter leagu'd, involv'd
In ftudy'd darknefs the defponding mind;
Then Tyrant Power the righteous fcourge unloos'd :
For yielded reafon fpeaks the foul a flave.
Inftead of ufeful works, like nature's, great,
Enormous, cruel wonders crufh'd the land;
And roųnd a tyrant's $\dagger$ tomb, who none deferv'd, For one vile carcafe perith'd countlefs lives.
'Then the great $\ddagger$ dragon, couch'd amid his floods, $\sigma_{5}$ Swell'd his fierce heart, and cry'd - " This flood is " mine,
** 'Tis I that bid it flow." ——But, undeceiv'd,
His frenzy foon the proud blafphemer felt;
Felt that, without my fertilizing power,
Suns loft their force, and Niles o'erflow'd in vain. $y^{\circ}$
Nought could retard me: nor the frugal fate
Of rifing Perfia, fober in extreme,
Beyond the pitch of man, and thence revers'd

* Civil tyramy.
+ The pyramids.
$\ddagger$ The tyrants of EgYpt.

Into luxurious wafte : nor yet the ports
Of oll Phoenicia ; firt for letters fam'd,
That paint the voice, and filent fpeak to fight, Of arts prime fource, and guardian! by fair ftars, Firft tempted out into the lonely deep ; To whom I firf difclos'd mechanic arts, The winds to conquer, to fubdue the waves,
With all the peaceful power of ruling trade;
Earneft of Britain. Nor by thefe retain'd;
Nor by the neighbouring land, whofe palmy fhore
The filver fordan laves. Before me lay
The promis'd Land of Arts, and urg'd my fight. 85
Hail Nature's utmoft boaft unrival'd Greece!
My faireft reign! where every power benign
Confpir'd to blow the flower of human-kind, And lavifh'd all that genius can infpire.
Clear funny climates, by the breezy main,
Iönian or Rigrean, temper'd kind.
Light, airy foils. A country rich, and gay;
Broke into hills with balmy odours crown'd,
And, bright with purple harveft, joyous vales.
94
Mountains, and Atreams, where verfe fpontaneous flow'd; Whence deem'd by wond'ring men the feat of god's,
And ftill the mountains and the ftreanis of fong.
All that boon Nature could luxuriant pour
Of high materials, and mr reftefs Arts
Frame into finif'd life. How many fates, 100 And cluftering towns, and monuments of fame,
And fcenes of glorious deeds, in little bounds !
From the rough tract of bending mountains, beat
By Adria's here, there by Agaan waves;
To where the deep-adorning Cyclade ifles

In fhining profpect rife, and on the fhore Of farthelt Crete refounds the Lybian main.

- O'er all two rival cities rear'd the brow, And balanc'd all. Spread on Eurotas' bank, Amid a circle of foft-rifing hills,
The patient Sparta one : the fober, hard,
And man fuubduing city; which no flape
Of pain could conquer, nor of pleafure charm.
Lycurgus there built, on the folid bafe
Of equal life, fo well a temper'd flate ;
115
Where mix'd each government, in fuch juft poife; Each power fo checking, and fupporting, each;
'That firm for ages, and unmov'd, it flood,'
The fort of Greece! without one giddy hour,
One fhock of faction, or of party-rage.
For, drain'd the fprings of we alth, corruption these
Lay wither'd at the root. Thrice happy land!
Had not neglected art, with weedy vice
Confourded, funk. But if Athenian arts
Lov'd not the foil; yet there the calm abode $18 i$
Of wiflom, virtue, philofophic eafe,
Of manly fenfe and wit, in frugal phrafe
Confin'd, and prefs'd into Laconic force.
There toc, by rooting thence fill treacherous felf,
The public and the private grew the faine.
The children of the nurfing public all;
And at its table fed, for that they toil'd,
For that they liv'd entire, and even for that
The tender mother urg'd her fon to die.
Of fofter genius, but not lefs intent
Te feize the palm of empire, Athens rote.
Where, with bright marbles big and future pomp,
D 2
* Hymettus fipread, amid the fcented fky, His thymy treafures to the labouring bee, And to botanic hand the fores of health;
Wrapt in a foul-attenuating clime,
Between + Ilifjus and Cepbifus glow'd
This hive of fcience, thedding fweets divine,
Of active arts, and animated arms.
There, päflionate for Me , an eafy-mor'd,
A quick, refin'd, a delicate, humane,
Enlighten'd people reign'd. Oft on the brink
Of ruin, harry'd by the charm of fpeech, Inforcing hatty counfel immature, Totten'd the rah democracy ; unpois'd,
And by the rage devour'd, that ever tears A populace unequal; part too rich, And part or fierce with want or abject grown. Somon, at laft, their mild reftorer, rofe:Allay'd the tempeft; to the calm of laws
Reduc'd the fettling whole ; and, with the weight
Which the $\ddagger$ two fenates to the public lent, As with an anchor fix'd the driving flate.

Nor was my forming care to thefe confin'd.
For emulation thro' the whole I' pour'd,
Noble centention! who fhould moft excel
In government well-pois'd, adjufted beft To public weal: in countries cultur'd high:.

## * A mountajn near Atbcrs.

+ Two rivers, betwixt which Albers was fituated:
$\ddagger$ The Arecpagus, or fupreme court of judicature, which Soz on retormed, and improved: and the council of Four Hundred, by him inftituted. In this council all affairs of fate were deliberated, before they came to be voted in the afembly of the reople,

In ornamented towns, where order reigns,
Frce focial life, and polif'd manners fair:
165
In exercife, and arms; arms only drawn
For common Greece, to quell the Perfian pride :
In moral fcience, and in graceful arts.
Hence, as for glory peacefully they ftrove,
The prize grew greater, and the prize of all.
By conteft brighten'd, hence the radiant youth Pour'd every beam; by generous pride inflam'd,
Felt every ardour burn : their great reward
The verdant wreath, which founding * Pifa gave.
Hence flourif'd Greece; and hence a race of, men,
As gods by confcious fiture times ador'd: $\quad 176$
In whon each virtue wore a fmiling air,
Each fcience fhed o'er life a friendly light,
Each art was nature. Spartan valour hence,
At the * fam'd pafs, firm as an inthmus flood; 180 And the whole eaftern ocean, waving far
As eye could dart its vifion, nobly check'd. Uw "fl'
While in extended battle, at the field
Of Marathon, my keen Athenians drovespy ioe 10
Before their ardent band an hoft of flaves. a 141.185
Hence through the continent ten thoufand Greeks
Urg'd a retreat, whofe glory not the prime Of viftories can reach. Deferts, in vain,
Oppos'd their courfe; and hoftile lands, unknown;
And deep rapacious floods, dire-bank'd with death ; rgo. And mountains, in whofe jaws deftruttion grin'd ; Hunger, and toil ; Armenian fnows, and forms;

* Or Olympia, the city where the Olympic games were celebrated. * The ftraits of Tbermoogle.

And circling myriads fill of barbarous foes.
Greece in their view, and glory yet untouch'd,
Their fteady:column pierc'd the fcattering herds, $195^{\circ}$
Which a whole empire pour'd ; and held its way
Triumphant, by: the *Sage-exalted Chief
Fir'd and fuftain'd. Oh light and force of mind, Almoft almighty in fevere extremes !-
The fea at laft from Colcbian mountains feen,
Kind-hearted tranfport round their captains threw
The foldiers fond embrace ; o'erflow'd their eyes. With tender floods, and loos'd the gencral voice To cries refounding loud-The fea! The fea!.

In Axtic bounds hence heroes, fages, wits, 205. Shone thick as ftars, the milky way of Greece! And tho' gay wit, and pleafing grace was theirs, All the foft modes of elegance, and eafe;
Yet was not courage lefs, the patient touch.
Of toiling art, and difquifition deep.
My Spirit pours a vigour thro' the foul,
Th' unfetter'd thought with energy infpires,
Invincible in arts, in the bright field
Of nobler fcience, as in that of arms.
Athenians thus not lefs intrepid burft 21 s
The bonds of tyrant darknefs, than they fpurn'd
The Perfian chains: white thro' the city, full
Of mirthful quarrel and of witty war,
Inceffant Atruggled tafte refining tafte,
And friendly free difcuffion; calling forth
From the fair jewe! Truth its latent ray.
O'er all flacne out the great $\dagger$ Athenian Sage,

[^2]And father of philofophy; the fun,
Erom whofe white blaze emerg'd each various fect
Took various teints, but with diminiff'd beam. 225 .
Tutor of Athens! he, in every ftreet,
Dealt pricelefs treafure : goodnefs his delight, Wiflom his wealth, and glory his reward. Deep thro' the human heart, with playful art, His fimple queftion fole ; as into truth,
And ferious deeds, he fmil'd the laughing race;
Taught moral happy life, whate'er can blefs,
Or grace mankind; and what he taught he was.
Compounded high, tho' plain, his doctrine broke In different Schools. The bold poetic phrafe 235 .
Of figur'd Peffo, Xenophon's pure ftrain,
Like the clear brook that fleals along the vale;
Diffecting truth, the Stagyrite's keen eye;
Th' exalted Store pride; the Cyn:c fneer;
The flow-confenting Academic doubt;-
And, joining blifs to virtue, the glad eafe.
Of Epicurus, feldom underftood.
They, ever candid, reafon fill oppos'd
To reafon ; and, fince virtue was their aim,
Each by fure practice try'd to prove his way
The beft. Then food untouch'd the folid bafe
Of liberty, the liberty of mind :-
For fyttems yet, and foul-enflaving creeds, Slept with the montters of fucceeding times. From prieftly darknefs fprung th' enlight'ning arts 250 Of fire, and fword, and rage, and horrid names.

O Greece! thou fapient nurfe of Finer Arts!
Which to bright Science blooming Fancy bore,
Be-this thy praife, that thou, and thou alone,
In thefe hat led the way, in thefe excell'd,
Crown'd with the laurel of affenting Time.
In thy full language, fpeaking mighty things;

Like a clear torrent clofe, or elfe diffus'd
A broad majeftic ftream, and rolling on
Thro' all the winding harmony of found:
In it the power of Eloquence, at large,
Breath'd the perfuafive or pathetic foul;
Still'd by degrees the democratic form,
Or bade it threatening rife, and tyrants fhook,
Flufh'd at the head of their victorious troops.
In it the Mus.E, her fury never quench'd,
By mean unyielding phrafe, or jarring found,
Her unconfin'd divinity difplay'd;
And, ftill harmonious, form'd it to her will:
Or foft deprefs'd it to the fhepherd's moan,
Or rais'd it fwelling to the tongue of Gods.
Heroic fong was thine; the * Fountain-Bard,
Whence each poetic ftream derives its courfe.
Thine the dread moral fcene, thy chief delight!
Where idle Fancy duff not mix her voice,
When Reafon fpoke auguft ; the fervent heart
Or plain'd, or form'd; and in th' impaffion'd man,
Concealing art with art, the poet funk.
This potent fchool of manners, but when left
To loofe negleet, a land corrupting plague, $\quad 280$ Was not unworthy deem'd of public care, And boundlefs coft, by thee; whofe every fon, Even laft mechanic, the true tafte poffefs'd Of what had flavour to the nourifh'd foul.

The fiweet enforcer of the poet's ftrain,

Thine was the meaning mufic of the heart.
Not the vain trill, that, void of pafion, runs
In giddy mazes, tickling idle ears;
But that deep-fearching voice, and artful hand, To which refpondent fhakes the varied foul.

Thy fair ideas, thy delightful forms,
By love imagin'd, by the graces touch'd, The boaft of well-pleas'd Nature! Sculpture feiz'd, And bade them ever fimile in Parian fone. Selecting Beauty's choice, and that again 295 Exalting, blending in a perfect whole,
Thy workmen left even Nature's felf behind.
From thofe far different, whofe prolific hand
Peoples a nation; they for years on years,
By the cool touches of judicious toil,
300
Their rapid genius curbing, pour'd it all
Thro' the live features of one breathing flone.
There, beaming full, it fhone; expreffing Gods:
Jove's awful brow, Apollo's air divine,
The fierce atrocious frown of finew'd Mars,
Or the fly graces of the Cyprian queen.
Minutely perfect all! Each dimple funk,
And every mufcle fwell'd, as nature taught.
In trefies, braided gay, the marble wav'd;
Flow'd in loofe robes, or thin tranfparent veils; 310
Sprung into motion; foften'd into flefh;
Was fir'd to paffion, or refin'd to foul.
Nor lefs thy Pencil, with creative touch;
Shed mimic life, when all thy brighteft dames,
Affembled, Zeuxis in his Helen mix'd.
And when Apelles, who peculiar knew
To give a grace that more than mortal fmil'd,
The foul of beauty! call'd the queen of love,

- Frefh from the billows, bluhing orient charms.Even fuch inchantment then thy pencil pour'd,320
That cricl-thoughted War th' impatient torch
Dan'त to the ground; and, rather than deftroy
The * patriot picture, let the city fcape.
Firft elder Sculpture taught her filler Art
Correct defign; where great ideas thone, ..... 325
And in the fecret trace expreflion fpoke:Taught her the graceful attitude ; the turn,And beauteous airs of head; the native act,Or bold, or eafy; and, caft free behind,The fwelling mantle's well-adjufted flow.Then the bright Mufe, their eldeft fifter, came;
And bade her follow where fhe led the way:
Eade earth, and fea, and air, in colours rife :
And copious action on the canvas glow:
Gave her gay fable; fpread invention's fore;335
Enlarg'd her view; taught compofition high,
And juft arrangement, circling round one point,
That farts to fight, binds and commands the whole.
Caught from the heavenly $M u \bar{e}$ a nobler aim,
And fcorning the foft trade of mere delight,$34^{\circ}$
O'er all thy temples, porticoes, and fchools,Heroic deeds the trac'd, and warm difplay'd
Each moral beauty to the ravifh'd eye.There, as th' imagin'd prefence of the GodArrous'd the mind, or vacant hours induc'd345

[^3]
## PartII. LIBERTY.

Calm contemplation, or affembled youth
Burn'd in ambitious circle round the fage,
The living leffon fole into the heart,
With more prevailing force than dwells in words.
Thefe roufe to glory; while, to rural life,
350
The fofter canvas oft repos'd the foul.
There gaily broke the fun-illumin'd cloud;
The lefs'ning profpect, and the mountain blue,
Vanifh'd in air; the precipice frown'd, dire;
White, down the rock, the rufhing torrent dafh'd; 355
The fun fhone, trembling, o'er the diftant main;
The tempelf foam'd, immenfe; the driving form
Sadden'd the fkies, and, from the doubling gloom,
On the fcath'd oals the ragged lightning fell;
In clofing fhades, and where the current flrays, $\quad 360$
With Peace, and Love, and Innocence around,
Pip'd the lone fhepherd to his feeding flock:
Round happy parents fmil'd their younger felves;
And friends convers'd, by death divided long.
To public virtue thus the fmiling arts,
Unblemif'd handmaids, ferv'd; the Graces they.
To drefs this faireft Venus. Thus rever'd,
And plac'd beyond the reach of fordid care,
The high awarders of immortal fame,
Alone for glory thy great mafters ftrove ;
Courted by kings, and by contending flates
Aflum'd the boatted honour of their birth.
In Architecture too thy rank fupreme!
That art where moft magnificent appears
The little builder man; by thee refin'd,
And, fmiling high, to full perfection brought.
Such thy fure rules, that Gotbs of every age,

Who fcorn'd their aid, have only loaded earth With labour'd heavy monuments of fhame. Not thofe gay domes that o'er thy fplendid fhore 380 Shot, all proportion, up. Firf unadorn'd, And nobly plain, the manly Doric rofe; Th' lonic then, with decent matron grace, Her airy pillar heav'd; luxuriant laft, The rich Corintbian Spread her wanton wreath.
The whole fo meafur'd true, fo leffen'd off By fine proportion, that the marble pile, Form'd to repel the fill or formy wafte Of rolling ages, light as fabrics look'd That from the magic wand aerial rife.

Thefe were the wonders that illumin'd Greqce,
From end to end - Here interrupting warm, Where are they now? (I cry'd), fay, Goddess, where ? And what the land thy darling thus of old? Sunk! the refum'd; deep in the kindred gloom Of Superftition, and of flavery, funk !
No glory now can touch their hearts, benumb'd

- By loofe dejected floth and fervile fear;

No fcience pierce the darknefs of their minds;
No nobler art the quick ambitious foul
Cf imitation in their breaft awake.
Even, to fupply the needful arts of life, Mechanic toil denies the hopelefs hand. Scarce any trace remaining, veflige grey, Or nodding column on the defert fhore,
To point where Corinth, or where Atbens ftood.
A faithlefs land of violence, and death !
Where Commerce parleys, dubious, on the fhore;
And his wild impulfe curious Search reftrains,

## PartII. LIBERTY.

Afraid to truft th' inhofpitable clime. 410 Neglected nature fails; in fordid want Sunk, and debas'd their beauty beams no more. The fun himfelf feems, angry, to regard, Of light unworthy, the degenerate race ; And fires them oft with peftilential rays:
While earth, blue poifon fteaming on the fikies, Indignant, fhakes them from her troubled fides. But as from man to man, Fate's firft decree, Impartial Death the tide of riches rolls, So ftates moft die and Liberty go round.

Fierce was the ftand, ere Virtue, Valour, Arts, And the foul fir'd by ME (that often, ftung With thoughts of better times and old renown,
From hydra-tyrants try'd to clear the land),
Lay quite extinct in Greece, their works effac'd 425
And grofs o'er all unfeeling bondage fpread.
Sooner I mov'd my much-reluctant fight,
Pois'd on the doubtful wing: when Greece with Greece
Embroil'd in foul contention fought no more
For common glory, and for common weal : 430
But Falfe to freedom, fought to quell the free;
Broke the firm band of Peace, and facred Love,
That lent the whole irrefragable force;
And, as around the partial trophy blufh'd,
Prepar'd the way for total overthrow.
435
Then to the Perfan power, whofe pride they fcorn'd,
When Xerxes pour'd his millions o'er the land,
Sfarta, by turns, and Atbens, vilely fu'd;
Su'd to be venal parricides, to fill
Their country's braveft blood, and on themie'ves $44^{\circ}$
Vol.if. $\quad$ E , To

To turn their matchlefs mercenary arms.

- Peaceful in Sufa, then, fat the * Great King;

And by the trick of treaties, the fill wafte
Of fly corruption, -and barbaric gold,
Effected what his fteel could ne'er perform.
Profufe he gave them the luxurious draught,
Inflaming all the land: unbalanc'd wide
Their tottering ftates; their wild affemblies zul'd,
As the winds turn at every blaft the feas:
And by their lifted orators, whofe breath
Still with a factious form infefted Greece,
Rous'd them to civil war, or dafi'd them down
' $\Gamma$ o fordid peace - + Peace! that, when Sparta fhook
Aftonifh'd Artaxerxes on his throne,
Gave up, fair-fpread o'er Afsa's funny fhore,
Their kindred cities to perpetual chains.
What could fo bafe, fo infamous a thought
In Spartan hearts infpire? Jealous, they faw
Refpiring $\ddagger$ Atbens rear again her walls;
And the pale fury fir'd them, once again $\quad 460$
To crufh this rival city to the duft.
For now no more the noble focial foul
Of Liberty my families combin'd;
But by fhort views, and felfifh paltions, broke, Dire as when friends are rankled into foes,

[^4]
## Part II. LIBERTY.

They mix'd fevere, and wag'd eternal war: Nor felt they, furious, their exhaufted force ; Nor, with falfe glory, difcord, madnefs blind, Saw how the blackening form from Tbracia came.

* Long years roll'd on, by many a battle fain'd, 470 The blufh and boaft of fame ! where courage, art, And military glory fhone fupreme:
But let detefting ages, from the fcene
Of Greece felf-mangled, turn the fickening eye. At laft, when bleeding from a thoufand wounds, 475 She felt her fpirits fail; and in the duft Her lateft heroes, Nicias, Conon, lay, Agesilaus, and the $\dagger$ Theban Friends:
The Macedonian vulture mark'd his time, By the dire fcent of $\ddagger$ Cberoncea lur'd,
And, fierce-defcending, feiz'd his haplefs prey.
Thus tame fubmitted to the vietor's yoike
Greece, once the gay, the turbulent, the bold; For every grace, and mufe, and fcience born;
With arts of war, of government, elate ; $4^{85}$.
'To tyrants dreadful, dreadful to the beft; Whom I myself could fearcely rule : and thus The Perfian fetters, that inthrall'd the mind, Were turn'd to formal and apparent chains.

Unlefs Corruption firt deject the pride,
And guardian vigour of the free-born foul, All crude attempts of Violence are vain; For firm within, and while at heart untouch'd,

* The Peloponnefian war.
$\dagger$ Pelopidas, and Epaminondas.
$\ddagger$ The battle of Cberonca, in which Phiesp of Macicon utterly defeated the Grecks.

Ne'er yet by Force was Freedon overcome. But foon as Independence floops the head, 495
To Vice enflav'd, and Vice-created Wants;
Then to fome foul corrupting band, whore wafte Thefe heighten'd wants with fatal bounty feeds : From man to man the flackening ruin runs,
Till the whole fate unnerv'd in Siavery finks. 500

## The CONTENTS of PARTIII.

AS this part contains a. defiription of the effablifoment of Liberty in Rome, it begins with a vierw of the Grecian colonies fettled in tho fouthern parts of Italy, which switb Sicily confituted the Great Greece of the ancients. With thefe colonies the firit of Liberty, and of republics, $\int$ preads over Italy; to ver. 32. Tranfition to Pythagoras and bis pbilofopby, wowich be taught through thofe free faies and cities; to ver. 71. Amidf the many fmall republics in Italy, Rome the defined feat of Liberty. Her effablyfoment there dated froms the expulfon of the Tarquins. How differing from that in Greece ; to ver. 88. Reference to a zieru of the Roman Republic gizen in the firft part of this poem: to mark its rife and fall the peculiar furport of this. Du. ring its, firft ages, the greateft force of Liberty, and Virtue, exerted; to ver. 103. The fource rubence derived the heroic virtues of the Romans. Enumeration of thefe virtues. Thence their fecurity at home; their glory, fuccefs, and empire, abrcad; to ver. 226. Bounds of the Roman empire geographically defcrited; to ver. 257..Tht fates of Greece refiored to Liberty, by Titus Quintus Raminius, the bigheft infance of public generofty and beneficence; to ver. 328.. The lofs of Lieerty in Rome. Its caufes, progrefs, and completion in the death of Brutus; to ver. 485 . Rome under the emperors; to ver. 513 . From Rome the Goddess of Liberty goes among the Northern Nations; where, by infufing into them leer firit and general principles, sHE lays. the ground-woork of ber futuire eflablifpments; fend, themsin vengeance on the Roman empire, now totally enflaved; and then, with Arts and Sciences in her train, quits earth during the dark ages; to ver. 550. The celefial regians, to which LIBERTTY relired, not proper to be opened to the vieru of mortals.

## R O M E:

Being the THIRD PART of

# L I B E R T Y, 

A
P O E M.


## LI B. E R T.

P A R T II.
LEre melting mix'd with air th' ideal forms,
1 That painted fill. whate'er the Goddess fung.
Then I, impatient. - "From extinguifh'd Greece,
"To what new region ftream'd the human day?"
She foftly fighing, as when Zephir leaves,
Refign'd to Boreas, the declining year,
Refum'd. - Indignant, thefe * laft feenes I fled;
And long ere then, Leucadia's cloudy cliff,
And the Ceraunian hills behind me thrown, All Latium food arrous'd. Ages before, $1 a$ Great mother of republics! Greece had pour'd,

* The laft fruggles of Liberty in Grezce,

Swarm after fwarm, her ardent youth around.
On Afia, Afric, Sicily, they floop'd,
But chief on fair Hesperia's winding fhore; Where, from * Lacinium to Etrurian vales,
They roll'd increafing colonies along,
And lent materials for my Roman Reign. . With them my fpirit fpread; and numerous fates,
And cities rofe, on Grecian models form'd;
As its parental policy, and arts,
Each had imbib'd. Befides, to each affign'd.
A guardian genius, o'er the public weal,
Kept an unclofing eye; try'd to fuftain,
Or more fublime, the foul infus'd by $M E$ :
And ftrong the battle rofe, with various wave,
Againft the tyrant demons of the land.
Thus they their little wars and triumphs knew;
Their flows of fortune, and recedigg times,
But almoft all below the proud regard
Of fory vow'd to Rome, on deeds intent:
That Truth beyond the flight of. Fable bore.
Not fo the + -Samian. Sage; to him belongs.
The brighteft witnefs of recording fame.
For thefe free flates his native $\ddagger$ ille forfook,
And a vain tyrant's tranfitory fmile,
35.

He fought Crotona's pure falubrious air, And thro' $\|_{1}$.Great Greece his gentle wifdom taught ${ }_{2}=$ Wifdom that calm'd for + liftening years the mind,

* A promontory in Calabria.
$\dagger$ Pythagoras.
$\ddagger$ Samos, over which then reigned the tyrant Polycr.ates.
II The fouthern parts of Italy and Sicily, fo called becaute of the Grecian colonies there fettled.
$t$ His fchelars wore injoined filence for five years.

Nor never heard amid the florm of zeal. His mental eye firt launch'd in to the deeps
Of boundlefs ether; where unnumber'd orbs,
Myriads on myriads, thro' the pathlefs Rky
Unerring roll, and wind their fleady way.
There he the full confenting choir beheld ;
There firft difcern'd the fecret band of love,
The kind attraction, that to central funs
Binds circling earths, and world with world anites.
Infructed thence, he great ideas form'd
Of the whole-moving, all-informing God,
The fun of beings ! beaming unconfin'd
Light, life, and love, and ever active power:-
Whom nought can image, and who beft approves
The filent worhip of the moral heart,
That joys in bounteous heaven, and fpreads the joy.
Nor fcorn'd the foaring fage to floop to life,
And bound his reafon to the fphere of man. He gave the four yet * reigning virtues name;
Infpir'd the fludy of the finer arts,
That civilize mankind, and laws devis'd
Where with enlighten'd juffice mercy mix'd.
He even, into his tender fytem, took
Whatever fhares the brotherhood of life::
He taught that life's indiffoluble flame,
From brute to man, and man to bruté again,
For ever fhiftuing, runs th' eternal round;
Thence try'd againft the blood-polluted meal,
And limbs yet quivering with fome kindred foul, To turn the human heart. Delighfful truth !

[^5]
## Part III.

Had he beheld the living chain afcend, And not a circling form but rifing whole.

Amid thefe fmall republics one arofe, On yellow Tyber's bank, almighty Rome, Fated for ME. A nobler fpirit warm'd
Her fons; and, rous'd by tyrants, nobler fill It burn'd in Brutus; the proud Tarquins chas'd, 75 With all their crimes; bade radiant æras rife, And the long honours of the Conful-line.

Here from the fairer, not the greater, plan Of Greece I vary'd; whofe unmixing fates, By the keen foul of emulation pierc'd, 80
Long wag'd alone the bloodlefs war of arts,'
And their beft empire gain'd. But to diffufe
O'er men an empire was my purpafe now :
To let my martial majefty abroad;
Into the vortex of one flate to draw.
The whole mix'd force, and liberty, on earth ;
To conquer tyrants, and fet nations free.
Already have I given, with flying touch;
A broken view of this my ampleft reign.
Now, while its firf, laft, periods you furvey,
Mark how it lab'ring rofe, and rapid fell.
When Rome in noon-tide empire grafp'd the world, And, foon as her refiftlefs legions thone, The nations froop'd around ; tho' then appear'd
Her grandeur moft, yet in her dawn of power,
By many a jealous equal people prefs'd,
Then was the toil, the mighty fruggle then :
Then for each Roman I an hero told; And every paffing fun, and Latian feene,
Saw patriot virtues then; and awful deeds,

100:
That

That or furpafs the faith of modern times, Or, if believ'd, with facred horror ftrike.
For then, to prove my moft exalted power, I to the point of full perfection pufh'd,
To fondnefs, and enthufiaftic zeal,
The great, the reigning paffion of the free.
That godlike paffion ! which, the bounds of felf
Divinely burfting, the whole public takes
Into the heart, enlarg'd, and burning high
With the mix'd ardour of unnumber'd felves;
Of all who fafe beneath the voted laws
Of the fame parent flate, fraternal, live:
From this kind fun of moral nature flow'd
Virtues, that fhine the light of human-kind,
And, ray'd thro': fory'; warm remoteft time.
Thefe virtues too, reflected to their fource,
Increas'd its flarne. The focial charm went round,
The fair idea, more attractive fill,
As more by virtue mark'd; till Romanis, all
One band of friends, unconquerable grew.
Hence, when their Country rais'd her plaintive voice, The voice of pleading Nature was not heard;
And in their hearits the fathers throbb'd no more :
Stern to themfeives, but gentle to the whole.
Hence fweetned Pain, the luxury of toil;
Patience, that baffled fortune's utmoft rage ;
High-minded Hope, which at the loweft ebb, When Brennus conquer'd, and when Canne bled,
The braveft impulfe felt, and fcorn'd defpair.
Hence Moderation a new conqueft gain'd ;
As on the vanquif'd, like defcending heaven,
Their dewy mercy dropp'd, their bounty beam'd,

And by the labouring hand were crowns beftow'd.
Fruitful of men, hence hard laborious life $\mathrm{i}_{\text {: }}$
Which no fatigue can quell, no feafon pierce. 1 135
Hence, Independence, with his little pleas'd
Serene, and felf-fufficient, like a God;
In whom Corruption could not lodge one charm,
While he his honeft roots to gold preferr'd;
While truly rich, and by his Sabine field, as 140
The man maintain'd, the Roman fplendour all
Was in the public wealth and glory plac'd:
Or ready, a rough fwain, to guide the plough;
Or elfe, the purple o'er his fhoulder thrown,
In long majeftic flow, to rule the ftate,
With Wifdom's pureft eye ; or, clad in fteel,
To drive the fteady battle on the foe.
Hence every paffion, even the proudeft, ftoop'd,
To common-good: Camillus, thy revenge;
Thy glory, Fabius. All fubmifive hence,
Confuls, Dictators, ftill refign'd their.rule,
The very moment that the laws ordain'd.
Tho' Conqueft o'er them clapp'd her eagle-wings,
Her laurels wreath'd, and yok'd her fnowy fteeds
To the triumphal car ; foon as expir'd
The latef hour of fway, taught to fubmit,
(A harder leffon that than to command),
Into the private Roman funk the chief.
If Rome was ferv'd, and glorious, carelefs they
By whom. Their country's fame they deem'd their own ;

160
And above envy, in a rival's train,
Sung the loud lös by themfelves deferv'd.
Hence matchlefs courage. On Cremera's bank,

Hence fell the Fabil; hence the Dechi dy'd; And Curtius plung'd into the flaming gulf.
Hence Regulus the wavering fathers firm'd, By dreadful counfel never given before;
For Roman honour fu'd, and his own doom. Hence he fuftain'd to dare a death prepar'd By Punic rage. On earth his manly look
Relentlefs fix'd, he from a laft embrace,
By chains polluted, put his wife afide, His little children climbing for a kifs;
'Then dumb thro' rows of weeping wondering friends,
A new illuftrious exile! prefs'd along.
Nor lefs impatient did he pierce the crouds
Oppofing his return, than if, efcap'd
From long litigions fuits, he glad forfook
The noily town a while and city-cloud,
To breathe Venafrian, or Tarentine air.
Need I thefe high particulars recount?
The meaneft bofom felt a thirft for fame;
Flight their wort death, and flame their only fear.
Life had no charms, nor any terrors fate,
When Rome and Glory call'd. But, in one view, 18,5
Mark the rare boaft of thefe unequall'd times.
Ages revolv'd unfully'd by a crime:
Afrea reign'd, and fcarcely needed laws
To bind a race elated with the pride
Of virtue, and difdaining to defeend
To meannefs, mutual violence, and wrongs. While war around them rag'd, in happy Rome All peaceful fmil'd, all fave the paffing clouds That, often hang on Freedom's jealous brow;
And fair unblemin'd centuries elaps'd,

When not a Roman bled but in the feld. Their virtue fuch, that an unbalanc'd fate, Still between noble and plebeian tofs'd, As flow'd the wave of flucluating power, Was thence kept firm, and with triumphant prow 200 Rode out the forms. Oft tho' the native feuds, That from the firft their conflitution fhook,
(A latent ruin, growing as it grew),
Stood on the threat'ning point of civil war
Ready to rufh : yet could the lenient voice
Of Wifdom, foothing the tumaltuous foul,
Thofe fons of vistue calm. Their generous hearts,
Unpetrify'd by Self, fo naked lay
And fenfible to Truth, that o'er the rage Of giddy faction, by oppreffion fwell'd,
Prevail'd a fimple fable, and at once To peace recover'd the divided ftate. But if their often-cheated hopes refus'd
The foothing touch ; fill, in the love of Rome,
The dread Dietator found a fure refource.
Was fhe affaulted? was her glory ftain'd?
One common quarrel wide inflam'd the whole.
Foes in the forum in the field were friends, By focial danger bound ; each fond for each, And for their deareft country all, to die.

Thus up the hill of empire flow they toild :
'Till, the bold fummit gain'd, the thoufand flates
Of proud Iralia blended into one;
Then o'er the nations they refiflefs rufh'd,
And touch'd the limits of the failing world.
Let Fancy's eye the diftant lines unite.
See that which borders wild the weftern main,
Vol. II,
F

Where ftorms at large refound, and tides immenfe : From Caledonia's dim cærulean coaft, And moift Hilernia, to where Allas, lodg'd
Amid the reflefs clouds and leaning heaven, Hangs o'er the deep that borrows thence its name.
'Mark that oppos'd, where firft the fpringing morn
Her rofes iheds, and thakes around her dews:
From the dire deferts by the Cafpian lav'd,
To where the Tigris and Euphrates, join'd, Irpetuous tear the Babylonian plain;
And blefs'd Arabia aromatic breathes.
See that dividing far the wat'ry north,
Parent of floods! from the majeftic Rbine,
Drusk by Batavian meads, to where, feven-mouth'd,
In Euxise waves the flafhing Danube roars;
${ }^{4} T o$ where the frozen Tanais fcarcely ftirs
The dead Meosic pool, or the long * Rba,
In the black $+S_{\text {cyibian }}$ fea his torrent throws.
Laft, that beneath the burning zone behold.
See where it runs, from the deep-loaded plains
Of Mauritania to the Lybian fands,
Where Ammon lifts amid the torrid wafte
A verdant ine, with fhade and fountain frefh;
And farther to the full Egyptian fhore, To where the Nile from Etbiofian clouds, His never-drain'd ethereal urn, defcends.
In this vaft face what various tongues, and fates!
What bounding rocks, and mountains, floods, and feas!
What purple tyrants quell'd, and nations freed! 256
O'er Greece defcended chief, with fealth divine,

[^6]$+\mathrm{Tb}=$ Cajfian Jea.

## Part III. LI B ERTY.

The Roman bounty in a flood of day:
As at her 1 fiomian games, a fading pomp! Her full-affembled youth innumerous fivarm'd. 260
On a tribunal rais'd Flaminius fat;
A victor he, from the deep phalanx pierc'd
Of iron-coated Macedon, and back
The Grccian * tyrant to tis bounds repell'd. In the high thoughtlefs gaiely of game, 265
While fport alone their unambitious hearts Poffers'd ; the fudden trumpet, founding hoarfe, Bade filence o'er the bright afferr.bly reign.' Then thus a herald.-"To the fates of Greece
"The Roman People, unconfin'd, reftore 270
" Their countries, cities, liberties, and laws:
"Taxes remit, and garrifons withdraw."
The croud aftonith'd half, and half inform'd,
Star'd dubious round ; fome queftion'd, fome exclaim'd,
(Like one who dreaning, between hope and fear, 275 ,
Is lof in anxious joy), Be that again,
Be that again proclaim'd, diftinet, and loud.
Loud, and difinct, it was again proclaim'd;
And ftill as midnight in the rural fhade,
When the gale flumbers, they the words devour'd. 280
A while fevere amazement held them nute,
Then, burfing broad, the boundlefs fhout to heaven
From many a thoufand hearts ecflatic fprung.
On every hand rebellow'd to their joy
The fwelling fea, the rocks, and vocal hills:
Thro' all her turrets ftately + Corinth fhook; -
And, from the void above of fhatter'd air,

* The king of Macedonia.
$\dagger$ The Iflimian games were celebrated at Corimb.

The flitting bird fell breathlefs to the ground.
What piercing blifs! how keen a fenfe of fame,
Did then, Flaminius, reach thy inmof foul? 290 :
And with what deep-felt glory didft thou then Efcape the fondnefs of tranfported Greece ?
Mix'd in a tempeft of fuperior joy,
They left the fports; like Bacchanals they-flew,
Each other Atraining in a frict embrace,
Nor ftrain'd a flave; and loud acclaims till night
Round the Proconful's tent repeated rung.
Then, crown'd with garlands, came the feftive hours;
And mufic, fparkling wine, and converfe warm, 299
Their raptures wak'd anew. -"Ye Gods !" they cry'da.
"Ye guardian Gods of Greece! And are we free?
"Was it not madnefs deem'd the very thought ?
"And is it true? How did we purchafe chains?.
"At what a dire expenfe of kindred blood ?
"And are they now difolv'd? and fcarce one drop
"For the fair firtt of bleffings have we paid? 306
" Courage, and conduct, in the doubtful field,
" When rages wide the ftorm of mingling war,
"Are rare indeed; but how to generous ends
"To turn fuccees, and conqueft, rarer ftill :
" That the great Gods and Romans only know.
" Lives there on earth, almoft to Greece unknown,
"A people fo magnanimous, to quit
"Their native foil, traverfe the formy deep,
" And by their blood and treafure, fpent for us,
315
" Redeem our ftates, our liberties, and laws!
" There does! there does! Oh Saviour T!tus! Rome!"
'Thus thro' the happy night they pour'd their fouls, And in my latt reflected beams rejoic'd.

Fart III: L I B E R T Y: 65
As when the fhepherd, on the mountain-brow, 320. Sits piping to his flocks, and gamefome kids; Mean-time the fun, beneath the green earth funk, Slants upward o'er the fcene a paiting gleam:
Short is the glory that the mountain gilds, Plays on the glitt'ring flocks, and glads the fivain; 325 To weftern worlds irrevocable roll'd, Rapid, the fource of light recalls his ray. Here interpofing I.-"Oh Queen of men!
" Beneath whofe fceptre in effential rights
" Equal they live ; tho' plac'd, for common good, 330
" Various, or in fubjection or cominand;
" And that by conmon choice : alas! the feene,
" With virtue, freedom, and with glory bright,
"Streams into blood, and darkens into wo."
Thus she purfu'd.-Near this great æra, Rome 335
Began to feel the fwift approach of fate, That now her vitals gain'd : ftill more and more Her deep divifions kindling into rage,
And war with chains and defolation cbarg'd. From an unequal balance of her fons
Thefe fierce contentions fprung; and, as increas'd This hated inequality, more fierce They flam'd to tumult. Independence fail'd; Kere by luxurious wants, by real there; And with this virtue every virtae funk, As, with the fliding rock, the pile fuftain'd. A laft attempt, too late, the Gracchi made, To fix the flying fcale, and poife the ftate. On one fide fwell'd Arifocratic pride; With Ufury, the villain! whofe fell gripe
Lends by degrees to bafenefs the free foul;

And Luxury rapacious, cruel, mean, Mother of vice! While on the other crept A populace in want, with pleafure fir'd; Fit for profcriptions, for the darkent deeds,
As the proud feeder bade; inconftant, blind, Deferting friends at need, and dup'd by foes; Lour and feditious, when a chief infpir'd Their headlong fury, but, of him depriv'd, Already flaves that lick'd the fcourging hand.

This firm republic, that againft the blaft
Of oppofition rofe; that (like an oak,
Nurs'd on feracious Algiaum, whofe boughs
Still fronger fhoot beneath the rigid axe) By lofs; by flaughter, from the fteel itfelf,
Even force and fpirit drew; finit with the calm,
The dead ferene of profperous fortune, pin'd.
Nought now her weighty legions could oppore;
Her * terror once, on Afric's tawny thore,
Now fmok'd in duf, a flabling now for wolves; 370
And every dreaded power receiv'd the yoke.
Befides, deftructive, from the conquer'd Eaft,
In the foft plunder came that worft of plagues,
'That peftilence of mind, a fever'd thirtt
For the falfe joys which Luxury prepares.
Unworthy joys! that wafteful leave behind
No mark of honour, in reflecting hour,
No fecret ray to glad the confcious foul;
At once involving in one ruin wealth,
And wealth-acquiring powers: while flupid Self, 380 Of narrow guft, and hebetating fenfe
Devour the nubler faculties of blifs.

## Hart III.

Hence Roman, virtue flacken'd into floth ;
Security relax'd the foft'ning ftate ;
And the broad eye of government lay clos'd.
385
No more the laws inviolable reign'd,
And public weal no more : but party rag'd; And partial power, and licence unreftrain'd,
Let Difcord thro' the deathful city loofe.
Firt, mild * Tiberius, on thy facred head $390^{\circ}$
The fury's vengeance fell ; the firt, whofe blood
Had fince the confüls ftain'd contending Rome.
Of precedent pernicious! With thee bled
Three hundred Romans; with thy brother, next,
Three thoufand more : till, into battles turn'd " 395
Debates of peace, and forc'd the trembling laws,
The forum and comitia horrid grew,
A fcene of barter'd power, or reeking gore,
When, half-afham'd, Corruption's thievihh arts,
And ruffian Force begin to fap the mounds. 400. And majefty of laws; if not in time:
Reprefs'd fevere, for human aid too ftrong.'
The torrent turns, and overbears the whole.
Thus Luxury, Diffenfion, a mix'd rage.
Of boundlefs Pleafure and of boundlefs Wealth, 495
Want wifhing Change, and Wafte repairing War,
Rapine for ever lof to peaceful toil,
Guilt unaton'd, profure of blood Revenge,
Corruption all avow'd, and lawlefs Force,
Each height'ning each, alternate fhook the fate. 410 Mean-time Ambition, at the dazzling head Of hardy legions, with the laurels eap'd
And fpoil of nations, in one circling blaft

Combin'd in various ftorm, and from its bafe
The broad Republic tore. By Virtue built
It touch'd the fkies, and fpread o'er Melter'd earth
An ample roof: by Virtue too fuftain'd,
And balanc'd fteady, every tempeft fung
Innoxious by, or bade it firmer ftand.
But when, with fudden and enormous change,
The firft of mankind funk into the laft,
As once in virtue, fo in vice extreme,
This univerfal fabric yielded loofe,
Before Ambition fill; and thindering down,
At laft, beneath its ruins crufh'd a world.
A conquering people, to themfelves a prey,
Muft ever fall; when their vitorious troops,
In blood and rapine favage grown, can fird
No land to fack and pillage but their oun.
By brutal Marius, and keen Sylia, firft
Effus'd the deluge dire of civil blood,
Unceafing woes began, and this, or that,
(Deep-drenching their revenge), nor virtue fpar'd,
Nor fex, nor age, nor quality, nor name;
Till Rome, into an human fhambles turn'd,
Made deferts lovely. - Oh to well-earn'd chains
Devoted race ! - If no true Roman then,
No Scemvola there was, to raife for me
A vengeful hand: was there no father, robb'd
Of blooming youth to prop hir wither'd age?
No fon, a witnefs to his hoary fire
In duft and gore defil'd? No friend, forlorn?
No wretch, that doubtful trembled for himfelf?
None brave, or wild, to pierce a monfter's heart,
Who, heaping horror round, no more deferv'd 445

## Part III. L I B E R TiY.

The facred fhelter of the laws he fpurn'd ?
No. Sad o'er all profound dejection fat;
And nervelefs fear. The flave's afylum theirs :
Or fight, ill-judging, that the timid back
Turns weak to flaughter; or partaken guilt. 450
In vain from Sxlla's vanity I drew
An unexampled deed. The power refign'd,
And all unbop'd the commonwealth reftor'ds.
Amaz'd the public, and-efac'd his crimes.
Thro' freets yet ftreaming from his murderous hand
Unarm'd he ftray'd, unguarded, unffail'd,
And on the bed of peace his afhes laid;
A grace, which I to his cemifion gave.
But with him dy'd not the defpotic foul.
Ambition faw that flooping Romé could bear 460 ,
A Master, nor bad Wirtue-to be free.
Hence, for fucceeding years, my troubled reign-
No certain peace, no fpreading profpect knew.
Deftruction gather'd round. Still the black foul;
Or of a Catiline, or * Rullus, fwell'd.
465
With fell defigns : and all the watchful art
Of Cicero demanded, all the force,
All the ftate-wielding magic of his tongue;
And all the thunder of my Cato's zeal.
With thefe I linger'd ; till the flame anew
Burft out in blaze immenfe, and wrapt the world.
The fhameful conteft fprung ; to whom markind
Should yield the neck : to Pompey, who conceal'd
A rage impatient of an equal name;

* Pub, Servilius Rullus, tribune of the people, propofed an Agrarian Law, in appearance very ad vantageous for the people, but deftructive of their liberty; and which was defeated by the cloquence of Cicero, in his feeech againt Rulius...

Or to the nobler Cresar, on whofe brow
O'er daring vice deluding virtue finil'd,
And who:no lefs a vain fuperior fcorn'd.
Both bled, but bled in vain. New traitors rofe.
The reenal will be bought, the bafe bave lords.
To thefe vile wars I left ainbitious naves;
And from Pbilippi's field, from where in duft
The laft of Romans; matchlefs Brutus! lay,
Spread to the north untam'd a rapid wing.
What tho' the firt fmooth Cessars arts carefs'd,
Merit, and virtue, fimulating ME ?
Severely tender! cruelly humane!
The chain to clinch, and make it fofter fit
On the new-broken fill ferocious fate.
Fròm the dark * Tbird, fucceeding, I beheld 'Th' imperial monfters all. - A race on earth
Vindictive fent, the fcourge of human-kind!
Whofe blind profufion drain'd a bankrupt world;
Whofe luft to forming nature feems difgrace;
And whofe infernal rage bade every drop
Of ancient blood, that yet retain'd my flame,
To that of + Pertus, in the peaceful bath,
Or Rome's affrighted ftreets, inglorious flow.
But almoft jutt the meanly-patient death,
That waits a tyrant's unprevented flroke.
Titus indeed gave one fhort evening gleam; 500.
More cordial felt, as in the midt it fpread

## * Tiberius.

t Thraseapatus, put to death by Nero. Tacitue introduces the account he gives of his death thus. - "After having " inhumanly flaughtered fo many illuftious men, he (Nero) burn"ed at latt with a defire of cutting oft virtue itfelf in the perfon of "Turasza," ged.

## Prat III. L I B ERTY:

Of form, and horror. The delight of men!
He who the day, when his o'erflowing hand
Had made no happy heart, concluded loft;
Trajan and ae, with the mild* Sire and Son, 505
His fon of virtue! eas'd a while mankind;
And Arts reviv'd beneath their gentle beam.
Then was their laft effort : what Sculpture rais'd
To Trajan's glory, following triumphs ftole;
And mix'd with Gothic forms, (the chiffel's fhame), 510
On that triumphal $\dagger$ arch, the forms of Greece.
Mean-time o'er rocky $T$ brace, and the deep vales
Of gelid Hamus, I purfu'd my flight;
And, piercing fartheft Scythia, weftward fwept
$\ddagger$ Sarmatia, travers'd by a thoufand ftreams. 515
A fullen land of lakes, and fens immenfe,
Of rocks, refounding torrents, gloomy heaths,
And cruel deferts black with founding pine;
Where nature frowns : tho' fometimes into fmiles.
She foftens; and immediate, at the touch
Of fouthern gales, throws from the fudden glebe
Luxuriant pafture, and a wafte of flowers.
But, cold-comprefs'd, when the whole loaded heaven it Defcends in fnow, loft in one white abrupt, Lies undiftinguifh'd earth; and, feiz'd by froft, : 525 Lakes, headlong ftreams, and foods, and oceans fleep: Yet there life glows; the furry millions there Deep-dig their dens beneath the fhelt'ring fnows:

[^7]And there a race of men prolific fwarms, To various pain, to little pleafure us'd;
On whom, keen-parching, beat Riphaan winds;
Hard like their foil,, and like their climate fierce;
The nurfery of nations !-Thefe I rous'd,
Drove land on land, on people people pour'd;
Till from almont perpetual night they broke,
As if in fearch of day; and o'er the banks
Of yielding empire, only flave-fuftain'd,
Refiftlefs rag' $d$, in vengeance urg'd by me.
Long in the barbarous heart the bury'd feeds
Of Freedom lay, for many a wint'ry age;
And tho' my (pirit work'd, by how degrees, Nought but its pride and fiercenefs yet appear'd.
Then was the night of time, that parted worlds.
I quitted earth the while. As when the tribes
Aërial, warn'd of rifing winter, ride
Autumnal winds, to warmer climates borne;
So, Arts and each good Genius in my train, I cut the clofing gloom, and foar'd to heaven.

In the bright regions there of pureft day,
Far other fcenes, and palaces, arife,
Adorn'd profufe with other arts divine.
All beauty here below, to them compar'd, Would, like a rofe before the mid-day fun, Shrink up its bloffom; like a bubble break The paffing poor magnificence of kings.
For there the King of Nature, in full blaze, Calls every fplendoar forth; and there his court Amid ætherial powers, and virtues, holds :
Angel, archangel, tutelary gods,
Of cities, nations, empires, and of worlds.
Part III. L I B E R T Y. ..... 73
But facred be the veil, that kindly cloudsA light too keen for mortals; wraps a viewToo foft'ning fair, for thofe that here in duftMuft cheerful toil out their appointed years.A fenfe of higher life would only damp565
The fchoolboy's tafk, and fpoil his playful hours. Nor could the child of Reafon, feeble man, With vigour through this infant being drudge;
Did brighter worlds, their unimagin'd blifs Difolofing, dazzle and difolve his mind.570

[^8]The

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## B R I T A I N:

Being the FOURTH PART of
L I B E R T Y,

A
P O E M.


## LI B E R T Y.

$$
\mathrm{P} A \mathrm{R} \mathrm{~T} \text { IV. }
$$

$\mathrm{S}^{\text {Truck with the rifing feene, thus } \mathrm{I} \text { amaz'd. }}$ S Ah, GodDEss, what a change! !s earth the " fame?
"Of the fame kind the ruthlefs race fhe feeds?
" And does the fame fair fun, and æther fpread
"Round this vile fpot their all-enliv'ning foul ?
"Lo! beauty fails; loft in unlovely forms
" Of little pomp, magnificence no more
"Exalts the mind, and bids the public fmile:
"While to rapacious intereft Glory leaves
" Mankind, and every grace of life is gone." To this the Power, whofe vital radiance calls.

From the brute mafs of man an order'd world.
"Wait till the morning fhines, and from the depth-
"Of Gotbic darknefs fprings another day.
" True, Genius droops; the tender ancient tafle
"Of Beauty, then frefh-blooming in her prime,
" But faintly trembles thro' the callous foul;.
"And Grandeur, or of morals, or of life,
"Sinks into fafe purfuits, and creeping cares.
" Even cautious Virtue feems to ftoop her flight, 20
"And aged life to deem the generous deeds
" Of youth romantic. Yet in cooler thought
'c Well-reafon'd, in refearches piercing deep
" Thro' nature's works, in profitable arts,
" And all that calm Experience can difclofe,
" (Slow guide, but fure), behold the world anew
" Exalted rife, with other honours crown'd;
" And, where my Spirit wakes the finer powers,
"Atbenian laurels fill afrefh fhall blocm."
Oblivjous ages pafs'd ; while earth, forfook
By her beft Genii, lay to Demons foul, And unchain'd Furies, an abandon'd prey. Contention led the van; firt fmall of fize, But foon dilating to the fkies fhe tow'rs :
Then, wide as air, the livid Fury fpread,
And high her head above the formy clouds, She blaz'd in omens, fwell'd the groaning winds
With wild furmifes, battlings, founds of war:
Fiom land to land the madd'ning trumpet blew, And pour'd her venom thro' the heart of man.
Shook to the pole, the North obey'd her call.
Forth ruff'd the bloody Poiver of Gothic. War,
War againt human-kind: Rapine, that led

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77
Millions of raging robbers in his train :
Unlif'ning, barbarous Force, to whom the fiword 45
Is reafon, honour, law : the Foe of Arts
By monfters follow'd, hideous to behold,
That claim'd their place. Outrageous mix'd with there Another fpecies of * tyrannic rule,
Unknown before, whofe cancrous fhackles feiz'd 50
'Th' envenom'd foul; a wilder Fury, she
Even o'er her $\dagger$ Eeder Sister tyranniz'd;:
Or, if perchance agreed, inflam'd her rage.
Dire was her train, and loud: the Sable Band,
Thund'ring,-" Submit, ye Laity ! ye profane!
55.
" Earth is the Lord's, and therefore ours; let kings:
" Allow the common claim, and half be theirs;
" If not, tehold! the facred lightning fies:"
Scholastic Discord, with an hundred tongues,
For fcience uttering jangling words obfcure,
Go.
Where frighted Reafon never yet could dwell:
Of peremptory feature, Cleric Pride,
Whofe redd'ning cheek no contradiction bears;
And Holy Slander, his affociate firm,
On whom the Lying Spirit fill defeends:
Mother of tortures! Persecuting Zeal, High flafhing in her hand the ready torch, Or ponyard bath'd in unbelieving blood; Hell's fierceft fiend! of faintly brow demure, Affuming a celefial feraph's name,
While fhe beneath the blafphemous pretence Of pleafing Parenit Heaven, the fource of love!
Has wrought more horrors, more detefted deeds,

* Church-power, or ecclefiatical tyrarny.
t. Civil tyranny.

Than all the reft combin'd. Led on by her,
And wild of head to work her fell defigns,

## Came idiot Superstition; round with ears

Innumerous ftrow'd, ten thoufand monkifh forms
With legends ply'd them, and with tenets, meant
To charm or fcare the fimple into flaves,
And poifon reafon; grofs, fhe fwallows all,
The moft abfurd believing ever mof.
Broad o'er the whole her univerfal night,
The gloom ftill doubling, Ignozance diffus'd.
Nought to be feen, but vifionary monks
To councils ftrolling, and emibroiling creeds;

* Banditti faints, difturbing diflant lands; And unknown nations; wand'ring for a home. All lay revers'd: the facred arts of rule. 'Turn'd to flagitious leagues againft mankind, And arts of plunder more and more avow'd;
$\dagger$ Pure plain Devotion to a folemn farce;:
To holy dotage Virtue, even to guile, To murler, and a mockery of oaths ; Brave ancient Freedom to the $\ddagger$ rage of flaves, Proud of their fate, and fighting for their chains; 95 .
Difhonour'd Courage to the || bravo's trade,
To civil broil ; and Glory to romance.
Thus human life unhing'd to ruin reel'd,
And giddy Reafon totter'd on her throne.
At laft Heaven's beft inexplicabie fcheme, - 100
Diclofing, bade new bright'ning æras fmile.
* Crufades.
$\dagger$ The corruptions of the church of Romie.
$\pm$ Vaffalage, whence the attachnient of clans to their chief.
|| Duelling.

The high command gone forth, ArTs in my train, And azure-mantled Scres̃ce, fivift we fipread. A founding pinion. Eager Pity, mix'd With indignation, urg'd her downward flight: 105 On Latium firt we floop'd, for doubtful life. That panted, funk beneath unnumber'd.woes. Ah poor Italia! what a bitter cup.
Of vengeance haft thou drain'd? Gotbs, Vanaals, Hunss. Lomblards, barbarians broke from every land, $\quad 110$ How many a rufian form haft thou beheld ?
What herrid jargons heard, where rase alone-
Was all thy frighted ear.could comprehend?
How frequent-by the red inhuman hand,.
Yet warm with brother's, hurband's, father's blood, 115 -
Haft thou thy matrons and thy virgins feen
To violation dragg'd, and mingled death ?
What conflagrations, earthquakes, ravage, floods,
Have turn'd thy cities into fony wilds;
And fuccourlefs, and bare, the poor remains 120
Of wretches forth to nature's common caft ?
Added to thefe, the flill continual wafte Of * inbred foes, that on thy vitals prey,
And, double tyrants, feize the very foul.
Where hadft thou treafures for this rapine all?, 125 Thefe hungry. myriads,. that thy bowels tore,
Heap'd fack on fack, and bury'd in their rage
Wonders of art; whence this grey. fcene a inine
Of more than gold becomes and orient gems,
Where Egypt, Greece, and Rome united glow. 130

> Here Sculpture, Painting, Architecture, bent

* The hierarchy.

From ancient models to reftore their arts, Remain'd. A little trace we how they rofe. Amid the hoary ruins Sculpture firft,
Deep-digging, from the cavern dark and damp, $\quad 35$
Their grave for ages, bid her marble race
Spring to new light. Joy fparkled in her eyes,
And old remembrance thrill'd in every thought,
As fhe the pleafing refurrection faw.
In leaning fite, refpiring from his toils,
The well-known * hero, who deliver'd Greece,
His ample cheft, all tempefted with force,
Unconquerable rear'd. She faw the head,
Breathing the hero, fmall, of Grecian fize,
Scarce more extenfive than the finewy neck;
The fpreading fhoulders, mufcular, and broad;
The whole a mafs of fwelling finews, touch'd
Into harmonious fhape ; fhe faw, and joy'd.
The yellow hunter, Meleager, rais'd
His beauteous front, and thro' the finifh'd whole 150
Shows what ideas fmil'd of old in Greece.
Of raging afpect, rufh'd impetuous forth:
The + gladiator. Pitylefs his look,
And each keen finew brac'd, the form of war,
Ruffing, o'er all his nervous body frowns.
The $\ddagger$ dying other from the gloom the drew.
Supported on his fhort'ned arm he leans,
Prone, agonizing; with incumbent fate,
Heavy declines his head; yet dark beneath.
The fuffering feature fullen vengeance lours,
Shame, indignation, unaccomplin'd rage,

[^9]And ftill the cheated eye expects his fall.
All conqueft-fufh'd, from proftrate $P_{y}$ thon, came The * Quivered God. In graceful act he ftands, His arm extended with the flackened bow.
Light flows his eafy robe, and fair difplays- ${ }^{-}$ A manly-foftened form. The bloom of gods Seems youthful o'er the beardlefs cheek to wave. His features yet heroic ardour warms; And fweet fubfiding to a native fmile,
Mix'd with the joy elating conqueft gives, A fcatter'd fown exalts his matchlefs air.
On Flora mov'd ; her full-proportion'd limbs
Rife thro' the mantle fluttering in the breeze.
The + Queen of Love arofe, as from the deep 175
She fprung in all the melting pomp of charms. fu \& al
Bathful the bends, her well-taught look afide
Turns in inchanting guife, where dubious mix
Vain confcious beauty," a diffembled fenfe
Of modeft fhame, and flippery looks of love.
The gazer grows enamour'd, and the fone,
As if exulting in its conqueft, fmiles.
So turn'd each limb, fo fwell'd with foftening art,
That the deluded eye the marble doubts.
At laft her utmoft $\ddagger$ mafterpiece fhe found, 1418
That || Maro fir'd ; the miferable fire;
Wrapt with his fons in fate's fevereft grafp.
The fer pents, twifting round, their fringent folds: Inextricable tie. Such paffion here;

[^10]Such agonies, fuch bitternefs of pain,
Seem fo to tremble thro' the tortur'd ftone, That the touch'd heart ingrofles all the view.
Almoft unmark'd the beft proportions pafs, That ever Greece beheld ; and, feen alone,
On the rapt eye th' imperious paffions feize :
The father's double pangs, both for himfelf
And fons convuls'd; to heaven his rueful look, Imploring aid, and half-accufing, caft; His fell defpair with indignation mix'd,
As the ftrong-curling monfters from his fide
His full-extended fury cannot tear.
More tender touch'd, with varied art, his fons
All the foft rage of younger paffions fhow.
In a boy's helplefs fate one finks opprefs'd;
While, yet unpierc'd, the frighted other tries
His foot to fteal out of the horrid twine.
She lore no more, but ftraight from Gotbic ruit
Her chifel clear'd, and * duft and fragments drove Impetuous round. Succeflive as it went
From fon to fon, with more enliv'ning touch, 250
From the brute rock it call'd the breathing form ;
Till, in a legillator's awful grace
Drefs'd, Buonaroti + bid a Mofes rife,
And, looking love immenfe, a + Sayiour-God.
Of thefe obfervant, Painting felt the fire.
Burn inward. Then ecftatic fhe diffus'd
The canvas, feized the pallet, with quick hand

[^11]+ Eneemed the two finent pieces of modern fculptu:c.
The
Part IV. ..... LIBERTY.
The colours brew'd ; and on the void expanfe:Her gay creation pour'd, her mimic world.Poor was the manner of her eldeft race,220Barren, and dry ; juft fruggling from the tafte,That had for ages fcar'd in cloyfters dimThe fupertitious herd: yet glorious thenWere deem'd their works; where undevelop'd layThe future wonders that enrich'd mankind,225And a new light and grace o'er Europe caft.Arts gradual gather ftreams. Enlarging thisTo each his portion of her various giftsThe Goddess dealt, to none indulging all;No, not to Rapbael. . At kind diftance ftill$230^{\circ}$
Perfection ftands, like happinefs, to tempt'Th' eternal chace. In elegant defign
Improving nature ; in ideas fair,Or great, extracted from the fine antique;
In attitude, expreffion, airs divine ; ..... 235Her fons of Rome and Florence bore the prize.To thofe of Venice the the magic artOf colours melting into colours gave.Theirs too it was by one embracing mafs
Of light and fhade, that fettles round the whole, ..... 240
Or varies tremulous from part to part,O'er all a binding harmony to throw,To raife the picture, and repofe the fight.The * Lombard fchool fucceeding, mingled both.
Mean-time dread fanes, and palaces, around, ..... 245Rear'd the magnific front. Music againHer univerfal language of the heart

[^12]Renew'd ; and, rifing from the plaintive vale, To the full concert fpread, and folemn quire. Even bigots fmil'd ; to their protection rook
Arts not their own, and from them borrow'd pomp:Eor in a tyrant's garden thefe a whileMay bloom, tho' freedom be their patent foil.
And now confefs'd, with gently-growing gleam,
The morning fhone, and weftward ftream'd its light.
The Muse awoke. Not fooner on the wing ..... 256
Is the gay bird of dawn. Artlefs her voice,Untaught and wild, yet warbled thro' the woodsRomantic lays. But as her northern courfeShe, with her tutor Science, in my train,260
Ardent purfu'd, her flrains more noble grew :
While reafon drew the plan, the heart inform'd
The moral page, and fancy lent it grace.Rome and her circling deferts caft behind,
I, pafs'd not idle to my great \{ojourn. ..... 265On *Arno's fertile plain, where the rich vineLuxuriant o'er Etrurian mountains roves,Safe in the lap repos'd of private blifs,If fmall republics rais'd. Thrice happy they !Had focial freedom bound their peace, and arts, 270.Inftead of ruling power, ne'er meant for them,Employ'd their little cares, and fav'd their fate.
Beyond the rugged Apennines, that roll
Far thro' Italian bounds their wavy tops,

* The river Arro suns through Florence.
+ The republics of Florence, Pifa, Lucce, and Sierma. They: formerly have had very cruel wars tozether, but are now all peaceably rulject to the Great Duke of Tufcany, except it be Lucca, which (tsel maintains the form of a republic.

My path too I with public bleffings flrow'd:
Free ftates and cities, where the Lombard plain,
In fpite of culture negligent and grofs,
From her deep bofom pours unbidden joys,
And green o'er all the land a garden fpreads.
The barren rocks themfelves beneath my Foor,
Relenting bloom'd on the Lieigurian fhore. 28x

* Thick-fwarming people there, like eminets, feiz'd,

Amid furrounding cliffs, the fcatter'd fpots, Which nature left in her + deftroying rage,
Made their own fields, nor figh'd for other lands. 285
There, in white profpect, from the rocky hill.
Gradual defcending to the fhelter'd fhore, By me proad Genoa's marble turrets rofe.
And while $\mathrm{M} Y$ genuine fpirit warm'd her fons, Beneath her Dorias, not unworthy, fhe Vy'd for the trident of the narrow feas, Ere Bratain yet had open'd all the main.

Nor be the then $\ddagger$ triumphant flate forgot;
Where II, pun'd from plunder'd earth, a remnant flill, Infpir'd by ME, thro' the dark ages kept
Ot my old Roman flame fome farks alive :
The feeming god-built city! which my hand

* The Genofe territory is reckoned very populons, but the towns and villages tor the mont part lie hid among the Apennime rocks and mountanis.
$\dagger$ According to Dr Bu:ret's fyftem of the deluge.
I Vcrice was the mof nowrifhing city in Europe wiih regard to
tride, before the pafage to the Eofl Indies by the Cape of Good
Il fe, and Ammerica, were difovered.
II Thofe who fled to fome marffes in the Alriatic gulf, from
the defnlation pread over Italy by an irruption of the Hurs, firft
founded there this famous city, about the beginping of the fifth
century.
Vol. II.

Deep in the bofom fix'd of wondering feas. Aftonifh'd mortals fail'd, with pleafing awe, Around the fea-gitt walls, by Neptune fenc'd,
And down the briny ftreet; where on each hand, Amazing feen amid untable waves, 'The fplendid palace frines; and rifing tides, The green fteps marking, murmur at the door.
'To this fair Queen of Adria's ftormy gulf,
The mart of nations! long, obedient feas
Roll'd all the treafure of the radiant Laft.
But now no more. Than one great tyrant worfe (Whofe fhar'd oppreffion lightens, as diffus'd)
Each fubject tearing, many tyrants rofe.
The leaft the proudeft. Join'd in dark cabal,
They jealous, watchful, filent, and fevere,
Caft o'er the whole indiffoluble chains:
The fofter fhackles of luxurious eafe
They likewife added, to fecure their fway.
Thus Venice fainter fhines; and Commerce thus,
Of toil impatient, flags the drooping fail. Burting, befides, his ancient bounds, he took * A larger circle; found another + feat,

Opening a thoufand ports, and, charm'd with toil, 320 Whom nothing can difmay, far other fons.

The mountains then, clad with eternal fnow, Confefs'd my power. Deep as the rampant rocks, By Nature thrown infuperable round, I planted there a $\ddagger$ league of friendly fates, And bade plain freedom their ambition be. There in the vale, where rural Plenty fills,

[^13]From lakes, and meads, and furrow'd fields, her horn, * Chicf, where the Lesman pure emits the Rbone,

Rare to be feen! unguilty cities rife,
Cities of brothers form'd: while equal life,
Accorded gracious with revolving power,
Maintains them free ; and, in their happy ferets,
Nor cruel deed, nor mifery, is known,
For valour, faith, and innocence of life,
Renown'd, a rough laborious people, there,
Not only give the dreadful Alps to fmile,
Ard prefs their culture on retiring fnows;
But, to firm order tain'd and patient war,
They likewife know, beyond the nerve remifs
Of mercerary force, how to defcnd
The tafteful little their hard toil has earn'd,
And the proud arm of Bourbon to defy.
Even, cheer'd by me, their flaggy mountains charm,
More than or Gallic or Italian plains;
And fickening Fancy oft, when abrent long, + Pines to behold their Alpine views again:
The hollow-winding fream : the vale, fair-fpread
Amid an amphitheatre of hills;
Whence, vapour-wing'd, the fudden tempeft fprings :
From fteep to fteep afcending, the gay train
Of fogs, thick roll'd into remantic fhapes:
The fiiting cloud, againft the fummit dafh'd;
And, by the fun illumin'd, pouring bright

[^14]A gemmy fhower; hung o'er amazing rocks,
The mountaineafh, and folemn-founding pine:
The fnow-fed torrent, in white mazes tofs'd,
Down to the clear ætherial lake below:
And, high o'er-topping all the broken fcene, The mountain fading into kk ; where fhines
On winter winter fhivering, and whofe top Licks from their cloudy magazine the fnows.

From thefe defcending, as I wav'd my courfe
O'er vaft Germania, the ferocious nurfe
Of hardy men and hearts affronting death,
I gave fome faveur'd * cities there to lift
A nobler brow, and thro' their fivarming Areets,
More bufy, wealthy, cheerful, and alive,
In each contented face to look my foul.
Thence the loud Baltic paffing, black with form,
To wint'ry Scardinadvia's utmof bound;
There, I the manly + race, the parent-hive
Of the mix'd kingdoms, form'd into a fate
More regularly free. By keener air
Their genius purg'd, and temper'd hard by froft, 375 :
Tempeft and toil their nerves, the fons of thofe
$\ddagger$ Whofe only terror was a bloodlefs death,
They wife, and dauntiefs, fill furtain my caufe.
Yet there I fix'd not. Turning to the fouth, The whifpering zephyrs. figh'd at my delay.

Here, with the fhifted vifion, burft my joy.
"O the dear profpect! O majeflic view!
"Sec Britaln's empire! Lo! the wat'ry vaft
"Wide-waves, diffufing the cerulean plain.

* The Ilcns Towns.
$\dagger$ The Swedes.
$\pm$ See note on verfe 6-8.
" And now, methinks, like clouds at diftance feen,
" Emerging white from deeps of æther, dawn
" My kindred cliffs; whence, wafted in the gale,
"Ineffable, a fecret fiweetnefs breathes.
" Goddess, forgive!-My heart, furpris'd, o'erflows.
"With filial fondnefs for the land you blefs." 390
As parents to a child complacent deign
Approvance, the celestial Brightress finild;
Then thus-As o'er the wave-refounding deep.
To my near reign, the happy inle, I fteer'd With eafy wing; behold! from furge to furge, 395 Stalk'd the tremendous Genius of the Deep.
Around him clouds, in mingled tempeft, hung; Thick-flafhing meteors crown'd his ftarry head; And ready thunder redden'd in his hand,
Or from it ftream'd comprefs'd the gloomy cloud.. 400 Where-e'er he look'd, the trembling waves recoil'd. Fie needs but itrike the confcious flood, and fhook.
From fhore to fhore, in agitation dire,
It works his drcadful will. To me his voice
(Like that hoarfe blaft that round the cavern howls, 405 Mix'd with the murmurs of the falling main)
Addrefs'd, began ——" By fate commiffion'd; go,
"My Sister-Goddess now, to yon blefs'd ifle,
" Henceforth the partner of my rough domain.
" All my dread walks to Britons open lie.
" Thofe that refulgent, or with rofy morn,
"Or yellow evening, flame; thofe that, profufe
" Drunk by equator-funs, feverely fhine ;
"Or thofe that, to the poles approaching, rife
" In billows rolling into Alps of ice.
" Even, yet untouch'd by daring keel, be theirs
"The valt Pacife; that on other worlds,
" Their future conqueft, rolls refounding tides.
" Long I maintain'd inviolate my reign;
" Nor Alexanders me, nor Cafars brav'd.
"Still, in the crook of fhore, the coward fail
". Till now low-crept ; and peddling Commerce ply'd
"Between near joining lands. For Britons, chief,
"It was referv'd, with ftar-directed prow,
" To dare the middle deep, año drive affur'd
"To diftant nations thiro' the pathlefs main.
". Chief; for their fearlefs hearts the glory waits,
"Long months from land, while the black formy. " night
" Around them rages, on the groaning maft
" With unfhook knee to know their giddy way ; 430.
"To fing, unquell'd, amid the lafring wave;
"To laugh at danger. Theirs the triumph be,
"By deep Invention's keen pervading eye,
"The heart of Courage, and the hand of Toil,
" Each conquer'd ocean ftaining with their blood, 435;
" Inflead of treafure robb'd by ruffian war,
" Round focial earth to circle fair exchange,
"And bind the nations in a golden chain.
"To thefe I honour'd floop. Rufhing to light
"A race of men behold! whofe daring deeds 440
". Will in renown exalt my namelefs piains
"O'er thofe of fabling earth, as hers to mine
" In terror yield. Nay, could my favage heart
"Such glories check, their unfubmitting foul
"Would all my fury brave, my tempett climb, 445
"And might in fipite of me my kingdom force."
Here, waiting no reply, the fladowy Power


## PartIV. LIBERTY. ge

Eas'd the dark $\mathbb{k y y}$, and to the deeps return'd:
While the loud thunder rattling from his hand,
Aufpicious, fhook opponent Gallia's shore.
Of this encounter glad, my way to land.
I quick purfu'd, that from the fmiling fea
Receiv'd ME joyous. Loud acclaims were heard ;: And mufic, more than mortal, warbling, fill'd.
With pleas'd aftonifhment the lab'ring hind, 455
Who for a while th'unfinifh'd furrow left,
And let the liftening fteer forget his toil. Unfeen by groffer eye, Britannia breath'd, And her aërial train, the founds of joy.-
For of old time, fince firft the rufhing flood, 460,
Urg'd by almighty power, this favour'd ile
Turn'd flafhing from the continent afide,
Indented fhore to shore refponfive fill,
Its Guardian She - The Goddess, whofe faid eye:
Beams the dark azure of the doubtful dawn. 465 .
Her treffes, like a flood of foftened light
Thro' clouds imbrown'd, in waving circles play.
Warm on her cheek fits Beauty's brighteft rofe.
Of high demeanour, ftately, fhedding grace.
With every motion. Full her rifing cheft;
And new ideas, from her finifh'd fhape,
Charm'd Sculpture taking might improve her art.
Such the fair guardian of an ifle that boafts,
Profufe as vernal blooms, the faireft dames.
High-fhining on the promontory's brow,
Awaiting ME , the ftood; with hope inflam'd,
By my mix'd fpirit burning in her fons,
To firm, to poliih, and exalt the fate.
The Native Genil, round her, radiant fmil'd.
Courage,

Courage, of foft deportment, afpect calm,
Unboaftful, fuffering long, and, till provok'd, As mild and harmlefs as the fporting child; But, on juft reafon, once his fury rous'd, No lion fprings more eager to his prey: Blood is a paltime; and his heart, elate, 48;
Knows no depreffing fear. That Virtue known
By the relenting look, whofe equal heart
For others feels, as for another felf:
Of various name, as various objects wake,
Warm into action, the kind fenfe within :
Whether the blamelefs poor, the nobly maim'd,
'The lof to reafon, the declin'd in life,
'The helplefs young that kifs no mother's hand,
And the grey fecond infancy of age,
She gives in public families tọ live,
A fight to gladden Heaven! whether the flands
Fair beck'ning at the hofpitable gate,
And bids the flranger take repofe and joy :
Whether, to folace honeft labour, fhe
Rejoices thofe that make' the land rejoice :
Or whether to Philofophy, and Arts,
(At once the bafis and the finifi'd pride
Of government and life), the fpreads her hand;
Nor knows her gift profufe, nor feems to know,
Doubling her bounty, that fhe gives at all.
Justice to thefe her awful prefence join'd,
The mother of the flate! No low revenge,
No turbid paffions in her breaft ferment :
Tender, ferene, compaffionate of vice,
As the laft wo that can afflict mankind,
She punifhment awards; yet of the good

More piteous fill, and of the fuffering whole, Awards it firm. So fair her juft decree, That, in his judging Peers, each on himfelf Pronounces his own doom. O happy land! Where reigns alone this juftice of the Free! 'Mid the bright groupe Sincerity his front, Diffufive, rear'd; his pure untroubled eye The fount of truth. The Thoughtful Power, apart,
Now, penfive, caft on earth his fix'd regard, 520 Now, touch'd celeftial, launch'd it on the fky. The Genius he whence Britain fhines fupreme, The land of light, and rectitude of mind. He too the fire of fancy feeds intenfe, With all the train of paffions thence deriv'd :
Not kindling quick, a noify tranfient blaze, But gradual, filent, lafting, and profound. Near him Retirement, pointing to the fhade, And Independence flood: the generous pair, That fimple life, the quiet-whifpering grove, 530:
And the fill raptures of the free-born foul, To cates prefer by Virtue bought, not earn'd, Proudly prefer them to the fervile pomp. And to the heart-embitter'd joys of flaves.
Or fhould the latter, to the public fcene 535:
Demanded, quit his fylvan friend a while; Nought can his firmnefs fhake, nothing feduce:
His zeal, ftill active for the common-weal ;
Nor flormy tyrants, nor Corruption's tools,
Foul minifters, dark-working by the force
Of fecret-fapping gold. All their vile arts,
Their fhameful honours, their perfidious gifts.

He greatly fcorns; and, if he muft betray
His plunder'd country, or his power refign,
A moment's parley were eternat fhame:
Illuftrious into private life again,
From dirty levees he unftain'd afcends,
And firm in fenates flands the patriot's ground,
Or draws new vigour in the peaceful, made.
Aloof the Basiful Virtue hover'd coy,
Proving by fiveet diffruft diffrufted worth.
Rough Labour clos'd the train: and in his hand
Rude, callous, finew-fwell'd, and black with toil,
Came manly Indignation. Sour he feems,
And more than feems, by lawlefs pride affail'd;
Yet kind at heart, and juft, and generous, there
No vengeançe lurks, no pale infidious gall:
Even in the very luxury of rage,
He foftening can forgive a gallant foe ;
The nerve, fupport, and glory of the land!
Nor be Religion, rational, and free,
Here pafs'd in filence; whofe enraptur'd eye
Sees heaven with earth connected, human things
Link'd to divine : who not from fervile fear,
By rites for fome weak tyrant incenfe fit,
The God uf Love adores, but from a heart
Effufing gladnefs, into pleafing awe
That now aftonifh'd fwells, now in a calm
Of fearlefs confidence that fmiles ferene;
That lives devotion, one continual hymn, " 570
And then moft grateful, when Heaven's bounty moft
Is right enjoy'd. This ever-cheerful power
O'er the rais'd circle ray'd fuperior day.
I joy'd to join the Vartues whence my reign
Part IV. LIBERTY.

O'er Albion was to rife. Each chéering each, 575 And, like the circling planets from the fun, All borrowing beams from m e, a heighten'd zeal Impatient fir'd us to commence our toils,
Or pleafures rather. Long the pungent time Pafs'd not in mutual hails; but, thro' the land Darting our light, we fhone the fogs away.

The Virtues conquer with a fingle look. Such grace, fuch beauty, fuch vittorious light, Live in their prefence, fream in every glance, That the foul won, enamour'd, and refin'd,
Grows their own image, pure etherial flame. Hence the foul Demons, that oppofe our reign,
Would itill from us deluded mortals wrap;
Or in grofs fhades they drown the vifual ray,
Or by the fogs of prejudice, where mix-
Falfehood and truth confounded, foil the fenfe
With vain refracted images of blifs.
But chief around the court of flatter'd kings
They roll the dufky rampart, wall o'er wall
Of darknefs pile, and with their thickeft fhade
Secure the throne. No favage $A l p$, the den
Of wolves, and bears, and monfrous things obfcene,
That vex the fiwain and wafte the country round,
Protected lics beneath a deeper cloud.
Yet there we fometimes fend a fearching ray.
As, at the facred opening of the morn,
The prowling race retire ; fo, pierc'd fevere,
Before our potent blaze thefe Demons fly,
And all their works difolve-The whifper'd Tale,
That, like the fabling Nile, no fountain knows. 605
Fair-fac'd Deccit, whofe wily confcious eye

Ne'er looks direct. The Tongue that licks the duft, But, when it fafe'y dares, as prompt to fing:
Smooth crocodile Deftruction, whofe fell tears
Enfnare. The Ganus face of courtly Pride;
One to fuperiors heaves fubmiffive eyes,
On haplefs worth the other fcouls difdain.
Cheeks that for fome weals tendernefs, alone,
Some virtuous fip, can wear a blufh. The Laugh
Profane, when midnight-bowls difclofe the heart, 615
At farving Virtue, and at Virtue's fools.
Determin'd to be broke, the plighted Faith;
Nay more, the Godlefs Oath, that knows no ties.
Soft-bụzzing Slander; filky moths, that eat An honeft name. The harpy hand, and maw, $6 \geq 6$ Of avaritious Luxury; who makes The throne his hhelter, venal laws his fort, And, by his fervice, who betrays his king.

Now turn your view, and mark from * Celfic night To prefent grandeur how my Britain rofe.

Bold were thofe Brit ons, who, the carelefs fons
Of Nature, roam'd the foreft-bounds, at once Their verdant city, high-embowering fane, And the gay circle of their woodland wars : For by the + Druid taught, that death but fhifts 630 The vital fcene, they that prime fear defpis'd; And, prone to rufh on fteel, difdain'd to fpare An ill-fav'd life that muft again return. Erect from Nature's hand, by tyrant Force, And ftill more tyrant Cuftom, unfubdu'd,

[^15]Part IV. LIBERTY. 97
Man knows no mafter fave creating Heaven,
Or fuch as choice and common good ordain.
This general fenfe, with which the nations I
Piomifcuous fire, in Britons burn'd intenfe, Of future times prophetic. Witnefs, Rome,
Who faw't thy Cafar, from the naked land, Whofe only fort was Britijb hearts, repell'd, To feek Pbarfalian wreaths. Witnefs, the toil, The blcod of ages, bootlefs to fecure, Beneath an * empire's yoke, a ftubborn ifle, 645 Difputed hard, and never quite fubdu'd.
The $t$ North remain'd untouch'd, where thofe who To floop retir'd; and, to their keen effort [fcorn'd Yielding at laft, recoil'd the Roman power. In vain, unable to fuftain the fhock,
From fea to fea defponding legions rais' d
The $\ddagger$ wall immenfe, and yet, on fummer's eve,
While fport his lambkins round, the fhepherd's gaze,
Continual o'er it burft the \|| Northern form, As often, check'd, receded; threatening hearfe $6_{55}$ A fwift return. But the devouring flood No more endur'd control, when, to fupport The laft + remains of empire, was recall'd The weary Roman, and the Briton lay

## * The Ronian empire.

$\dagger$ Caledonia, inh bited by the Scots and PiEfs; w'.iher a great many Britons, who would not 'ubmit to the Recizazs, retired.
$\pm$ The wall of Severus, Luilt upon Acrian's rampart, which ran for eignty miles quite crofs the country, ficm the mouth of the Tjum to Siliway frith.

II irruptions of the Scots and $P_{t e f}$.

+ The Roman empire being miferably torn by the northern natiors, Eritain was for ever abandoned by the Romans in the gcar 426 cr 427.

Voz.II.

Unnerv'd, exhaufted, fpiritlefs, and funk.
Great prcof! how men enfeeble into flaves.

* The fword behind tim flafh'd; before him roar'd,

Deaf to his woes, the deep. Forlorn, around
He roll'd his eye, not fparkling ardent flame,
As when + Caraffacus to battle led
Silurian fivains, and $\ddagger$ Boadicea taught
Her raging troops the miferies of flaves.
Then (fad relief!) from the bleak coant, that hears
The German ocean roar, deep-blooming, ftrong, And yellow-hair'd, the blue-ey'd Saxon came.
He came implor'd, but came with other aim
Than to protect. For conqueft and defence
Suffices the fame arm. With the fierce race
Pour'd in a frefh invigorating fream,
Blood, where unquell'd a mighty fpirit glow'd. Rafh war, and perilous battle, their delight; And immature, and red with glorious wounds,
Unpeaceful death their choice: \|| deriving thence

[^16]$\ddagger$ Queen of the Iceni : her fory is well known.
If It is certain, that an opinion was fixed and general among them (the Goibs), that duath was but the entrance into another life ; that all men who lived lazy and unative lives, and died natural deaths, by ficknefs or by age, went into valt caves under ground, all dark and miry, full of noifome creatures ufual to fuch places, and there for ever grovelled in endlefs ftanch and mifery. On the contrary, all

## Part IV.

LIBERTY.
A fight to feaft, and drain immortal bowls,
In Odin's hall; whore blazing roof refounds $680^{\circ}$
The genial uproar of thofe fhades, who fall
In defperate fight, or by fome brave attempt;
And tho' more polifh'd times the martial creed
Difown, yet fill the fearlefs habit lives.
Nor were the furly gifts of war their all.
Wifdom was likewife theirs, indulgent laws,
The calm gradations of art-nuring Peace,
And matchlefs Orders, the decp bäfis fill
On which afcends my British Reigns. Untam'd
To the refiring fubtilties of flaves,
They brought an happy government along;
Form'd by that freedom, which, with fecret voice,
Impartial Nature teaches all her foris,
And which of old thro' the whole Scyitian mars
I frong infpir'd. Monarchical their fate,
But prudently confin'd, and mingled wife
Of each harmonious power : only, too much,
Imperious war into their rule infus'd,
Prevail'd their general-king, and chieftain-thanes.
In many a field, by civil fury ftain'd,
Bled the difcordant * Heptarchy; and long
who gave themfelves to wariike actions and enterprifes, to the conqueft of their neighbours and tine flaughter of their enemiss, and died in battle, or of violent deaths upon bold adventures or $i \in f o l i t-$ tions, went immediately to the vaft hall or palace of Odin, their god of war, who eternally kept open houle for all fuch guefts, where they were entertained at infinite tables, in perpetual feafts and mirth, caroufing in bowls made of the fculls of their enemies they had nein ; according to the number of whom, every one in thefe manfions of pleafure was the moft honoured and beft entertained.

> Sir Wifisam Tempie's Efay oir Heroic Virtuc.
*The feven kingdoms of the Anglo-Sexons, confidered as being united into one common go iernment, under a general ia chief or munarch, and by the means of an affembly general, or Wittcragemst.
(Educing good from ill) the battle groan'd;
Ere, blood-cemented, Arglo-Saxons faw

* Egbert and Peace on one united throne.

No fooner dawn'd the fair difclofing calm
Of brighter days, when lo! the North anew,
With formy nations black, on England pour'd
Woes the fevereft e'er a people felt.
The Danij乃 + Raven, lur'd by annual prey,
Hung o'er the land inceflant. Flect on fleet
Of barbarous pirates unremitting tore
The miferable coaft. Before them ftalk'd,
Far-feen, the Demon of devouring Flame;
Rapine, and Murder, all with blood befmear'd,
Without or ear, or eye, or feeling heart ;
While clofe behind them march'd the fallow power
Of defolating Famine, who delights
In grafs-grown cities, and in defert fields;
And purple-fpotted Peftilence, by whom
Ey'n Friendmip fcar'd, in fick'ning horror finks 720
Each focial fenfe and tendernefs of life.
Fixing at lait, the fanguinary race
Spread, from the Humber's loud-refounding fhore,
To where the Thames devolves his gentle maze,
And with fuperior arm the Saxon aw'd.
But Superftition firf, and monkifh dreams, And monk-directed cloyfter-feeking kings, Had eat away his vigour, eat away

[^17]His edge of courage, and deprefs'd the foul
Of conquering Freedom, which he once refpir'd. $73^{\circ}$ Thus cruel ages pars'd; and rare appear'd
White-mantled Peace, exulting o'er the vale,
As when, with * Alfred, from the wilds the came
To polic'd cities and protected plains.
Thus by degrees the Saxon empire funk,
Then fet entire in $\dagger$ Haftings bloody field.
Compendious war! (on Britain's glory bent, So fate ordain'd) in that decifive day,
The haughty Norman feiz'd at once an ifle, For which, thro' many a century, in vain,
The Roman, Saxon, Dane, had toil'd and bled.
Of Gotbic nations this the final burft
And, mix'd the genius of there people all,
Their virtues mix'd in one exalted Itream,
Here the rich tide of Engliß blood grew full.
A while my fpirit llept ; the land a while,
Affrighted, droop'd beneath defpotic rage.
Inftead of $\ddagger$ Edward's equal gentle laws,
The furious victor's partial will prevail'd.
All proftrate lay; and, in the fecret fhade,
Deep.flung but fearful Indignation gnafh'd
His teeth. Of freedom, property, defpoil'd,
And of their bulwark, arms; with caftles crufh'd,

* Alfred the Great. renowned in war, and no lefs famous in peace for his many excellent inftitutions, particularly that of jurfes.
+ The battle of Hafings, in which Harold II. the laft of the Suxon. kings, was Nain, and William the Conqueror made himfelf maRer of. England.
$\ddagger$ Edzuard III. the Confeffor, who reduced the Weft-Sizen, Merciats, and Danifb laws into one body; which from that time became common to all Englard, under the rame of the Laves of Edreard.

With ruffians quarter'd ooer the bridled land;
The fhivering wretches, at the * Curferv found, 755.
Dejected fhrunk into their fordid beds,
And, thro' the mournful gloom, of ancient times
Mus'd fad, or dream'd of better. Even to feed
A tyrant's idle fport the peafant flarv'd :
To the swild herd, the patture of the tame,
The cheerful hamlet, fpiry town, was given,
And the + browa foreft roughen'd wide around.
But this fo dead; fo vile fubmiffion, long
Endur'd not. Gathering force, my gradual flame
Shook off the mountain of tyrannic fway.
Unus'd to bend, impatient of control;
Tyrants themfelves the common tyrant check'd.
The church, by kings intractable and fierce,
Deny'd her portion of the plunder'd fate, Or tempted, by the timorous and weak,
To gain new ground, firft taught their rapine law.
The Barons next a nobler league began,
Both thofe of Englifo and of Norman race;
In one fraternal nation blended now,
The nation of the Free! prefs'd by a $\ddagger$ band-
Of Patriots, ardert as the fummer's noon That looks delighted on, the tyrant fee !. Mark! how with feign'd alacrity he bears His ftrong reluctance down; his dark revenge, And gives the Charter, by which life indeed 780

[^18]Becomes of price, a glory to be man.
Thro' this and thro' fucceeding reigns affirm'd
Thefe long-contefted rights, the wholefome winds
Of Oppofition * hence began to blow,
And often fince have lent the country life. 785 Before their breath Corruption's infect-blights,
The darkening clouds of evil counfel fly ;
Or fhould they founding fwell,, a putrid court, A peftilential miniftry, they purge,
And ventilated flates renew their bloom.
790
Tho' with the temper'd monarchy here mix'd.
Ariftocratic fway, the people ftill;
Flatter'd by this or that, as intereft lean'd,
No full protection knew. For me referv'd,
And for my commons, was that glorious turn.
795.

They crown'đ my firft attempt, in $\dagger$ fenates rofe, The fort of Freedom! Slow till then, alone, Had work'd that general liberty, that foul, Which generous Nature breathes, and which, when left By ME to bondage was corrupted Rome, $\quad 80 a$ 1 thro' the Northern nations wide diffus'd. Hence many a people, fierce with freedom, rufh'd From the rude iron regions of the North,

* The league formed by the Barons, during the reign of fobn, in the year 1213, was the firt confederacy made in England in defence of the nation's intereft againf the king.
$\dagger$ The commons are generally thought to have been firft reprefented in parliament towards the end of Herry the Third's reign. To a parliament called in the year 1264 , each county was ordered to fend four knights, as reprefentatives of their cefrctive thires: and: to a parliament called in the year following, cach couniy was ordered to fend as their reprefentatives, two knights, and each city and borough as many citizere and burgeffes. Till thei, hifory makes no mention of ther, when a a very frong argument may be drawn, to fix the original of the houre of commons to that æra,
To Lybian deferts fwarm protruding fwarm, And pour'd new firit thro' a navifh world.
Yet, o'er thefe Gotbic flates, the king and chiefs
Retain'd the high prerogative of war,
And with enormous property ingrofs'd
The mingled power. But on Britannia's More
Now prefent, I to raife my reign began
By raifing the democracy, the third
And broadeft bulwark of the guarded ftate.
Then was the full, the perfect plan difclos'd
Of Britain's matchlefs conflitution, mix'd
Of mutual checking and fupporting powers,
King, Lords, and Commons; nor the name of Free
Deferving while the vaffal-many droop'd:
For fince the moment of the whole they form,
So, 'as deprefs'd or rais'd, the balance they
Of public welfare and of glory caft.
Mark from this period the continual proof.
When kings of narrow genius, minion-rid,
Neglecting faithful worth for fawning flaves;
Proudly regardlefs of their people's plaints,
And poorly pafive of infulting foes;
Double, not prudent, obftinate, not firm,
Their mercy fear, necefity their faith;
Inftead of generous fire, prefumptuous, hot, Rafh to refolve, and flothful to perform ; Tyrañts at once and naves, imperious, mean,
To want rapacious joining fhameful wafte;
By counfels weak and wicked, eafy rous'd
To paltry fchemes of abfolute command, To feek their fplendour in their fure difgrace,
And in a broken ruin'd people wealth:


## Part IV.

When fuch o'ercaft the fate, no bond of love,
No heart, no foul, no unity, no nerve,
Combin'd the loofe disjointed public, loft
To fame abroad, to happinefs at home.
But when an *Edward, and an $\dagger$ Henry, breath'd
'Thro' the charm'd whole one all-exerting foul: 845
Drawn fympathetic from his dark retreat,
When wide-attracted merit round them glow'd:
When counfels juft, extenfive, generous, firm,
Amid the maze of fate, determin'd kept
Some ruling point in view: when, on the flock
Of public good and glory grafted, fpread
Their palms, their laurels; or, if thence they ftray'd $d_{2}$
Swift to return, and patient of reffraint :
When regal ftate, pre-eminence of place,
They fcorn'd to deem pre-eminence of eafe,
To be luxurious drones, that only rob
The bufy hive : as in diltinction, power,
Indulgence, honour, ard advantage, firft;
When they too clain'd in virtue, danger, toil, 855
Superior rank; with equal hand, prepar'd
To guard the fubject, and to quell the foe :
When fuch with me their vital influence fhed,
No mutter'd grievance, hopelefs figh, was heard;
No foul diftruft thro' wary fenates ran,
Confin'd their bounty, and their ardour quench'd:
On Aid, unqueftion'd, liberal Aid was given :
Safe in their conduct, by their valour fir'd,
Fond where they led vistorious armies ruff'd;
And $\ddagger$ Crefj, Portiers, Agincourt proclaim
$86_{5}$
> * Edzvard III.
> $\dagger$ Henry V .
> $\ddagger$ Three famous battles, gained by the Engliß over the Frencb.

What kings fupported by almighty Love, And people fir'd with Liberty, can do.

Be veil'd the favage * reigns, when kindred rage
The numerous-once Plantagenets devour'd,
A race to vengeance vow'd! and when, opprefs'd 870
By private feuds, almoft extinguifh'd lay.
My quivering flame. But, in the next, behold!
A $\dagger$ cautious tyrant lend it oil anew.
Proud; dark, fufpicious, brooding o'er his gold,
As how to fix his throne he jealous calt
His crafty views around ; pierc'd with a ray,
Which on his timid mind I darted full,
He mark'd the Barons of exceffive fivay,
$\ddagger$ At pleafure making and unmaking kings ;
And hence, to crum thefe petty tyrants, plann'd 880
I| A law, that let them, by the filent wafte
Of luxury, their landed wealth diffure, And with that wealth their implicated power.战 fûfí degrees a mighty change enfu'd,
Even working to this day. With ftreams, deduc'd 885
From thefe diminifh'd floods, the country fmil'd.
As when impetuous from the fnow-heap'd Alps,
To vernal funs relenting, pours the Rhine;
While undivided, oft, with wafteful fweep,
He foams along; but, thro' Batavian meads,
Branch'd into fair canals, indulgent flows;
Waters a thoufand fields; and culture, trade,

[^19]Towns, meadows, gliding hips, and villas mix'd,
A rich, a wondrous landfcape rifes round.
His furious * fon the foul-enflaving + chain, $\quad 895$
Which many a doting venerable age
Had link by link ftrong-twifted round the land, Shook off. No longer could be borne a power;
From Heaven pretended, to deceive, to void
Each folemn tie, to plunder without bounds, : 900
To curb the generous foul, to fool mankind;
And, wild at laft, to plunge into a fea
Of blood, and horror. The returning light,
That firft thro' $\ddagger$ Wickliff freak'd the prieftly gloom,
Now burft in open day. Bar'd to the blaze, 90.5
|| Forth from the haunts of Superfition crawl'd
Her motly fons, fantaftic figures all;
And, wide-difpers'd, their ufelefs ferid wealth
In graceful labour bloom'd, and fruits of peace.
Trade, join'd to thefe, on every fea difplay'd 910
A daring canvas, pour'd with every tide
A golden flood. From other + worlds were roll'd
The guilty glittering fores, whofe fatal charms,
By the plain Indian happily defpis'd,
Yet work'd his wo ; and to the blisfful groves, 915 :
Where Nature liv'd herfelf among her fons,
And Innocence and Joy for ever dwelt,
Drew Rage unknown to Pagan climes before,

## * IIenry VIII. $\quad+$ Of Papal dominion.

$\ddagger$ Fobn Wickliff, dector of divinity, who, towards the clofe of the fourteenth century, publifhed doctrines very contrary to thofe of the church of Rome, and particularly denying the papal authority. His followers grew very numerous, and were called Lollards.

II Suppreffion of monafteries.

+ The Spaniß Wefs Indies.

The worft the zeal-inflam'd barbarian diew.
Be no fuch horrid commerce, Britain, thine! 920
But want for want, with mutual aid, fupply.
The Commons thus enrich'd, and powerful grown,
Againft the Parons weigh'd. Eliza then,
Amid thefe doubtful motions, fteady, gave
The beam to fix. She! like the Secret Eye
That never clofes on a guarded world,
So fought, fo mark'd, fo feiz'd the public good,
That felf-fupported, without one ally,
She aw'd her inward, 'quell'd her circling foes.
Infpir'd by ME, beneath her fheltering arm,
In fpite of raging * univerfal froay
And raging feas reprefs'd, the Belgic ftates,
My bulwark on the continent, arofe.
Matchlefs in all the fpirit of her cays !
With confidence, unbounded, fearlefs love
Elate, her fervent people waited gay,
Cheerful demanded the "long threaten'd $\uparrow$ fleet,
And dafh'd the pride of Spain around their infe.
Nor ceas'd the Briti, $\beta$ thunder here to rage:
The deep, reclaim'd, obey'd its awful call ;
In fire and fmoke Iberian ports involv'd,
The trembling foe even to the centre fhociz
Of their new conquer'd world, and fculking ftole
By veering winds their Indian treafure home.
Mean-time, Peace, Plenty, Juftice, Science, Arts, $9+\xi$
With fofter laurels crown'd her happy reign.
As yet uncircumfrrib'd the regal power,

[^20]And wild and vague Prerogative remain'd, A wide voracious gulf, where fwallow'd oft The helplefs fubject lay. This to reduce $95^{\circ}$ To the juft limit was MY great effort.

By means, that evil feem to narrow man, Superior beings work their myftic will:
From form and trouble thus a fettled calm, As.laft, effulgent, o'er Britannia fmil'd. 955
The gathering tempeft, Heaven commifion'd, came,
Came in the *.prince, who, drunk with flattery, dream'd His vain pacific counfels rul'd the world;
Tho' fcorn'd abroad, bewilder'd in a maze
Of fruitlefs treaties; while at home enflav'd,
And by a worthlefs crew infatiate drain'd, He loft his people's confidence and love: Irreparable lofs! whence crowns become An anxious burden. Years inglorious pafs'd: Triumphant Spain the vengeful draught enjoy'd: 965 Abandon'd $\dagger$ Frederick pin'd, and Raleigh bled. But nothing that to there internal broils, That rancour, he began ; while lawlefs fway He , with his flavifh doctors, try'd to rear $\ddagger$ On metaphyfic on inchanted ground, And all the mazy quibbles of the fchools : As if for one, and fometimes for the worf,

* Yantes I.
+ Elector Palatine, and who had been chofen King of Bobrmia, but was foript of all his dominions and dignities by the Emperor Ferdinand, while fames the Firt, his father-in-law, being amufed from time to time, endeavoured to mediate a peace.
$\ddagger$ The monfrous and till then unheard-of doctrines of divine indetcafible hereditary right, paffise obedience, $\varepsilon^{2}$.

> VoL. II.

K

Heaven had mankind in vengeance only made.
Vain the pretence ! not fo the dire effect,
The fierce, the foolifh * difcord thence deriv'd, 975
That tears the country ftill, by party-rage
And minifterial clamour kept alive.
In action weak, and for the wordy war Beft fitted, faint this prince purfu'd his claim :
Content to teach the fubject-herd, how great, 980 How facred he! how defpicable they!

But his unyielding $t$ fon thefe doctrines drank,
With all a bigot's rage; (who never damps
By reafoning his fire) ; and what they taught, Warm, and tenacious, into practice pufh'd.
Senates, in vain, their kind reftraint apply'd :
The more they fruggled to fupport the laws,
His juftice-dreading minifters the more
Drove him beyond their bounds. Tir'd with the check
Of faithful love, and with the flattery pleas'd $990^{\circ}$
Of falfe defigning Guilt, the $\ddagger$ fountain he
Of public Wifdom and of Juftice fhut.
Wide mourn'd the land. Straight to the roted aid
Free, cordial, large, of never-failing fource,
Th' illegal impofition follow'd har?,
With execration given, or ruthlefs 'fqueez'd
From an infulted people, by a band
Of the worft ruffians, thofe of tyrant power.
Oppreffion walk'd at large, and pour'd abroad
Her unrelenting train: informers, fpies,
Blood-hounds, that furdy Freedom to the grove
Purfue ; projectors of aggrieving fchemes,

* The parties of Whiz and Tory.
$\dagger$ Cbarles I. : $\ddagger$ Parliaments.
* Commerce to load for unprotected feas,
+ To fell the farving many to the few,
And drain a thoufand ways th' exhaufted land. 1005 Even from that place, whence healing Peace fhould flow,
And Gofpel-truth, inhuman bigots fhed
Their $\ddagger$ poifon round; and on the venal bench,
Inftead of Juftice, Party held the fcale,
And Violence the fiword. Aflicted years, 1010 Too patient, felt at laft their vengeance full.
Mid the low murmurs of fubmiffive fear
And mingled rage, my Hambden rais'd his voice, And to the laws appeal'd; the laws no more In judgment fat, behov'd fome other ear.
When inflant from the keen refentive North,
By long oppreffion by religion rous'd,
The guardian army came. Beneath its iving
Was call'd, tho' meant to furnifh hoftile aid,
The more than Roman fenate. There a flame 1020
Broke out, that clear'd, confum'd, renew'd the land.
In deep emotion hurl'd, nor Greece, nor Rome,
Indignant burfing from a tyrant's chain,
While, full of mE, each agitated foul
Strung every nerve and flam'd in every eye, 1025
Had e'er beheld fuch light and heat combin'd!
Such heads and hearts! Such dreadfu! zeal, led on
By calm majeftic Wifdom, taught its courfe
What nuifance to devour; fuch wifdom fir'd


With unabating zeal, and aim'd fincere
'To clear the weedy ftate, reftore the laws,
And for the future to fecure their fway. This then the purpofe of my mildeft fons:
But man is blind. A nation once inflam'd (Chief, fhould the breath of factious Fury blow, ro3s
With the wild rage of mad enthufiaft fwell'd)
Not eafy cools again. From breaft to breaft,
From eye to eye, the kindling paffions mix
In heighten'd blaze ; and, ever wife and juft,
High Heaven to gracious ends directs the form. 1040
Thus in one conflagration Britain wrapt,
And by Confufion's lawlefs fons defpoil'd,
King, Lords, and Commons, thundering to the ground,
Succeffive, rufh'd-Lo! from their afhes rofe,
Gay-beaming radiant youth, the *pbenix-fate. 1045
The gricvous yoke of vaffalage, the yoke
Of private life, lay by thofe flames diffolv'd; And, from the + wafteful, the luxurious king,
Was purchas'd $\ddagger$ that which taught the young to bend.
Stronger reftor'd, the Commons tax'd the whole, $10 ; 0$
And built on that eternal rock their power.
The crown, of its hereditary wealth
Defpoil'd, on fenates more dependent grew,
And they morc frequent, more affir'd. Yet liv'd, And in full vigour fpread that bitter root,
The paffire doctrines, by their patrons firft
Oppos'd ferocious, when they touch themfelves.
'This wild delufive cant ; the rafh cabal.

[^21]
## Part IV. LIBERTY.

Of hungry courtiers, ravenous for prey ;
The bigot, reflefs in a double chain
1060
To bind anew the land ; the conflant need
Of finding faithlers means, of flifting forms,
And flattering fenates, to fupply his wafte;
Thefe tore fome moments from the carelefs prince,
And in his breaft awak'd the kindred plan.
By dangerous foftnefs long he min'd his way;
By fubtle arts, diffimulation deep;
By fharing what corruption fhower'd, profufe;
By breathing wide the gay licentious plague, And pleafing manners, fitted to deceive.

At laft fubfided the delirious joy, -
On whofe high billow, from the faintly reign,
The nation drove too far. A penfion'd king, Againft his country brib'd by Gallic gold;
The port * pernicious fold, the Scylla fince
1075
And fell Cbarybdis of the Britib feas;
Freedom attack'd + abroad, with furer blow
To cut it off at home; the $\ddagger$ faviour-league
Of Europe broke; the progrefs even advanc'd
Of univerfal || fway, 'which to reduce
1080
Such feas of blood and treafure Britain coft;
The millions, by a generous people given,
Or fquander'd vile, or to corrupt, difgrace,
And awe the land with + forces not their own,
Employ'd; the darling church herfelf betray'd; 1085
All thefe, broad glaring, op'd the general eye,

## * Dwnkirk.

$\dagger$ The war, in conjunction with France, againft the Dutcb,
$\ddagger$ The triple alliance.
|| Under Lezvis XIV.

+ A fanding army, -raifed without the confent of parliament.

And wak'd my fpirit, the refifing foul.
Mild was, at firt, and half-atham'd, the check
Of fenates, mook from the fantafic dream Of abfolute fabmifion, tenets vile!

1090
Which Ilaves would bluith to own, and which, reduc'd
To practice, always honeft nature fhock.
Not even the maik remor'd, and the fierce front
Of Tyranny difclos'd; nor trampled laws;
Nor feiz'd each * badge of freedom thro' the land;
Nor Sianey bleeding for th' unpublifh'd page; $10 g 6$
Nor on the bench avo.v'd Corruption plac'd,
And murderous Rage itfelf, in Fefferies' form;
Nor endlefs acts of Arbitrary Power,
Cruel, and falfe; could raife the public arm.
Ditrulful, featter'd, of cómbining chiefs
Devoid, and dreading blind rapacious war,
The patient public turns not, till impell'd
To the near verge of ruin. Hence I rous'd
The + bigct King, and hurry'd fated on
His meafures immature. But chief his zeal,
Out-flaming Rome herfelf, portentous fcar'd
The troubled nation: Mary's horrid days
To fancy bleeding rofe, and the dire glare
Of Smitbfeld lighten'd in its eyes anew.
Yet filence reign'd. Each on another fcowl'd
Rueful amazement, preffing down lis rage:
As, muftering vengeance, the deep thunder frowns,
Awfully ftill, waiting the high command
To fpring. Straight from his country Eurofe fav'd,
To fave Britannia, lo! my darling fon,
1116

- The charters of corpor tions.
$\dagger$ Jancs II .
Than

Than hero more! the patriot of mankind !
Immortal Nassau came. I hufh'd the: deep
By demons rous'd, and bade the * lifted. winds, Still fifting as behov'd, with various breath,

1120
Waft the Deliverer to the longing fhore.
See! wide alive, the foaming + Cbannel bright
With fwelling fails, and all the pride of war, Delightful' view ! When Juttice draws the fiword:
And mark! diffufing ardent foul around,
$1125^{5}$ And fiveet contempt of death, my freaming $\ddagger$ flag. Even adverfe \|| navies blefs'd the binding gale, Kept down the glad acclaim, and filent joy'd. Arriv'd; the pomp, and not the wafte of armsHis progrefs mark'd. The faint-oppofing thof 1130 For once, in yielding their beft victory found, And by defertion prov'd exalted faith;
While his the blcodlefs conqueft of the heart, Shouts without groan, and triumph without war. Then dawn'd the period deftin'd to confine it : 1133 .
> * The Prince of Orange in his paflage to England, thoush his ficet haw been at firft difperfed by a forim, was aficiwards'extiemity faycured by feveral changes of wind.

+ Rapin, in his hittory of Engiand.-The third of November the fieet entered the Cbannel, and lay by between Calais and Dover, to ftay for the filips that were lehind. Here the Prince-calied a council of war.-It is eafy to imagine what a gloricus fhow the ficet. made. Five or fix hurdred fhips in fo narrow a channel, and both the Englifb and I reincb fhores covered with num erlefs frecators, are no common fight. Fur my part, who was then on board the flect, 1 own it ftruck me extremely.
$\ddagger$ The Prince placed himfelf-in the main boly, carryinga flag with Englij\% ce!ours, ard their Highneffes arms fursounded with this moto, The Protestant Religion and thé Lieerties of Figitand; and underneath the motto of the houfe of Naflut, Je Maletiendrai, I will maimain. Rapin.
of The Ensifk fleit: $\quad$ Yis $t$ The King's army.

The furge of wild prerogative, to raife
A mound reftraining its imperious rage,
And bid the raving deep no farther flow.
Nor were, without that fence, the fwallow'd flate
Better than Belgian plains without their dykes, 1140
Suftaining weighty feas, This, often fav'd
By more than human hand, the public faw,
And feiz'd the white-wing'd moment. *Pleas'd to yield
Deftructive power, a wife heroic $\dagger$ prince
Even lent his aid. -Thrice happy! did they know
Their happinefs, Britannia's bounded. Kings.
What tho' not theirs the boaft, in dungeon-glooms,
To'plunge bold Freedom; or, to cheerlefs wilds,
To drive him from the cordial face of friend;
Or fierce to frike him at the midnight-hour, $\quad 1150$ By mandate blind, not juftice, that delights
To dare the keeneft eye of open day.
What tho' no glory to control the laivs,
And make injurious will their only rule,
They deem it. . What tho', tools of wanton power,
Peftiferous armies fwarm not at their call.
What tho they give not a relentlefs crew
Of' civil furies, proud Oppreffion's fangs !
To tear at pleafure the dejected land,
With ftarving labour pampering idle wafte.
To clothe the naked, feed the hungry, wipe
The guiltlefs tear from lone Affliction's eye;
To raife hid Merit, fet th' alluring light
Of Virtue high to view ; to nourifh Arts,

[^22]Direct the thunder of an injur'd ftate, $)^{\prime}=111165$ Make a whole glorious people fing for joy, Blefs human-kind, and thro the downward depth Of future times to fpread that better fuń
Which lights up Britijh foul : for deeds like thefe,
The dazzling fair career unbounded lies; : 2.44 : 117 While (ftill fuperior blifs!) the dark abrupt Is kindly barr'd, the precipice of ill. Oh luxury divine! O poor to this, Ye giddy glories of defpotic thrones !. By this, by this indeed, is imag'd Heaven, 117.5 By boundlefs good without the power of ill.

And now behold! exalted as the cope
That fwells immenfe o'er many-peopled earth,
And like it free, my fabric fands complete, The Palace of the Laws. To the four heavens. Four gates impartial thrown, unceafing crouds, 118 z With Kings themfelves the hearty peafant mix'd, Pour urgent in. And tho' to different ranks Refponfive place belongs, yet equal fpreads The fheltering roof o'er all; while plenty flows, 1185 And glad contentment echoes round the whole. Ye floods defcend! Ye winds, confirming, blow! Nor outward tempeft, nor corrofive time, Nought but the felon undermining hand. Of dark Corruption, can its frame diffolve, \$igo. And lay the toil of ages in the duft.

## 118

## evis The CONTENTS of Part V.

AUibor addreffes the Goddess of Liberty, marking the bappinefs and grandeur of Great BriTAIN, as arifing from HER infuence; to ver. 88. She refumes her difcourfe, and points out'the sbief Virt tes' which are necefary to maintain Her Establishment there; to ver. 374. "Recommends; as" 1 's laft ornament and finißing, Sciences, Pine Arts, and public Works. The encouragement of thefe urged from the example of France, ithough under a defpotic government; $t 0$ ver. 549 . The whole concludes wivith a Prosprct of future times, given by the Goddess of Liberty : this defcribed by the autbor; as it pafles in V3sion before bim.

## THE

## $\mathbf{P} \quad \mathbf{O} \quad \mathbf{S} \quad \mathbf{C}:$

Being the FIFTHPART of
$\mathrm{L} \quad \mathrm{I} \quad \mathrm{B} \quad \mathrm{R} \quad \mathrm{T}$, A $\begin{array}{llll}P & O & E & M\end{array}$


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\mathbf{L} \quad \mathbf{I} \quad \mathbf{E} \quad \mathbf{R} \quad \mathbf{T} \quad \mathbf{Y}
$$

$$
P A R T V
$$

HEre interpofing, as the Goddess paus'd, "Oh blefs'd Britannia! in thy prefence " blefs'd,
"Thou guardian of mankind! whence fpring, alone,
"All human grandeur, happinefs, and fame:
" For toil, by тhee protected, feels no pain;
"The poor man's lot with milk and honey flows;
"And, gilded with thy rays, even death looks gay.
" Let other lands the potent bleffings boaft
"Of more exalting funs. Let $A f f_{\text {a's }}$ woods,
" Untended,

[^23]* And let the little infect-artift form,
"On higher life intent, its filken tomb.
* Let wondering rocks, in radiant birth, dicclofe,
"The various-tinetur'd children of the fun.
"From the prone beam let more delicious fruits
"A flavour drink, that in one piercing tafte
"Bids each combine. Let Gallic vineyards burft
"With floods of joy;" with mild balfamic juice
" The Tufcan olive. "Let Arabia breathe
*Her fpicy gales, her vital gums diftill.
"Turbid with gold, let fouthern rivers flow;
"And orient floods draw foft, o'er pearls, their maze.
"c Let Afric Naunt her treafures; let Perus
"Deep in her bowels her own ruin breed,
" The yellow traitor that her blifs betray'd,
"Unequall'd blifs! - and to unequall'd rage!
* Yet nor the gorgeous eaft, nor golden fouth,
"Nor, in full prime, that new-difcover'd world,
"Where flames the falling day, in wealth and praife,
"Shall with Britannia vie, while, Goddess, fhe 30
" Derives her praife from thee, her matchlefs charms.
" Her hearty fruits the hand of Freedomown;
"And, warm with culture, her thick-cluftering ficlds
"Prolific teem. Eternal vercure crowns
"Her meads; her gardens fmile eternal fpring. 35
"She gives the hunter-horfe, unquell'd by toil,
"Ardent, to rufh into the rapid chace :
"She whitening o'er her downs, diffufive, pours
"Unnumber'd flocks: The weaves the fleccy robe,
"That wraps the nations: The, to lufty droves, 40
*The richeft pafture fpreads; and, hers, deep-wave


## Part V.

" Autumnal feas of pleafing plenty round.
"There her delights : and by no baneful herb,
" No darting tyger, no grim lion's glare,
" No fierce defcending wolf, nor ferpent roll'd
" In fpires immenfe progreflive o'er the land,
"Difturb'd. Enlivening thefe, add cities, full
" Of wealth, of trade, of cheerful toiling crouds:
" Add thriving towns: add villages and farms,
" Innumerous fow'd along the lively vale,
" Where bold unrival'd peafants happy dwell:
" Add ancient feats, with venerable oaks
"Embofom'd high, while kindred floods below
"Wind thro' the méad; and thofe of modern hand,
" More pompous, add, that Splendid fhine afar: 55
os Need I her limpid lakes, her rivers name,
"Where fiwarm the finny race? Thee, chief, O " Thames!
" On whofe each tide, glad with returning fails,
"Flows in the mingled harveft of mankind?
's And thee, thou Severn, whofe prodigious fwell, 60
"And waves, refounding, imitate the main ?
"Why need I name her deep capacious ports,
"- That point around the world? And why her feas?
"All ocean is her own, and every land
"To whom her ruling thunder ocean bears.
" She too the mineral feeds: th' obedient Lead,
" The warlike Iron, nor the peaceful lefs,
"Forming of life art-civiliz'd the bond;
" And * that the $\mathcal{T}_{\text {rrian }}$ merchant fought of old,
"Not dreaming then of Britain's brighter fame.
"She rears to Freedom an undaunted race:
Vol. II.
L
" Compatriot
" Compatriot zcalous, hofpitable, kind,
"Hers the warm Cambrian: hers the lofty Scot,
"To hardfhip tam'd, active in arts and arms,
" Fir'd with a reflefs, an impatient flame,
" That leads him raptur'd where Ambition calls :
"And English Merit hers; where meet, com" bin'd,
"Whate'er high fancy, found judicious thought,
" An ample generous heart, undrooping foul,
"And firm tenacious valour can beftow. 80
" Great nurfe of fruits, of flocks, of commerce, s HE !
" Great nurfe of men! By thee, o Goddess, taught,
"Her old renown I trace, difclofe her fource
"Of wealth, of grandeur, and to Britons fing
"A ftrain the Mufes never touch'd before." 85
"But bozu foall tbis thy mighiy Kingdom fand?
"On what unyielding bafe? bowv finilb'd Joine?" At this her eye, collecting all its fire,
Beam'd more than human ; and her awful voice, Majeftic thus she rais'd-"To Britons bear
"This clofing ftrain, and with intenfer note
" Loud let it found in their awaken'd ear."
On Virtuecan alone my kingdom fand,
On public Virtue, every virtue join’d.
For, loft this focial cement of mankind,
The greateft empires, by.fcarce-felt degrees,
Will moulder foft away ; till, tottcring loofe,
They prone at laft to total ruin zuh.
Unblefs'd by Virtue, government a leazue
Becomes, a circling junto of the great,
100
To rob by law ; religion nild a yoke
To tame the tooping foul, a trick of fate

PartV. LIBERTY.
To mafk their rapine, and to fhare the prey.
What are without it fenates, fave a face
Of confultation deep and reafon free,
105
While the determin'd voice and heart are fold ?
What boafted freedom, fave a founding name?
And what election, but a market vilc
Of faves felf-barter'd? Virtue! without thee,
There is no ruling eye, no nerve, in ftates;
110
War has no vigour, and no fafety peace:
Even juflice warps to party, laws opprefs,
Wide thro' the land their weak protection fails,
Firt broke the balance, and then fcorn'd the fword.
Thus nations fink, fociety diffolves;
Rapine, and guile, and violence break loofe,
Everting life, and turning love to gall;
Man hates the face of man, and Indian woods
And Lybia's hiffing fands to him are tame.
By thofe threevirtues be the frame fuftain'd 120
Of Britishfreedom: Independent Life;
Integrity in Office; and, o'er all
Supreme, A passion for the Common-weal.
Hail! Independence, hail! Heaven's next beft gift,
To that of life and an immortal foul !
The life of life! that to the banquet high
And fober meal gives tafte; to the bow'd roof
Fair-dream'd repofe; and to the cottage charms.
Of public Freedom, hail, thou fecret fource!
Whofe freams, from every quarter confluent, form 130
Mr better Nile, that nurfes human life.
By rills from thee deduc'd, irriguous, fed,
The private field looks gay, with Nature's wealth
Abundant flows, and blooms with each delightThat nature craves. Its happy mafter there,135
The only free-man, walks his pleafing round:Sweet-featur'd Peace attending; fearlefs Truth;Firm Refolution; Goodnefs, bleffing allThat can rejoice; Contentment, fureft friend;And, ftill frefh fores from Nature's book deriv'd, 140Philofophy, companion ever new.Thefe cheer his rural, and fuftain or fire,When into action call'd, his bufy hours.Mean-time true judging moderate defires,Oeconomy and Tafte, combin'd, direct145
His clear affairs, and from debauching fiendsSecure his little kingdom. Nor can thofeWhom Fortune heaps, without thefe virtues, reachThat truce with pain, that animated eafe,That felf-enjoyment fpringing from within;
That Indeperdence, acive, or retir'd,
TVhich make the foundeft blifs of man below :
But, lof beneath the rubbifh of their means,And drain'd by wants to Nature all unknown,A wandering, taftelefs, gaily-wretched train,'I ho' rich, are beggars, and tho' noble, flaves.Lo! damn'd to wealth, at what a grofs expenfe,
They purchafe difappointment, pain, and fhame.Inftead of hearty hofpitable cheer,See! how the hall with brutal riot flows;
While in the foaming flood, fermenting, fleep'd,
The country maddens into party-rage.Mark ! thofe difgraceful piles of wood and ftone ;
Thofe parks and gardens, where, his haunts betrimm'd,
And Nature by prefumptuous Art opprefs'd, ..... 165
The

## Part V. LIBERTY.

The woodland genius mourns. See! the full board That fteams difguf, and bowls that give no joy: No Truth invited there, to feed the mind ; Nor Wit, the wine rejoicing reafon quaffs. Hark! how the dome with infolence refounds,
With thofe retain'd by Vanity to fcare
Repofe and friends. To tyrant Fafhion mark!
The coftly worfhip paid, to the broad gaze
Of fools. From fill delufive day to day,
Led an eternal round of lying hope,
See! felf-abandon'd, how they roam adrift, Dafh'd o'er the town, a miferable wreck!
'Then to adore forne warbling eunuch turn'd,
With Midas' ears they croud ; or to the buzz Of mafquerade unblufhing: or, to fhow
Their forn of Nature, at the tragic fcene
They mirthful fit, or prove the comic true. But, chief, behold! around the rattling board,
The civil robbers rang'd ; and even the fair,
The tender fair, each fweetnefs laid afide,
As fierce for plunder as all-licens'd troops
In fome fack'd city. Thus diffor'd their wealth,
Without one generous luxury diffolv'd,
Or quarter'd on it many a needlefs want,
At the throng'd levee bends the venal tribe:
With fair but faithlefs fmiles each varnih'd o'er,
Each fmooth as thofe chat mutually deceive,
And for their falfehood each derpising cach;
Till fhook their patron by the wint'ry winds,
Wide flies the withicr'd fhower, and leaves him bare.
O fur fuperior Afruc's fable fonṣ,
By merchant pilfer'd, to theie willing haves !

And, rich, as unfqueez'd favourite, to them,
Is he who can his virtue boaft alone!
Britons! be firm!-nor let Corruption fly 200
Twine round your heart indiffoluble chains!
The fteel of Brutus burf the groffer bonds
By Ccefar caft o'er Rome; but ftill remain'd
The foft inchanting fetters of the mind,
And other Cefars rofe. Determin'd, hold 205
Ycur Independence; for, that once deftroy'd,
Unfounded, Freedom is a morning-dream,
That flits aërial from the fpreading eye.
Forbid it Heaven! that ever 1 need urge
Integrity in Office on my fons!
Inculcate common honour - not to rob -
And whom ? - the gracious, the confiding hand,
That lavifhly rewards; the toiling poor,
Whofe cup with many a bitter drop is mix'd ;
The guardian public ; every face they fee,
And every friend; nay, in effect, themfelves.
As in familiar life, the villain's fate
Admits no cure; fo, when a defperate age
At this arrives, I the devoted race
Indignant fpurn, and hopelefs foar away.
But, ah too little known to modern times !
Be not the nobleft paffion pafs'd unfung;
That ray peculiar, from unbounded Love
Effus'd, which kindles the heroic foul;
Devotion to the Public. Glorious flame!
Celetial ardour! in what unknown worlds,
Profufely fcatter'd thro' the blue immenfe,
Haft thou been bleffing myriads, fince in Rome, Old virtuous Rome, fo many deathlefs names

## Part V. LI BERTY.

From thee their luftre drew? fince, taught by thee,
Their poverty put fplendour to the blufh,

O wilt thou ne'er, in thy long period, look, is $I^{\circ}$. . $^{\text {. }}$ With blaze direet, on this my laft retreat ?
'Tis not enough, from Self right underfood, 235
Reflected, that thy rays inflame the heart:
Tho' Virtue not difdains appea!s to Self,
Dreads not the trial ; all her joys are true,
Nor is there any real joy fave hers.
Far lefs the tepid, the declaiming race, 240
Foes to Corruption, to its wages friends,
Or thofe whom private paffions, for a while,
Beneath my fandard lift, can they fuffice,
To raife and fix the glory of my Reign?
An active flood of univerfal Love \&, 245
Muft fwell the breaf. Firt, in effufion wide,
The reflefs fpirit roves creation round,
And feizes every being : flronger then
It tends to Life, whate'er the kindred fearch
Of blifs allies: then, more collected fill,
It urges Human-kind : a paffion grown,
At laft, the central Parent-Public calls
Its utmoft effort forth, awakes each fenfe,
The comely, grand, and tender. Without this,
This awful pant, fhook from fublimer powers
Than thofe of Self, this Heaven-infus'd delight,
This moral gravitation, rufhing prone
To prefs the public good, my fyfem foon,
'Traverfe, to feveral felfifh centres drawn,
Will reel to ruin: while for ever fhut
Stand the bright portals of defponding Fame.

From fordid Self fhoot up no fhining deeds, None of thofe ancients lights, that gladden earth,
Give grace to being, and arroufe the brave
To juft ambition, Virtue's quickening fire!
Life tedious grows, an idly-bufling round,
Fill'd up with actions animal and mean,
A dull gazette! Th' impatient reader fcorns
The poor hiftoric page; till kindly comes
Oblivion, and redeems a people's fhame.
Not fo the times, wlen, emulation-fung,
Grerce fhone in Genius, Science, and in Arts,
And Rome in virtues dreadful to be told!
To live was glory then ! and charm'd mankind,
Thro' the deep periods of devolving time,
Thofe, raptur'd, copy; thefe, aftonif'd, read.

- True, a corrupted ftate, with every vice

And every meannefs foul, this paffion damps.
Who can, unthock'd, behold the cruel eye?
The pale inveigling fmile? the ruffian front?
The wretch abandon'd to relentlefs felf,
Equally vile if mifer or profufe?
Powers not of GoD, affiduous to corrupt?
The fell deputed tyrant, who devours

- The poor and weak, * at diftance from redrefs? 285

Delirious faction bellowing loud MY name?
The falfe fair-feeming patriot's hollow boaft ?
A race refolv'd on bondage, fierce for chains,
My facred rights a merchandife alone

[^24]Efteeming, and to work their feeder's will
By deeds, a horror to mankind, prepar'd,
As were the dregs of Romulus of old ?
Who thefe indeed can undetefing fee ?
But who unpitying? to the generous eye
Diftrefs is virtue ; and, tho' felf betray'd,
A people fruggling with their fate muft roufe
The hero's throb. Nor can a land, at once,
Be lof to virtue quite. How glorious then!
Fit luxury for gods! to fave the good,
Protect the feeble, daif bold vice afide,
Deprefs the wicked, and reftore the frail!
Pofterity, befides, the young are pure,
And fons may tinge their father's cheek with fhame.
Should then the times arrive (which Heaven avert!)
That Britons tend unnerv'd, not by the force 305
Of arms, more generous, and more manly, quell'd,
But by Corruption's foul-dejecting arts,
Arts impadent! and grofs! by their own gold,
In part beftow'd, to bribe them to give all.
With party raging, or immers'd in floth,
Should they Britannia's well-fought laurels yield
To fily conquering Gaul; even from her brow
Let her own naval oak be bafely torn, By fuch as tremble at the fiffening gale,
And nervelefs fink while others fing rejoic'd.
Or (darker profpect ! fcarce one gleam behind
Difclofing) fhould the broad corruptive plague
Breathe from the city to the fartheft hut,
That fits ferene within the foren-fhade;
The fever'd people fire, inflame their wants,
And their luxurious thift, fo gathering rage,
That,

That, were a buyer found, they fand prepar'd
To fell their birth-right for a cooling draught.
Should Mhamelefs pens for plain Corruption plead;
The hir'd affafins of the commonweal!
Deem'd the declaiming rant of Greece and Rome,
Shouid Public Virtue grow the public fcoff,
Till Private, failing, faggers thro' the land:
Till round the city loofe mechanic Want,
Dire-prowling nightly, makes the cheerful haunts 330
Of men more hideous than Numidian wilds,
Nor from its fury fleeps the vale in peace;
And murders, horrors, perjuries abound :
Nay, till to lowert deeds the higheft foop;
The rich, like ftarving wretches, thirft for gold; 335
And thofe, on whom the vernal mowers of Heaven
All bounteous fall, and that prime lot beflow,
A power to live to Nature and Themfelves,
In fick attendance wear their anxious days,
With fortune, joylefs, and with honours, mean. 340
Mean-time, perhaps, Profufion flows around,
The wafte of War, without the works of Peace;
No mark of millions in the gulf abforpt
Of uncreating Vice, none but the rage
Of rous'd Corruption ftill demanding more.
That very portion, which (by faithful Skill
Employ'd) might make the fmiling Public rear
Her ornamented head, drill'd thro' the hands
Of mercenary tools, ferves but to nurfe
A locuft band within, and in the bud
Leaves ftarv'd each work of dignity and ufe.

- Ipaint the worf. But fhould thefe times arrive,

If any nobler paffion yet remain,

Let all MY fons all parties fling afide,
Defpife their nonfenfe, and together join;
Let Worth and Virtue fcorning low defpair, Exerted full, from every quarter fhine,
Commix'd in heighten'd blaze. Light flafh'd to light Moral, or intellectual, more intenfe
By giving glows. As on pure winter's eve, $\quad 360$ Gradual, the ftars effulge ; fainter, at firft, They, fraggling, rife; but when the radiant hoft, In thick profufion pour'd, thine out immenfe, Each cafting vivid influence on each, From pole to pole a glittering deluge plays, 365 And worlds above rejoice, and men below.

But why to Britons this fuperfluous frain?-
Good-nature, honeft truth even fomewhat blunt, Of crooked bafenefs an indignant fcorn, A zeal unyielding in their country's caufe, 370 And ready Bounty, wont to dwell with themNor only wont-Wide o'er the land diffus'd, In many a blefs'd retirement ftill they dwell.

To fofter profpect turn we now the view, To laurel'd Science, Arts, and Public Works, That lend my finish'd Fabric comely pride, 376 Grandeur and grace. Of fullen genius he! Curs'd by the Mufes ! by the Graces loath'd! Who deems bencath the public's high regard
Thefe la!t enlivening touches of my reign.
However puff'd with power, and gorg'd with wealth, A nation be; let trade encrinous rife,
Let Eaft and South their mingled treafure pour, Till, fwell'd impetuous, the corrupting flood
Burft o'er the city and devour the land:

Yet thefe neglected, thefe recording Arts, Wealth rots, a nuifance; and, oblivious funk, That nation muft another Cartbage lie. If not by them, on monumental brafs, On fculptur'd marble, on the deathlefs page,
Imprefs'd, renown had left no trace behind:
In vain, to future times, the fage had thought,
The legiflator plann'd, the hero found
A beauteous death, the patriot toil'd in vain.
Th' awarders they of Fame's immortal wreath,
They roufe Ambition, they the mind exalt,
Give great ideas, lovely forms infufe,
Delight the general eye, and, drefs'd by them,
The moral Venus glows with double charms.
Science, my clofe affociate, fill attends
Where-e'er I go. Sometimes, in fimple guife,
She walks the furrow with the conful fwain, Whifpering unletter'd wifdom to the heart,
Direct; or, fometimes, in the pompous robe Of Fancy drefs'd, fhe charms Atbenian wits,
And a whole fapient city round her burns.
Then o'er her brow Minerva's terrors nod:
With Xenophon, fometimes, in dire extremes,
She breathes deliberate foul, and makes * Retreat
Unequall'd glory: with the Theban fage,
Epaminondas, firt and beft of men!
Sometimes fhe bids the deep-embattled hoft,
Above the vulgar each, refiftlefs form'd,
March to fure conquett - never gain'd before + !

[^25]Nor on the treacherous' feas of giddy fate
Unikilful fhe : when the triumphant tide
Of high-fwoln empire wears one boundlefs fmile,
And the gale tempts to new purfuits of fame,
Sometimes, with Scipio, fhe collects her fail,
And feeks the blifsful fhore of rural eafe, 420
Where, but th' Aonian maids, no Syrens fing.
Or fhould the deep-brew'd tempeft muttering rife, While rocks and fhoals perfidious lark around,
With Tully fhe her wide-reviving light
To fenates holds, a Catiline confounds,
And faves a while from Cofar finking Rome.
Such the kind power, whofe piercing eye diffolves
Each mental fetter, and fets Reafon free;
For me infpiring an enlighten'd zeal,
The more tenacious as the more convinc'd 430
How happy freemen, and how wretched flaves. To Britons not unknown, to Britons full
The Goddess fpreads her fores, the fecret foul
That quickens trade, the breath unfeen that wafts
To them the treafures of a balanc'd world.
But finer Arts (fave what the Muse has fung
In dring flight, above all modern wing)
Neglected droop the head; and Public Works,
Broke by Corruption into private gain,
Not ornament, difgrace; not ferre, deftroy.
440
Shall Britons, by their own Joint $W_{1 s d o m}$ rul'd
Beneath one Royal Head, whofe vital power
lies, in the battle of Leußra, made an incurfion, at the head of a, powerful army, into Laconia. It was now. fix hundred years fince the Dorians had poffefled this country, and in all that time the face of an enemy had not been feen within their territories, Plutarcb in $A_{g} t^{-}$ filaus.

Vol. II.
M
Connects,

Connects, enlivens, and exerts the Whole; In finer Arts, and Pudlic Works, fhall they
'To Gallia yield ? yield to a land that bends,
Deprefs'd, and broke, beneath the will of One?
Of One who, fhould th' unkingly thirft of gold,
Or tyrant pafions, or ambition, prompt,
Calls locult-armies o'er the blafted land:
Drains from its thirfty bounds the fprings of wealth, His own infatiate refervoir to fill :
To the lone defert Patriot-Merit frowns,
Or into dungeons Arts, when they, their chains,

- Indignant, burfing, for their nobler works

All other licence forn but Truth's and Mine.
Oh fhame to think! fhall Brirons, in the field
Unconquer'd fill, the better laurel lofe?
Even in that * Monarch's reign, who vainly dream'd, By giddy power, betray'd,-2nd flater'd pride, To grafp unbounded fivay; while, fwarming round, His armies dar'd all Europp to the field ;
To hofile hands while treafure flow'd profure, And, that great fource of treafure, fubjects' blood, Inhuman fquander'd, ficken'd every land; From Britann, chief, while my fuperior fons, 46 ; In vengeance rufhing, daff'd his idle hopes, And bad his agonizing heart be low: Even then, as in the golden calin of peace, What Public Works, at home, what Arts arofe! What various Scrence floone! what Genius glow'd! 'Tis not for me to paint, diffufive fhot
O'cr fair exterts of land, the fhizing road;

[^26]The flood-compelling arch; the long * canal, Thro' mountains piercing and uniting feas; The $t$ dome refounding fiweet with infant joy, 475 From famine fav'd, or cruel-handed fhame, And that where $\dagger$ Valour counts his noble fcars; The land where focial Pleafure loves to dwell, Of the fierce demon, Gothic Duel, freed; The robber from his fartheft forelt chas'd; 480
The turbid city clear'd, and, by degrees,
Into fure peace the beft police refin'd,
Magnificence, and grace, and decent joy.
Let Gallic bards record, how honour'd Ar ts, And Science, by defpotic bounty blefs'd, At diftance flouifild from my Parent-Eye. Refloring ancient tafte, how Boideau rofe. How the big Roman foul fhook, in Corneille, The trembling ftage. In elegant Racine;
How the more powerful tho' more humble voice $49^{\circ}$ Of nature-painting Greece, refiftiefs, breath'd The whole awaken'd heart. How Moliere's fcene, Chafis'd and regular, with well-judg'd wit, Not fcatter'd wild, and native humour, grac'd, Was life itfelf. 'To public honours rais'd,
How learning in warm $\ddagger$ feminaries fpread ;
And, more for glory than the fmall reward,
How emulation ilrove. How their pure tongue Almoft obtain'd what was deny'd their arms.
From Rome, a while, how Painting, courted long, 500 With Poussin came; Ancient Defign, that lifts

* The canal of $L$ ingueioc.
$\dagger$ The hofpitals for foundlings and invalids,
ing.


## A fairer front, and looks another foul.

How the kind * Art, that, of unvalu'd price,
The fam'd and only picture, eafy, gives,
Refin'd her touch, and, thro' the fhadow'd piece, 505
All the live fpirit of the painter pour'd.
Coyeft of Arts, how Sculpture northward deign'd
A look, and bad her Girardon arife.
How lavifh grandeur blaz'd; the barren wafte, Afonifh'd, faw the fudden palace fwell,
And fountains fpout amid its arid fhades.
For leagues, bright viftas opening to the view,
How forefts in majeftic gardens fmil'd.
How menial Arts, by their gay fifters taught,
Wove the deep flower, the blooming foliage train'd
In joyous figures o'er the filky lawn,
The palace cheer'd, illum'd the fory'd wall,
And with the pencil vy'd the glowing loom $t$.
Thefe laurels, Lovis, by the droppings rais'd
Of thy profifion, its difhonour thade,
And, green thro' future times, fhall bind thy brow;
While the vain honours of perfidions war
Wither abhorr'd, or in oblivion loft.
With what prevailing vigour had they fhot,
And ftole a deeper root, by the full tide
Of war-funk-millions fed? Superior ftill,
How had they branch'd luxuriant to the fkies,
In Britain planted, by the potent juice
Of Freedom fivell'd? Forc'd is the bloom of Arts,
A falfe uncertain fpring, when Bounty gives,

[^27]Weak without ME , a tranfitory gleam.
Fair fline the flippery days, enticing fkies Of favour fmile, and courtly breezes blow; Till Arts, betray'd, truft to the flattering air Their tender bloffom: then malignąht rife 535
The blights of envy, of thofe infest-clouds, That, blafting Merit, often cover courts :
Nay, fhould, perchance, fome kind Mecensas aid
The doubtful beannings of his $P_{r i n c t}$ 's foul,
His wav'ring ardour fix, and unconfin'd
Diffufe his warm benefcence around;
Yet death, at laft, and wint'ry tyrants come,
Each fprig of Genius killing at the root.
Sut when with me Imperial Bounty joins,
Wide o'er the public blows eternal fpring;
While mingled autumn every harveft pours
Of every land; whate'er Invention, Art,
Creating Toil and Nature can produce.
Here ceas'd the Goddess ; and her ardent wings,
Dipt in the colours of the heavenly bow,
Stood waving radiance round, for fudden flight
Prepar'd, when thus, impatient, burft my prayer.
"Oh forming light of life! O better fun!
"Sun of mankind! by whom the cloudy North,
"Sublim'd, not envies Languedocian Ikies,
" That, untain'd æther all, diffufive fmile:
"When fall we call thefe ancient laurels ours?
"And rwben thy Work complece ?" Straight with her hand,
Celeftial red, she touch'd my darken'd eyes.
As at the touch of day the fhades difiolve, So quick, methought, the mifty circle clear'd,

That dims the dawn of being here below :
The future fhone difclos'd, and, in long view,
Bright rifing æras inflant rufh'd to light.
"They come! Great Goddess! I the times be. " hold!
" The times our fathers, in the bloody field,
"Have earn'd fo dear, and, not with lefs renown,
"In the warm fruggles of the fenate-fight.
"The times I fee! whofe glory to fupply,
$\because$ For toiling ages, Commerce round the world

- Has wing'd unnumber'd fails, and from each land
" Materials heap'd, that, well-employ'd, with Rome
" Might vie our Grandeur, and with Grrece our "Art.
" "Lo! Princes I behold! contriving fill,
" And fill conduating firm fome brave defign;
"K:ngs! that the narrow joylefs circle forn,
"Burt the blockade of falfe defigning men,
"Of treacherous fmiles, of adulation fell,
"And of the blinding clouds around them thrown :
*Their court rejoicing millions; Worth, alone, 580
" And Virtue dear to them ; their beft delight,
" In juft proportion, to give general joy;
" Their jealous care thy Kingdom to maintain ;
"The public glory theirs; unfparing love
"Their endlefs treafure ; and their deeds their praife.
"With thee they work. Nought can refift your " force:
" Life feels it quickening in her dark retreats:
* Strong fpread the blooms of Genius, Science, Art;
" His bafhful bounds difclofing Merit breaks;
* And, big with fruits of Glory, Virtue blows $59^{\circ}$
" Expanfive o'er the land. Another race
"Of generous Youth, of Patriot-Sires, I fee!.
" Not thofe vain infects fluttering in the blaze
"Of court, and ball, and play; thofe venal fouls,
"Corruption's veteran unrelenting bands, 595.
" That, to their vices flaves, can ne'er be free.
"I fee the Fountain's purg'd! whence life de" rives
" A clear or turbid flow; fee the young mind
". Not fed impure ty chance, by flattery fool'd,
"Or by fcholaftic jargon bloated proud, 600
"But fill'd and nourifh'd by the light of truth.
"Then, beam'd thro' fancy the refining ray,
"And pouring on the heart, the paffions feel
"At once informing light alid moving flame;
"Till moral, public, graceful action crown's
" The whole. Behold! the fair contention glows,
" In all that mind or body can adorn,
"And form to life. Inftead of barren heads,
" Barbarian pedants, wrangling fons of pride,
"And truth-perplexing metaphyfic wits, 610
"Men, patriots, chiefs and citizens are form'd. " Lo! Justice, like the liberal light of heaven,
" Unpurchas'd fhines on all, and from her beam,
" Appalling guilt, retire the favage crew,
"That prowl amid the darknefs they themfelves 615
"Have thrown arcund the laws. Opprefion grieves,
"See! how her legal furies bite the lip,
"While Yorks and Talbots their deep fnares detect,
"And feize fwift juftice thro' the clouds they raife. " See! focial Labour lifts his guarded head, $6 z 0$
" And men not yield to government in vain.
" From
" From the fure land is tooted rúfian force,
" Ånd, the lewd nurfe of villains, idle watte;
" Lo! raz'd their haunts, down dafh'd their madden " ing bowl;
"A nation's poifon! Beauteous order reigns! 625
"Manly fubmiffion, unimpofing toil,
"' Trade without guife, civility that marks
". From the foul herd of brutal flaves тHiy fons,
"And fearlefs peace. Or mould affronting war
"To flow but dreadful vengeance roufe the juft, 630
*. Unfailing fields of Freemien I behold!
" That know, with their own proper arm, to guard
" Their own blefs'd ifle againtt a leaguing world.
" Defpairing Gaul her boiling youth reftrains,
"Diffolv'd her dream of univerfal fiway :
${ }^{\circ}$ "The winds and feas aré Britain's wide domain;
"And not a fail, but by permiffion, fpreads. "Lo! fwarming fouthward on rejoicing funs,
" Gay Colonies extend ; the calm retreat
" Of undeferv'd diftrefs, the better home
*! Of thofe whom bigots chafe from foreign lands.
" Not built on Rapine, Servitade, and Wo,
" And in their turn fome petty tyrant's prey;
"But, bound by focial Freedom, firm they rife;
"Such as, of late, an Oglethorpe has form'd, 645
* And, crouding round, the charm'd Savannah fees. "Horrid with want and mifery, no more
"Our ftreets the tender paffenger aflict.
"Nor fhivering age, nor ficknefs without friend,
"Or home, or bed to bear his burning load,
* Nor agonizing infant, that ne'er earn'd
" Its guịltlefs pangs, I fee! The fores, profufe,
"Which Britißa bounty has to thefe affign'd,
" No more the facrilcgious riot fwell
"Of cannibal devourers ! Right apply'd, $\quad 655$
" No ftarving wretch the land of Freedom ftains:
" If poor, employment finds; if old demands,
" If fick, if maim'd, his miferable due;
" And will, if young, repay the fondeft care.
"Sweet fets the fun of formy life, and fweet 1660
" The morning thines, in Mercy's dews array'd.
" Lo! how they rife! these Families of Heaven !
" * That! chief, (but why-ye bigots! - why fo late?)
"Where blooms and warbles glad a rifing age:
"What fmiles of praife! And, while their fong a" fcends,
"The liftening feraph lays his lute afide.
" Hark! the gay Muses raife a nobler ftrain,
" With active nature, warm impafion'd truth,
"Engaging fable, lucid order, notes
"Of various ftring, and heart-felt image fill'd. 670
"Behold! I fee the dread delightful fchool
"Of temper'd paffions, and of polifh'd life,
" Reftor'd: behold! the well-diffembled feene
"Calls from embellifh'd eyes the lovely tear,
"Or lights up mirth in modeft cheeks again. 675
" Lo! vanifh'd Monfter-land. Lo! diven away
"Thofe that Apollo's facred walks profane:-
" Their wild creation featter'd; where a world
" Unknown to Nature, Chaos more confus ${ }^{2} d$,
* An hofpital for foundings.
"O'er the brute fcene its * Ouran-Oittangs pours ; 680
"Detefted forms! that, on the mind imprefs'd,
"Corrupt, confound, and barbarize an age.
"Behold! all thine again the Sister-Arts,
". Thy Graces they, knit in harmonious dance.
" Nurs'd by the treafure from a nation drain'd $\quad 695$
"Their works to purchafe, they to nobler roufe
" Their untam'd genius, their unfetter'd thought;
"Of pompous tyrants, and of dreaming monks,
"The gaudy tools, and prifoners, no more. " Lo! numerous Domes a Burlington confefs:
*For Kings and Senates fit, the palace fee! 691
" The temple breathing a religious awe;
"Even fram'd with elegance the plain retreat,
"The private dwelling. Certain in his aim,
© Tafte, never idly working, faves expenfe. 695
"See! Sylvan Scenes, where Art, alone, pre" tends
"To drefs her Miftrefs, and difclofe her charms:
"Such as a Popa in miniature has fhown ;
"A Bathurst o'er the widening + foreft fpreads;
"And fuch as form a Richmond, Chiswick, Srowe.

700
"August, around, what Pupicic Works I fee!
\%. Lo! ftately frreets, 10 ! fquares that court the breeze,
"In fpite of thofe to whom pertains the care,
" Ingulfing more than founded Rowion ways,
"Lo! ray'd from cities o'er the brighten'd land, 705
"Conneating fea to fea, the folid road.
" Lo! the proud arch (no vile exactor's ftand)

* A creature, which, of all brutes, moft rufembles man. - See

Dr Ty ${ }^{n}$ n's treatife on this ani nal.
${ }^{31}+$ Okely woods, near Cirencefter.
"With eafy fweep beftrides the chafing flood.
" See! long canals, and deepen'd rivers join
" Each part with each, and with the circling main 710
" The wbole enliven'd ifle. Lo! ports expand,
" Free as the winds and waves, their fheltering arms.
"Lo! freaming comfort o'er the troubled deep,
"O On every pointed coaft the light-houfe tow'rs; ;
" And, by the broad imperious mole repell'd, 715
"Hark! how the bafled ftorm indignant roars." As thick to view these varied wonders rofe, Shook all my foul with tranfport, unaflur'd, The Vision broke; and, on my waking eje, Rufh'd the fill Ruins of dejected Rome.
${ }^{5} 44$

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Of the Right Honourable the

## L O R D T A L B O T,

Late Chancellor of Great Britain $\times \times \times \times \times \infty \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times \times$

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Of the Right Honourable the

## L O R D TA L B O T.

Addreffed to his Son.

NTHile, with the public, you, my Lord, lament A friend and father loft ; permit the Mufe,

The Mufe affign'd of old a double theme,
To praife dead worth and humble living pride,
Whofe generous tafk begins where int'reft ends,
Pernit her on a Talbot's tomb to lay
This cordial verfe fincere, by truth infpir'd,
Which means not to beftow but borrow fame.
Yes, fhe may fing his matchlefs virtues now-
Unhappy that fhe may.-But where begin?
10
How from the diamond fingle out each ray,
Where all, tho' trembling with ten thoufand hues,
Effufe one dazzling undivided light?
Let the low-minded of there narrow days
No more prefume to deem the lofty tale $\quad 15$
Of ancient times, in pity to their own,
Romance. In Talbot we united faw
The piercing eye, the quick enlighten'd foul,
The graceful eafe, the flowing tongue of Grece,
Join'd to the virtues and the force of Rome.
Eternal Wisdom, that all-quick'ning fun,
Whence every life, in juft proportion, draws
Directing light and actuating flame,
Ne'er with a larger portion of its beams
Awaken'd mortal clay. Hence fteady, calm, $\quad 25$
Diffufive, decp, and clear, his reafon faw,
With inflantaneous view, the truth of things;
Chief what to human life and human blifs
Pertains, that nobleff fcience, fit for man :
And hence, refponfive to his knowledge, glow'd
His ardent virtue. Ignorance and vice,
In confort foul, agree ; each heightening each;
While virtue draws from knowledge brighter fire.
What grand, what comely, or what tender fenfe, Vos. II.

N
What

## 146 To the Memory of

What talent, or what virtue was not his;
What that can render man or great, or good,
Give ufeful worth, or amiable grace?
Nor could he brook in ftudious fhade to lie,
In foft retirement, indolently 'pleas'd
With felfifh peace. The Syren of the wife,
(Who fteals th' Aonian fong, and, in the fhape
Of virtue, wooes them from a worthlefs worid),
Tho' deep he felt her charms, could never melt
His Arenuous fpirit, recollected, calm;
As filent night, yet active as the day.
The more the bold, the bufling, and the bad,
Prefs to ufurp the reins of power, the more
Behoves it virtue, with indignant zeal, .
To check their combination. Shall low views
Of ineaking Int'reft or luxurious Vice,
The villain's paffions, quicken more to toil,
And dart a livelier vigour thro' the foul,
Than thofe that, mingled with our trueft good,
With prefent honour and immortal fame,
Involve the good of all ? An empty form
Is the weak virtue, that amid the fhade
Lamenting lies, with future fchemes amus'd,
While Wickednefs and Folly, kindred porvers,
Confound the world. A Talbot's, different far, Sprung ardent into action : action, that difdain'd 60 To lofe in deathlike floth one pulfe of life,
That might be fav'd ; diftain'd for coward eafe,
And her infipid pleafures, to refign
The prize of glory, the keen fweets of toil,
And thofe high joys that teach the truly great
To live for others, and for others die.

Early, behold! he breaks benign on life. Not breathing more beneficence, the fipring. Leads in her fwelling train the gentle airs: While gay, behind her, fmiles the kindling' wafte ' 70 Of rufian ftorms and winter's lawlefs rage. In him Affrea, to this dim abode Of ever wandering men, return'd again : To blef3 them his delight, to bring them back; From thorny error, from unjoyous wrong, $\quad 75$ Into the paths of kind primeval faith ${ }_{n}$ Of happinefs and juftice. All his parts, His virtues all, collested, fought the good Of human -kind. For that he, fervent, felt 'The throb of patriots,' when they model ftates: 80
Anxious for that, nor needfal neep could hold His fill-awaken'd foul; nor friends had charms To fteal, with pleafing guile, one ufeful hour; Toil knew no languor, no attraction joy. Thus with unwearied fteps, by Virtue led, - 8 ; He gain'd the fummit. of that facred hill, Where rais'd above black Envy's dark'ning clouds, is Her fpotlefs temple lifts its radiant front.
Be nam'd, victorious ravagers, no more! Vanih, ye human comets! Mrink your blaze! - yo
Ye that your glory to your terrors owe,
As, o'er the gazing defolated earth,
You fcatter famine, peftilence, and war;
Vanim! before this vernal fun of fame; Effulgent fweetnefs! beaming life and joy. 95

How the heart liften'd while he, pleading, fpoke!... While on th' enlighten'd mind, with winning art, $\ldots \rightarrow s$ His gentle reafon fo perfuafive flole,

That the charm'd hearer thought it was his own.

Ah! when, ye fudious of the laws, again
Shall fuch inchanting lefions blefs your ear ?
When fhall again the darkeft truths, perplex'd,
Be fet in ample day i when fhall the harf And arduous open into fmiling eafe?
The folid mix with elegant delight?
His was the talent with the pureft light
At once to pour conviction on the foul,
And warm with lawful fame th' impaffion'd heart.
That dangerous gift with him, was fafely lodg'd
By heaven-He facred to his country's cailie,
'To trampled want and worth, to fuffering right,
To the lone widow's and her orphan's woes,
Referv'd the mighty charm:I With equal brow,
Defpifing then the fmiles or frowns of power,
He all that nobleft eloquence effus'd,
Which generous paffion, taught by reafon, breathes:-
Then ipoke the man; ànd, over barren art,
Prevail'd abundant nature. Freedom then
His client was, humanity and truth.
Plac'd on the feat of juffice, there he reign'd, 120
In a fuperior fphere of cloudlefs day,
A pure intelligence. No tumult there,
Tio dark emotion, no intemp'rate heat,
No paftion e'er difturb'd the clear ferene
'That round him ipread. A zeal for right alone, 125
'I he love of juftice, like the feady fun,
Its equal ardour lent ; and fometimes rais'd Aganitt the fons of viclence, of pride, And bold deceit, his indignation gleam'd, Yet thill by fober dignity refrain'd.

As intuition quick, he fnatch'd the truth,
Yet with progreflive patience, ftep by ftep,
Self.diffident, or to the flower kind,
He thro' the maze of falfehood trac'd it on,
Till, at the laft, evolv'd, it full appear'd, $\quad 135$
And even the lofer own'd the juit decree.
But when, in fenates, he, to Freedom firm,
Enlighten'd Freedom, plann'd falubrious laws,
His various learning, his wide knowledge, then, His infight deep into Britannia's weal, 140
Spontaneous feem'd from fimple fenfe to flow,
And the plain patriot fmooth'd the brow of law.
No fpecious fivell, no frothy pomp of words
Fell on the cheated ear ; no tudy'd maze Of declamation, to perplex the right,
He darkening threw around : fafe in itfelf,
In its own force, all-powerful Reafon fpoke;
${ }^{\text {C }}$ While on the great, the ruling point, at once; He fream'd decifive day, and fhow'd it vain: To lengthen farther out the clear debate.
Conviction breathes conviction; to the heart,
Pour'd ardent forth in eloquence wnbid,
¿The heart attends: for let the ivenal try
'Their every hard'ning, ftupifying art,
Truth muft prevail, zeal will enkindle zeal,
And Nature, ©kilful touch'd, is honeft fill.
Behold him in the councils of his prince.
What faithful light he lends? How rare, in courts,
Such wifdom! fuch abilities! and join'd
To virtue fo determin'd, public zeal,
And honour of fuch adamantine proof,
As even Corruption, hopelefs, and o'eraw'd,

Durft not have tempted! Yet of manners mild,
And winning every heart, he knew to pleafe, Nobly to pleafe; while equally he fcorn'd
Or adulation to receive, or give.
Happy the ftate, where wakes a ruling eye
Of fuch inipection keen, and general care !
Beneath a guard to vigilant, io pure,
Toil may refign his carelefs head to reft,
And ever-jealous Freedom ileep in peace.
Ah ! lolt untimely ! loft in downward days !
And many a patriot counfel with him loft!
Counfels, that niight have humbled Britain's foe,
Her native foe, from eldett time by fate
Appointed, as did once a Talbot's arms. Let learning, arts, let univerfal worth, Lament a patron loft, a friend and judge. Unlike the fons of vanity, that veil'd. Beneath the patron's proftituted name,
Dare facrifice a worthy man to pride,
And fluth coufution o'er an honeft cheek.
When heiconferr'd a grace, it feem'd a debt
Which he to merit, to the public, paid,
And to the great all-bounteous Source of good. | . 185 His fympathizing heart itfelf receiv'd The generous ubligation he beflow'd.
This, this indeed, is patronizing worth.
Their kind protector him the Muies own,
But forn with noble pride the boalted aid 190
Of taftelefs vanity's infulting hand.
The gracious fream, that cheers the letter'd world,
Is not the noify gift of fummer's noon, Whofe fudden current, from the naked root,

Wafhes the little foil which yet remain'd, $\quad 195$
And only more dejects the blufhing flowers :
No, 'tis the foft-defcending dews at eve,
The filent treafares of the vernal year,
Indulging deep their fores, the ftill night long;
Till, with returning morn, the frefhen'd, world, 200
Is fragrance all, all beauty, joy, and fong.
Still let me view him in the pleafing light
Of private life, where pomp forgets to glare,
And where the plain unguarded foul is feen.
There, with that trueft greatnefs he appear'd, 11205
Which thinks not of appearing; kindly veilld
In the foft graces of the friendly fcene,
Infpiring focial confidence and eafe.
As free the converfe of the wife and good,
As joyous, difentangling every power,
And breathing mix'd improvement with delight,
As when amid the various-bloffom'd fpring,
Or gentle-beaming autumn's penfive fhade,
The philofophic mind with nature talks.
Say ye, his for's, his dear remains, with whom $\quad 215$
The father laid fuperfluous ftate afide,
Yet rais'd your filial duty thence the more,
With friendfhip rais'd it, with efteem, with love,
Beyond the ties of blood, oh!, \{peak the joy,
The pure ferene, the cheerful wifdom mild,
The virtuous fpirit, which his vacant bours,
In femblance of amufement, thro' the breaft
Infus'd. And thou, * O Rundle! lend thy frain,
Thou darling friend ! thou brother of his foul!

[^28]
## 152 To the Memory of

In whom the head and heart their fores unite: $\quad 225$
Whatever fancy paints, invention pours,
Judgment digefts, the well-tun'd bofom feels,
Truth natural, moral, or divines has taught,
The Virtues dictate; or the Mufes fing.
Lend me the plaint, which, to the lonely main,
With memory converfing, you will pour,
As on the pebbled fhore you, penfive, ftray,
Where Derry's mountains a bleak crefcent form,
And mid their ample round receive the waves,
That from the frozen pole, refounding, rufh,
Impetuous. Tho' from native funfhine driven,
Driven from your friends, the funfine of the foul,
By flanderous zeal, and politics infirm,
Jealous of worth; yet will you blefs your lot,
Yet will you triumph in your glorious fate,
Whence Talbot's friendfhip glows to future times,
Intrepid, warm ; of kindred tempers born ;
Nurs'd, by experience, into flow efteem,
Calm confidence unbounded, love not blind,
And the fweet light from mingled minds difclos'd, 245
From mingled chymic oils as burts the firé.
I too remember well that cheerful bowl,
Which round his table flow'd. The ferious there
Mix'd with the fportive,' with the learn'd the plain;
Mirth foften'd wifdom, candour temper'd mirth; 250
And wit its honey leni, without the fing.
Not fimple nature's unafiected fons,
The blarnelefo Indians, round their foreft-cheer,
In funny lawn or fhady covert fet,
Hold more unipotted converfe : nor, of old,
Rome's awful confuls, her diclator-fwains,

As on the product of their Sabine farms
They far'd, with fricter virtue fed the foul :
Nor yet in Atbens, at an Attic meal,
Where Socrates prefided, fairer truth, 260
More elegant humanity, more grace,
Wit more refin'd, or deeper fcience reign'd.
But far beyond the little vulgar bounds an ant 6
Of family, or friends, or native land, \& $n$.
By juft degrees, and with proportion'd fame, $\quad 265$
Extended bis benevolence : a friend
To human-kind, to parent nature's works.
Of free accefs, and of engaging grace, $37: 4,1+0$

$$
\text { Such as a brother to a brother owe } \xi \text {, }
$$

He kept ann open judging ear for all, iv il 270
And fpread an open countenance, where fmil'd
The fair effulgence of an open heart;
While on the rich, the poor, the high, the low,
With equal ray, his ready goodnefs fhone :-
For nothing buman foreign, was to bim.
Thus to a dread inheritance, my Lord; And hard to be fupported, you fecceed: But, kept by, virtue, as by virtue gain'd,
It will, thro' lateft time, enrich your race, When groffer wealth fhall moulder into duft, 280
And with their authors in oblivion funk
Vain titles lie, the fervile badges oft
Of mean fubmiffion, not the meed of worth.
True genuine honour its large patent holds.
Of all mankind, thro' every land and age,
Of univerfal reafon's various fons,
And even of God himfelf, fole perfect Judge!
Yet know thefe nobleft honours of the mind

On rigid terms defeend: the high-plac'd heir, Scann'd by. the public eye, that, with keen gaze, 290 Malignant feeks out faults, cannot thro' life,

## Amid the namelefs infeets of a court,

Unheeded feal : but, with his fire compar'd, He murt be glorious, or he muft be foorn'd. This truth to you, who merit well to bear
A name to Britons dear, th' oficious Mufe May fafely fing, and fing without referve. Vain were the plaint, and ignorant the tear
That fhould a Talbot mourn. Ourfelves, indeed,
Our country robb'd of her delight and frength, 300
We may lament. Yet let us, grateful, joy,
That we fuch virtués knew, fuch virtues felt,
And feel them fill, teaching our views to rife Thro' ever-bright'ning fcenes of future worids.
Be dumb, ye worf of zealots! ye that, prone
To thoughtlefs duff, renounce that generous hope,
Whence every joy below its fpirit draws,
And every pain its baln : a Talbor's light,
A Talbot's virtues claim another fource,
Than the blind maze of undefigning blood;
Nor when that vital fountain plays no more, Can they be quench'd amid the gelid fream. Methinks I fee his mounting firiti, freed From tangling earth, regain the realms of day, Its native country, whence, to blefs mankind,
Eternal Goodnefs, on this datkfome fpot, Had ray'd it down a while. Behold! approv'd By the tremendous Judge of heaven and earth, And to th' almighty Father's prefence join'd, He takes his rank, in glory, and in blifs,

Amid the human worthies. Glad around
Croud his compatriot flades, and point him out, With joyful pride, Britainnia's blamelefs boaft. Ah! who is he, that with a fonder eye
Meets thine enraptur'd ?- Tis the beft of fons! $\quad \mathbf{3 2 5}$
The beft of friends !-Too foon is realiz'd
That hope, which once forbade thy tears to flow!
Mean-while the kindred fouls of every land,
(Howe'er divided in the fretful days
Of prejudice and error), mingled now,
In one felected never-jarring ftate,
Where God himfelf their only monarch reigns,
Partake the joy ; yet, fuch the fenfe that ftill
Remains of earthly woes, for us below, And for our lofs, they drop a pitying tear. 335 But ceafe, prefumptuous Mufe, nor vainly ftrive To quit this cloudy fphere that binds thee down :
'Tis not for mortal hand to trace thefe fcenes, Scenes, that our grofs ideas groveling caft Behind, and frike our boldeft language dumb.

Forgive, immortal thade! if aught from earth,
From duft low-warbled, to thofe groves can rife, Where flows celeftial harmony, forgive
This fond fuperfluous verfe. With deep-felt voice,
On every heart imprefs'd, thy deeds themfelves
Atteft thy praife. Thy praife the widow's fighs, And orphan's tears embalm. The good, the bad,
The fons of juftice and the fons of frife,
All who or freedom or who intereft prize, A deep-divided nation's parties all,
Confpire to fwell thy fpotlefs praife to heaven.
Glad heaven receives it, and feraphic lyres

With fongs of triumph thy arrival hail.
How vain this tribute then! this lowly lay!
Yet nought is vain which gratitude infpires.
The Mufe, befides, her duty thus approves
To virtue, to her country, to mankind,
To ruling Nature, that, in glorious charge,
As to her prieftefs, gives it her, to hymn
Whatever good and excellent fhe forms.

## 157

## H <br> $\begin{array}{llllll}\mathrm{C} & \mathrm{A} & \mathrm{S} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{L} & \mathrm{E}\end{array}$ <br> 0 F

## I N D OLENCE.

A N

## ALLEGORICAL POEM.



## A DVERTISEMENT.

THis poem being writ in the manner of Spenfer, the obfolete words, and a finplicity of digion in fome of the lines, which borders on the ludicrous, were necefjary 10 make the imitation more perfect. And the fiyle of that admirable poct, as well as the meafure in qubich be wrote, are, as it wevere, appropriated by cufom to all allegorical poems writ in our language; juft as ine French the fyle of Marot, wobo lived under Francis I. kas been ufed in tales, and familiar epifles, by the politeff zuriters of the are of Louis XIV.
Vot, II.

Explanation of the obfolete words ufed in this Роем.

A Rchimage-the cbief, or greatef of magicians or inchanters.
Apaid-paid.
Appall-affright.
Atween-between.
Ay-always.
Bale-forrow, trouble, misfortune.
Benempt-named.
Blazon-painting, difplaying.
Breme-cold, raw.
Carol-to fing fongs of joy.
Caucus-tbe nortb-eaft wind.
Certes-certainly.
Dan-a word prefixed to names.
Deftly-kilfully.
Depainted-painted.
Drowfy-head-drozufine/s.
Eath-eafy
Eftioons-immediately, often, afterrsards.
Eke-alfo.
Fays-fairies.
Gear or Geer- furniture, equipage, drefs.
Glaive-fword. (Fr.)
Glee-joy, fleafure.
Han-bave.
Hight-raned, called; and fometimes it is ufed for is called. See Stanza vii.

Idtefs-Idlonefso

Imp-cbild, or offspring; from the Saxon impan, to graft or plant.

Keft-for caf.
Lad-for led.
Lea-a piece of land, or meado.w.
Libbard-leopard.
Lig-tolie.
Lofel-a loofe idle fellozu.
Louting - borwing, bending.
Lithe-loofe, lax.
Mell-mingle
Moc-more.
Moil-to labour.
Mote-might.
Muchel or Mochel-much, great.
Narhlefs-neverthelefs.
$\mathrm{Ne}-$ nor.
Needments-neceffaries.
Nourling-a child that is nurfed.
Noyance-harm
Prankt—coloured, adorned gaily.
Perdie (Fr. far Dieu) an old oath.
Prick'd thro' the foreft-rode thro' the foref.
Sear-dry, burnt up.
Sheen-bright, ßining.
Sicker-fure, furely.
Soot-fweet, or fweetly.
Sooth-true, or truth.
Stound-misfortune, pang.
Sweltry-fultry, confuming with beai.
Swink-to labour.
Smackt-favoured.

Thrall-fave.
'Tranfmew'd-transform'd.
Vild-vile.
Unkempt (Lat. incomptus) unadorn'd.
Ween-to think, be of opinion.
Weet-to knows; to rveet, to wit.
Whilom-ere-wbile, formerly.
Wight-man.
Wis, for Wift-to know, think, undorfand.
Wonne-(a noun) drwelling,
Wroke-wreakt.
N. B. Tbe letter $\mathbf{Y}$ is frequentiy plazed in the beginning of a quord, by Spenfer, to lengtben it a Syllable, and en at ibs end of a word, for ibe fame reafun, as withouten, catten, \&b.

Yborn-born.
Yblent, or blent-blended, mingled.
Yclad-clad.
Ycleped-called, named.
Yfere-togetber.
Ymolten-znelted.
Yode (pretar zenfo of yede) ruent.

## THE

# C $A \quad S \quad T \quad L \quad E$ 

O F

## I N D O L E N C E.



Tbe caftle bight of indolence,
And its falfe luxury;
Where for a little time, alas!
We liv'd rigbt jollily.
I.

OMortal man, who liveft here by toil, Do not complain of this thy hard eftate; That like an emmet thou muft ever moil, Is a fad fentence of an ancient date; And, certes, there is for it reafon great;
For, though fometimes it makes thee weep and wail, And curfe thy ftar, and early drudge and late, Withouten that would come an heavier bale, Loofe life, unruly paffions, and difeafes pale.

## II.

In lowly dale, faft by a river's fide, With woody hill o'er hill encompafs'd round, A moft inchanting wizard did abide, Than whom a fiend more fell is no where found.

It was, I ween, a lovely foot of ground; And there a feafon atween $\mathcal{F} u n e$ and May,
Half prankt with fring, with fummer half imbrown'd, A liftlefs climate made, where, footh to fay, No living wight could work, ne cared even for play.

## III.

Was nought around but images of reft:
Sleep-foothing groves, and quiet lands between;
And flowery beds that flumbrous influence kelt, Frum poppies breath'd; and beds of pleafant green, Where never yet was creeping creature feen.
Mean-time unnumber'd glittering ftreamlets play'd,
And harled every-where their waters fheen;
That, as they bicker'd through the funny glade, Though reftlefs ftill themfelves, a lulling murmur made.

## IV.

Join'd to the prattle of the purling rills,
Were heard the lowing heards along the vale,
And flocks loud-bleating from the diftant hills,
And vacant hepherds piping in the dale:
And now and then fweet Philomel would wail,
Or flock-doves plain amid the foref deep,
That drowfy rufted to the fighing gale;
And fill a coil the grahopper did keep:
Xet all thefe founds yblent inclined all to feep.

## V.

Full in the paffage of the vale, above, A table, filent, folemn foreft ftood; Where nought but fadowy forms was feen to move, As Idiefs fancy'd in her dreaming mood:

And up the hills, on either fide, a wood ' 32,0 'T Of blackening pines, ay waving to and fro, $\mathrm{tl}=1 \mathrm{I}^{\circ}$ Sent forth a fleepy horror through the blood; And where this valley winded out, below, The murmuring main was heard, and feárcely heard, to flow.

## VI.

A pleafing land of drowfy-head it was,
Of dreams that wave before the half-flut eye ; And of gay rafles in the clouds that pafs, For ever flufhing round a fummer-fky:
There eke the foft delights, that witchingly
Inftil a wanton fweetnefs through the breaft,
And the calm pleafures always hover'd nigh;
But whate'er finack'd of noyance, or ünreft, Was far far off expell'd from this delicious neft.

## VII.

The landfcape fuch, infifing perfect eafe, Where Itidolence (for fo the wizard hight) Clofe-hid his calle mid embowering trees, That half thut out the beans of Phoebus bright, And made a kind of checker'd day and night; Mean-while, unceafing at the maffy gate,
Beneath a fpacious palm, the wicked wight
Was plac'd; and to his lute, of cruel fate, And labour harfh, complain'd, lamenting man's eftate.

## VIII.

Thither continual pilgrims croaled fill,
From all the roads of earth that pals there by :

For, as they chaunc'd to breathe on neighbouring hill, The fremnefs of this valley fmote their eye,
And drew them ever and anon more nigh;
Till cluftering round th'inchanter falfe they hung,
Ymolten with his fyren melody;
While o'er th' enfeebling lute his hand he flung, And to the trembling chords thefe tempting verfes fung:

## IX.

" Behold! ye pilgrims of this earth, behold!
"See all but man with unearn'd pleafure gay :
"See her bright robes the butterfly unfold,
" Broke' from her wintry tomb in prime of May!
"What youthful bride can equal her array?
"Whoc can with her for eafy pleafure vie?
"From mead to mead with gentle wing to ftray,
" From flower to flower on balmy gales to fly,
" Is all fhe has to do beneath the radiant $\mathfrak{f k y}$.
" Behold the merry minftrels of the morn,
" The fwarming fongfters of the carelefs grove,
"Ten thoufand throats! that, from the flowering " thorn,
" Hymn their good God, and carol fweet of love,
" Such grateful kindly, raptures them emove:
" They neither plough, nor fow ; ne, fit for flail,
" E'er to the barn the nodding fheaves they drove ;
" Yet theirs each harveft dancing in the gale,
"Whatever crowns the hill, or fmiles along the vale.

## XI.

"Outcalf of nature, man! the wretched thrall "
"Of bittet-dropping fweat, of fiweltry pain, it " "Of cares that eat away the heartiwith gall, c'I "n "And of the vices, an inhuman train,
"That all proceed from favage thirft of gain:
"For when hard-hearted Intereft firt began
"To poifon earth, Aftraa left the plain; fritl?"
"Guile, violence, and murder feiz'd on man, ] "

* And, for foft milky ftreams, with blood the rivers ran."


## XII:

"Come, ye, who ftill the cumbrous load of life *
"Pufh hard up hill; but as the farthent fteep
"You truft to gain and put an end to frife,
" Down thunders back the ftone with mighty fweep,
"And hurls your labours to the valley deep, 10 "
" For-ever vain : come, and, withouten fee,
" I in oblivion will your forrows fteep,
"Your, cares, your toils, will tteep you in a fea
"Of fall delight: O come, ye weary wights, to me!

## XIII.

"With me, you need not rife at early dawn,
"To pars the joylefs day in various ftounds: F
"Or, louting low, on upflart fortune fawn,
"And fell fair honour for fome paltry pounds; ${ }^{2}$
"Or through the city take your dirty rounds, in
"To cheat, and dun, and lie, and vifit pay, A "O
"Now flattering bafe; now giving fecret wounds 3
"Or prowl in courts of law for human prey, $h$ "
"In venal fenate thieve, or rob on broad highway."

## XIV.

" No cocks, with mé, to roftic labour call,
"From village onlto village founding clear;
"To tardy fwain no fhrill-voic'd matrons fquall ; "
"No dogs, no babes, no ivives, to flun your ear";
" No hammers thump ; no horrid black fmith fear,
"Ne noify tradefman your fiweet -ीumbers ftart,
" With founds that are a mifery to hear:
" But all is calm, as would delight the heart
"Of Sybarite of old, all nature, and lall art.

## XV.

"Hore nought but candour reigns, indulgent eafe,
"Good-natur'd lounging, fauntering' up and down;
" They who are pleas'd themfelves mult always

"On,others', ways they never fquint a drown,
" Nor heed what haps in hamlet or in town:
"Thus, from the fource of tender indolence,
"With milky blood the heart is overflown,
"Is footh'd and fweeten'd by'the focial fenfe;
"For intereft, envy, pride, and frife are banifh'd hence.
2: 2 XVI.
"What, what, is virtue, but repofe of mind,
"A pure ethereal calm, that knows no form;
"Above the reach of wild ambition's wind,
"A bove thofe paffions that this world deform,
"And torture mian,"a proud malignànt worm ?
© But here, inftead, foft gales of paffion play,
" And gently fir the heart, thereby to form
"A quicker fenfe of joy; ; as breezes ftray [" gay.
"Acrofs th' enliven'd kies, and make them fill more
XVII.
"The beft of men have everllov'd repofe :.9s of
"They thate to mingle in the filthy fray; b of f
"Where the foul fours, and gradual' rancour grows,
"Imbitter'd more from peevifh day to day $n \mathrm{~m}^{\prime}$
"Even-thofe whom fame, has Jent hen faireft ray,
"The moft renown'd of worthy wights of yores?
" From a baife world at laft haye foll $n$ away: ' to
"Soscrpio, to the foft Cumican fhore (s) I to
"Retiring, tafted joy he never knew before.

## XVIIII,


" Some zeft for eafe,. 'tis not forbidden here int $\$$.
"Amid the groves you may indulge the mufe. 3
"Or tend the blooms, and deck the vernal year;
" Or foftly ftealing, with your watery gear,
" Along the brooks, the crimfon-fpotted fry
" You may delude: the whilf, amus'd, yop hear
" Now the hoarfe ftream, and now the zephyr's figh,
" Attuned to the birds, and woodland melody.

## XIX.

"O grievous folly! to heap up eftate,
". Lofing the days you fee beneath the fun; 1
"When, fudden, comes blind unrelenting fate;
" And gives th' untafted portion you have won,"
" With ruthlefs toil, and miany a wretch, undone,
" 'To thofe who mock you gone to Pluto's.seign;
" There with fad goits to pine, and fhadows dun:
" But fure it is of vanities moft vain,
"To toil for what ycu here untoiling may obtain:"

## IXX.

He ceas'd But fill their trembling ears retain' $\alpha$ The deep vibrations of his witching fong;
it That, by a kind of magic power, conftrain'd
To enter ins pell-mell, the liftening throng. Heaps pour'd on heaps, and yet they flipt along, In filent eare :"as when beneath the beam Of fummer-moons, the diftant woods among, Or by fome flood all filver'd with the gleam, The foft-embodied Fays through airy portal ftream :

## XXI.

By the fmooth demon fo it order'd was, And here his baneful bounty firt began : Though fome there were who would not further pafs,
And his alluring baits fufpected han.
The wife diffruft the too fair-fpoken man.
Yet through the gate they caft a wifhful eye :
Not to move' on, perdie, is all they can ;
For do their very beft they cannot fly,
But often each way look, and often forely figh.

## XXII.

When this the watchful wicked wizard faw, With fudden fpring he leap'd upon them ftrait ; And foon as 'touch'd by his unhallow'd paw, They found themfelves within the curfed gate;
Full hard to be repafs'd, like that of fate.
Not ffronger were of old the giant-crew,
Who fought to pull high Gove from regal fate :
Though feeble wretch he feem'd, of fallow hue:
Cértes, who bides his grafp, will that encounter rue.

## XXIII.

For whomfoe'er the villain takes in hand, Their joints unknit, their finews melt apace;
As lithe they grow as any willow-wand,
And of their vanifh'd force remains no trace :
So when a maiden fair, of modeft grace,
In all her buxom blooming May of charms,
Is feized in fome lofel's hot embrace,
She waxeth very weakly as the warms,
Then fighing yields her up to love's delicious harms.

## XXIV.

Wak'd by the croud, flow from his bench arofe
A comely full-fpread porter, fivoin with fleep:
His calm, broad, thoughtlefs afpect breath'd repofe;
And in fiweet torpor he was plunged deep,
Ne could himfelf from ceafelefs yawning keep;
While o'er his eyes the drowfy liquor ran,
Through which his half-wak'd foul would faintly peep.
Then taking his black ftaff he call'd his man, And rous'd himfelf as much as roufe himfelf he can.

> XXV.

The lad leap'd lightly at his mafter's call.
He was, to weet, a little roguifh page,
Save fleep and play who minded nought at all,
Like moft the untaught triplings of his age.
This boy he kept each band to difengage,
Garters and buckles, taik for him unfit,
But ill beconing his grave perfonage,
And which his portly paunch would not permit, So this fame limber page to all performed it.

Voz. II.

## XXVI.

Mean-time the mafter-porter wide difplay'd
Great fore of caps, of flippers, and of gowns ;
Wherewith he thofe who enter'd in, array'd
Loofe, as the breeze that plays along the downs,
And waves the fummer-woods when evening frowns.
O fair undrefs, beft drefs! it checks no vein,
But every flowing limb in pleafure drowns,
And heightens eafe with grace. This done, right fain, Sir porter fat him down, and turn'd to fleep again.

## XXVII.

Thus eafy rob'd, they to the fountain fped,
That in the middle of the court up-threw
A ftream, high fpouting from its liquid bed,
And falling back again in drizzly dew :
There each deep draughts, as deep he thirfted, drew.
It was a fountain of Nepenthe rare ;
Whence, as Dan Homer fings, huge pleafaunce grew,
And fweet oblivion of vile earthly care ; [more fair. Fair gladfome waking thoughts, and joyous dreams

## XXVIII.

This rite perform'd, all inly pleas'd and ftill,
Withouten tromp, was proclamation made :
"، Ye fons of INDOLENCE, do what you will;
"And wander where you lift, through hall or glade!
"Be no man's pleafure for ancther's ftaid;
" Let eaclu as likes him beft his hours employ,
" And curs'd be he who minds his neighbour's trade!
" Here dwells kind eare and unreproving jo":
At He little merits blifs who others can annoy."

## XXIX.

Strait of thefe endlefs numbers, fwarming round, As thick as idle motes in funny, ray, Not one efffoons in view was to be found, But every man ftroll'd off his own glad way. Wide o'er this ample court's blank area, With all the lodges that thereto pertain'd, No living creature could be feen to ftray; While folitude, and perfect filence reign'd: So that to think you dreamt you almot was confrain'd,

## XXX.

As when a flepherd of the * Hebrid-ijles, Plac'd far amid the melancholy main, (Whether it be lone fancy him beguiles;
Or that aereal beings fometimes deign
To ftand, embodied, to our fenfes plain),
Sees on the naked hill, or valley low,
The whillt in ocean Pbabbus dips his wain,
A vaft affembly moving to and fro:
Then all at once in air difulves the wondrous frow.

## XXXI.

Ye gods of quiet, and of fleep profound! Whofe foft dominion o'er this cafle fways, And all the widely-filent places round, Forgive me, if my trembling pen difplays What never yet was fung in mortal lays. But how fhall I attempt fuch arduous ftring, I who have fpent my nights and nightly days, In this foul-deadening place, loofe-loitering? Ah! how fhall I for this uprear my moulted wing ?
*Thofe ininds on the weftern coaft of Scothand called the IVérides.

## XXXII.

Come on, my Mufe, nor floop to low defpair, 'Thou imp of fore, touch'd by celeftial fire ! Thou yet fhalt fing of war, and actions fair, Which the bold fons of Britain will infpire; Of ancient bards thou yet fhalt fweep the lyre; Thou yet fhalt tread in tragic pall the ftage, Paint love's inchanting woes, the hero's jre, The fage's calm, the patriot's noble rage, Daning corruption down through every worthlefs age.

## XXXIII.

The doors, that knew no fhrill alarming bell, Ne curfed knocker ply'd by villain's hand, Self-open'd into halls, where, who can tellWhat elegance and grandeur wide expand The pride of Turkey and of Perfaland?
Soft quilts on quilts, on carpets carpets fpread, And couches ftretch around in feemly band; And endlefs pillows rife to prop the head; So that each fpacious room was one full-fwelling bed.

## XXXIV.

And every where huge cover'd tables flood, With wines high-flavour'd and rich viands crown'd ;
Whatever fprightly juice or tafteful food
On the green bofom of this earth are found, And all old ocean genders in his round: Some hand unfeen thefe filently difplay'd,
Even undemanded by a fign or found ;
You need but wifh, and, inftantly obey'd, Fair-sang'd the difhes rofe, and thick the glaffes play'd.

Here freedom reign'd, without the leaft alloy ; Nor goffip's tale, nor ancient maiden's gall, Nor faintly fpleen durft murmur at our joy, And with envenom'd tongue our pleafures pall. For why? there was but one great rule for all; To wit, that each fhould work his own defire, And eat, drink, ftudy, fleep, as it may fall, Or melt the time in love, or wake the lyre, And carol what, unbid, the mufes might infpire.

## xXXVF.

The rooms with coftly tapeftry were hung, Where was inwoven many a gentle tale ;
Such as of old the rural poets fung,
Or of Arcadian or Sicilian vale :
Reclining lovers, in the lonely dale,
Pour'd forth at large the fiweetly-tortur'd heart;
Or, fighing tender paffion, fwell'd the gale,
And taught charm'd echo to refound their fmart ; While flocks, woods, flreams, around, repofe and peace impart.

## XXXVII.

Thofe pleas'd the moft, where, by a cunning hand,
Depainted was the patriarchal age;
What time Dan Abrabam left the Cbaldee land,
And paftur'd on from verdant flage to flage,
Where felds and fountains freth could belt engage.
Toil was not then. Of nothing took they heed,
But with wild beafts the filvan war to wage,
And o'er vaft plains their herds and flocks to feed: Blefs'd fons of nature they! true golden age indeed!

## XXXVIII.

Sometimes the pencil, in cool airy halls, Bade the gay bloom of vernal landfcapes rife, Or autumn's varied fhades imbrown the walls : Now the black tempeft frikes th' aftonifh'd eyes; Now down the fteep the flafhing torrent flies; The trembling fun now plays o'er ocean blue, And now rude mountains frown amid the fkies; Whate'er Lorrain light touch'd with foftening hue, Or favage Rofa dahh'd, or learned Poufin drew.

## XXXIX.

Each found too here to languifhment inclin'd, Lull'd the weak bofom, and induced eafe.
Aereal mufic in the warbling wind, At diftance rifing oft, by fmall degrees, Nearer and nearer came, till o'er the trees It hung, and breath'd fuch foul-diffolving airs, As did, alas ! with foft perdition pleafe:
Intangled deep in its inchanting fnares, The lifening heart forgot all duties and all cares.

## XL.

A certain mufic, never known before,
Here lull'd the penfive melancholy mind;
Full eafily obtain'd. Behores no more,
But fidelong, to the gently-waving wind,
' $\Gamma 0$ lay the well-tun'd inftrument reclin'd ;
From which, with airy flying fingers light,

- Beyond each mortal touch the moft refin'd,

The god of winds drew founds of deep delight:
Whence, with jult caufe, * The barp of Reolus it hight.
XLI.

* This is not an imagination of the author ; there being in fact fuch


## XLI.

Ah me! what hand cean touch the ftring fo fine ?
Who up the lofty Diapafan roll
Such fweet, fuch fad, fuch folemn airs divine,
Then let them down again into the foul?
Now rifing love they fann'd ; now pleafing dole
They breath'd, in tender mufings, through the heart;
And now a graver facred ftrain they fole,
As when feraphic hands an hymn impart:
Wild-warbling nature all, above the reach of art !

## XLII.

Such the gay fplendour, the luxurious ftate, Of Caliphs old, who on the $\tau_{y g r i s ' ~ f h o r e, ~}^{\text {I }}$ In mighty Bagdat, populous and great, Held their bright court, where was of ladies flore ; And verfe, love, mufic ftill the garland wore : When fleep was coy, * the bard, in waiting there,
Cheer'd the lone midnight with the Mufe's lore;
Compofing mufic bade his dreams be fair, And mufic lent new gladnefs to the morning-air.

## XLIII.

Near the pavilions where we flept, ftill ran Soft-tinkling ftreams, and dathing waters fell, And fobbing breezes figh'd, and oft began (So work'd the wizard) wint'ry ftorms to fwell,

Such an inftrument, called Xclus's barp, which, when placed at gainft a little rußhing or current of air, produces the effect here defuribed.

* The Arabian Calipbs had poets among the officers of their court, whofe office it was to do what is here menioned.

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As heaven and earth they would together mell :
At doors and windows, threat'ning, feem'd to call
The demons of the tempef, growling fell,
Yet the leaft entrance found they none at all;
Whence fiweeter grew our fleep, fecure in mafly hall.

## XLIV.

And hither Morpheus fent his kindert dreams, . Raifing a world of gayer tinct and grace ;
O'er which were fhadowy caft elyfian gleams,
That play'd, in waving lights, from place to place,
And fhed a rofeate fmile on nature's face.
Not $\mathcal{T}$ itian's pencil e'er could fo array,
So fleece with clouds the pure ethereal fpace ;
Ne could it e'er fuch melting forms difplay, As loofe on flowery beds all languifhingly lay.

## XLV.

No, fair illufions! artful phantoms, no!
My Mufe will not attempt your fairy-land :
She has no colours that like you can glow;
To catch your vivid fcenes too grofs her hand.
But fure it is, was ne'er a fubtler band
Than thefe fame guileful angel-feeming fprights, Who thus in dreams, voluptuous, foft, and bland,
Pour'd all th' Arabian beaven upon our nights, And blefs'd them oft befides with more refin'd delights.

## XLVI.

They were in footh a moft inchanting train,
Even feigning virtue ; Kkilful to unite
With evil good, and ftrew with pleafure pain.
Eut for thofe fiends, whom blood and broils delight ;
Who

The Castle of Indozence.
Who hurl the wretch, as if to hell outright, Down down black gulfs, where fullen waters neep, Or hold him clambering all the fearful night On beetling cliffs, or pent in ruins deep; [keep. They, till due time fhould ferve, ivere bid far hence to

## XLVUII.

Ye gaardian fpirits, to whom man is dear, From thefe foul demons fhield the midnight-gloom: Angels of fancy and of love, be near, And o'er the blank of fleep diffufe a bloom : Evoke the facred fhades of Greece and Romis, And let them virtue with a look impart :
But chief, $a$ while O ! lend us from the tomb Thofe long-loft friends for whom in love we fmart, And fll with pious awe and joy-mix'd wo the heart.

## XLVIII.

Or are you fportive - Bid the morn of youtii Rife to new light, and beam afrefh the days Of innocence, fimplicity, and truth;
'To cares eftrang'd, and manhood's thorny ways.
What tranfport, to retrace our boyifh plays,
Our eafy blifs, when each thing joy fupply'd;
The woods, the mountains, and the warbling maze
Of the wild brooks !-But, fondly wandering wide, My Mufe, refume the talk that yet doth thee abide.

## XLIX.

One great amufement of our houfehold was, In a huge cryftal magic globe to fpy, Still as you turn'd it, all things that do pals Upon this aut-hill earth; where conftantly

## 3y The Castle of Indolence.

Of idly-bufy men the reflefs fry
Run bufling to and fro with foolifh hafte, In fearch of pleafures vain that from them fly,
'Or which obtain'd the caitiffs dare not tafte:
When nothing is enjoy'd, can there be greater wafte ?
L.

Of vanity the mirror this was call'd:
Here you a muckworm of the town might fee,
At his dull den, amid his legers fall'd,
Eat up with carking care and penurie;
Moft like to carcafe parch'd on gallow-tree.
A penny faved is a penny got:
Firm to this fcoundrel maxim keepeth he,
Ne of its, rigour will he bate a jot,
Till it has quench'd his fire, and banifhed his pot.

## I.I.

Strait from the filth of this low grub, behold!
Comes fluttering forth a gaudy fpendthrift heir, All glofly gay, enamel'd all with gold,
The filly tenant of the fummer-air,
In folly loft; of nothing takes he care;
Pimps, lawyers, ftewards, harlots, flatterers vile,
: And thieving tradefmen him among them flare:
His father's ghoot from limbo-lake, the while, Sees this, which more damnation doth upon him pile.

## LII.

This globe pourtray'd the race of lea:ned men, Still at their books, and turning o'er the page, Backwards and forwards: oft they fatch the pen, As if infpir'd, and in a Thefpian'rage;

Then

Then write, and blot, as would your ruth engage, Why, Authors, all this fcrawl and fcribbling fore? To lofe the prefent, gain the future age, Praifed to be when you can hear no more, [ [tore. And much enrich'd with fame when ufelefs worldly

## LIII.

Then would a fplendid city rife to view, With carts, and cars, and coaches roaring all : Wide-pour'd abroad behold the giddy crew; muli See how they dafh along from wall to wall! At every door, hark how they thundering call! !s God Lord! what can this giddy rout excite? Why, on each other with fell tooth to fall;
A neighbour's fortune, fame, or peace, to blight, And make new tirefome parties for the coming night.
LIV.

The puzzling fons of party next appear'd, In dark cabals and nightly justos met ; And now they whifper'd clofe, now fhrugging rear'd Th' important fhoulder ; then, as if to get
New light, their twinkling eyes were inward fet.
No fooner * Lucifer recalls affairs,
Than forth they various rufh in mighty fret;
When lo ! pufh'd up to power, and crown'd their care ${ }^{\text {, }}$,
In comes azother fet, and kicketh them down flairs.
LV.

But what moft fhew'd the vanity of life, Was to behold the nations all on fire, In cruel broils engag'd, and deadly ftrife : Moft chrifian kinge, inflam'd by black defire,

> * Ibe viorring-fiar.

With honourable ruffians in their hire, Caufe warto rage, and blood around to pour : Of this fad work when each begins to tire, They fit them down juft where they were before, Till for new fcenes of wo peace fhall their force reftore.

## LVI.

To number up the thoufands dwelling here, An ufèlefs were, and eke an endlefs tafk; From kings, and thofe who at the helm appear, To gipfies brown in fummer-glades who bafk. Yea many a man perdie I could unmafk, Whofe delk and table make a folemn fhow, With tape-ty'd trafh, and fuits of fools that afk Eor place or penfion, laid in decent row ; But thefe $I$ paffen by, with namelefs numbers moe.

## LVIJ.

Of all the gentle tenants of the place, There was a man of fecial grave remark:
'A certain tender gloom o'erfpread his face, Penfive not fad, in thought involv'd not dark, As. foot this man could fing as morning.lark, And teach the noblef morals of the heart : But thefe his talents were yburied ftark; Of the fine fores he nothing could impart, Which or boon nature gave, or nature-painting art.

## LVIHf.

To noontide fhades incontinent he ran, Where purls the brook with fleep-inviting found;
Or when Dan Sol to flope his wheels began, Amid the broom he bafk'd him on the ground,

Where the wild thyme and camomoi! are found:
There would he linger, till the lateft ray
Of light fat trembling on the welkin's bound ;
Then homeward through the twilight fhadows Atray, Sauntering and flow. So had he pafed many a day.

## LIX.

Yet not in thoughtlefs flumber were they paft: For oft the heavenly fire, that lay conceal'd Beneath the fleeping embers, mounted fant, And all its native light anew reveal'd: Oft as he travers'd the cerulean ficld, And mark'd the clouds that drove before the wind, Ten thoufand glorious fyftems would he build, Ten thoufand great jdeas fill'd his mind ; But with the clouds they fled, and left 10 track behind.

> LX.

With him was fometimes join'd, in filent walk, (Profoundly filent, for they never fooke), One fhyer ftill, who quite detefted talk:Oft, ftung by fpleen, at once away he broke, To groves of pine, and broad o'erthadowing oak;
There, inly thrill'd, lhe wander'd all alone, And on himfelf his penfive fury wroke,
Ne ever utter'd word, fave when firt thone
The glittering flar of eve-" Thank heaven! the day " is done."

## LXI.

Here lurk'd a wretch, who had not crept abroad For sorty years, ne face of mortal feen; In chamber brooding like a leathly toid : And́ fure his linen was not very clean.
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Through

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Through fecret loop-holes, that had practis'd been Near to his bed, his dinner vile he took; Unkempt, and rough, of fqualid face and mien, Our cafte's thame! whence, from his filthy nook, We drove the villain out for fitter lair to look.

## LXII.

One day there chaunc'd into thefe halls to rove A joyous youth, who took you at firlt fight; Him the wild wave of pleafure hither drove, Before the fprightly tempeft tofing light:
Certes, he was a moft engaging wight, Of focial glee, and wit humane though keen, Turning the night to day and day to night: For him the merry bells had rung, I ween, If in this nook of quiet bells had ever been.

## LXIII.

But not even pleafure to excefs is good:
What moft elates then finks the foul as low:
When fpring-tide joy pours in with copious flood, The higher fill th' exulting billows flow, The farther back again they flagging go, And leave us groveling on the dreary fhore: Taught by this fon of joy, we found it fo;
Who, whilf he ftaid, kept in a gay uproar Our madden'd caftle all, th' abode of fleep no more.

## LXIV.

As when in prime of $\mathcal{Y} u n e$ a burnifn'd fyy, Sprung from the meads, o'er which he fiveens along, Cheer'd by the breathing bloom and vital lky, Tunes up amid thefe airy halls his fong,

Soothing at firt the gay repofing throng: And oft he fips their bowl; or nearly drown'd, He, thence recovering, drives their beds among, And fcares their tender fleep, with trump profound; Then out again he flies, to wing lis mazy round.

## LXV.

Another gueft there was, of fenfe refin'd, Who felt each worth, for every worth he had ; Serene yet warm, humane yet firm his mind, As little tonch'd as any man's with bad: Him through their inmoft walks the mufes lad, To him the facred love of nature lent, And fometimes would he make our valley glad; Whenas we found he would not here be pent, To him the better fort this friendly meflage fent.
LXVI.
" Come, dwell with us! true fon of virtue, come!
"But if, alas! we cannot thee perfuade,
"To lie content beneath our peaceful dome,
" Ne never more to quit our quiet glade;
" Yet when at lait thy toils but ill apaid
"Shall dead thy fire, and damp its heavenly fpark,
"Thou wilt be glad to feek the rural thade,
"There to indulge the mufe, and wature mark:
" We then a lodge for thee will rear in Hagley. "Park."

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## LXVII.

Here whilom ligg'd th' Fsopus * of the age; But call'd by fame, in foul ypricked deep, A noble pride reftor'd him to the ftage, And rous'd him like a giant from his flcep. Even from his flumbers we advantage reap: Wit' double force th' enliven'd fcene he wakes, Yct quits not nature's bounds. He knows to keep Each due decorum: Now the heart he fhakes, And now with well-urg'd fenfe th' enlighten'd judgment takes.

## LXVIIT.

A bard here dwelt, more fat than bard befeems; + Who, void of envy, guile, and luft of gain, On virtue fill, and nature's pleafing themes, Pour'd forth his unpremeditated frain :
The world forfaking with a calm difdain ${ }^{*}$
Here laugh'd he carelefs in his eafy feat;
Here quaff'd encircled with the joyous train,
Oft moralizing fage : his ditty fweet
He loathed much to write, ne cared to repeat.
LXIX.

Full oft by holy feet our ground was trod, Of clerks good plenty here you mote efpy. A little, round, fat, oily man of God, Was one I chiefly mark'd among the fry:

## * Mr $Q_{\text {quin. }}$

+ The following lines of this hanza were writ by a friend of the azthor.

He had a roguifh twinkle in his eye, And fhone all glittering with ungodly dew, If a tight damfel chaunc'd to trippen by; Which when obferv'd, he fhrunk into his mew, And ftrait would recollect his piety anew.

## LXX.

Nor be forgot a tribe, who minded nought (Old inmates of the place) but ftate-affairs: They look'd, perdie, as if they deeply thought;
And on their brow fat every nation's cares.
The world by them is parcell'd out in flares, When in the Hall of Smoke they congrefs hold, And the fage berry fun-burnt Mocba bears
Has clear'd their inward eye: then, fmoke-enroll'd, 'Their oracles break forth myfterions as of old.

## LXXI.

Here languid beauty kept her pale-fac'd court :
Bevies of dainty dames, of high degree,
Firom every quarter hither made refort;
Where, from grofs mortal care and bufinefs free,
They lay, pour'd out in eafe and luxury.
Or fhould they a vain fhew of work affume,
Alas! and well-a-day! what can it be ?
To knot, to twift, to range the vernal bloom;
But far is caft the diftaff, fpinning-wheel, and loom.

## LXXII.

Their only labour was to kill the time ;
And labour dire it is, and weary wo. They fit, they loll, turn o'er fome idle rhyme;
Then, rifing fudden, to the glafs they go,

Or faunter forth, with tottering flep and flow :
This foon too rude an exercife they find;
Strait on the couch their limbs again they throw,
Where hours on hours they fighing lie reclin'd,
And court the rapoury god foft-breathing in the wind.

## LXXIII.

Now muft I mark the villany we found, But ah! too late, as fhall eftfoons be fhewn. A place here was', deep, dreary, under ground; -Where ftill our inmates, when unpleafing grown, Difeas'd, and loathfome, privily were thrown.
Far from the light of heaven, they languifh'd there,
Unpity'd uttering many a bitter groan ;
For of thefe wretches taken was no care:
Fierce fiends, and hags of hell, their only nurfes were.

## LXXIV.

Alas! the change! from fcenes of joy and reft, To this dark den, where ficknefs tofs'd alway. Here Letbargy, with deadhy fleep oppreft, Stretch'd on his back, a mighty lubbard, lay, Heaving hiis fides, and fnored night and day; To fir him from his traunce it was not eath, And his half-open'd cyne he fhut ftraitway: He led, I wot, the fofteft way to death, [breath. And taught withouten pain and frife to yie'd the

## LXXV.

Of limbs enormous, but withal unfound, Soft-fwoin and pale, here lay the Hydropfy: Unwieldy man; with belly monftrous round, For evar fed with watery fisply;

For fill he drank, and yet he fill was dry. And moping here did Hypochondria fit, Mother of fpleen, in robes of various dye, Who vexed was full oft with ugly fit;
And fome her frantic deem'd, and fome her deem'd a wit.

## LXXVI.

A lady proud the was, of ancient blood, Yet oft her fear her pride made crouchen low: $\qquad$ She felt, or fancy'd in her fluttering mood, All the difeafes which the fpittles know, And fought all phyfic which the fhops beftow,
And fill new leeches and new drugs would try,
Her humour ever wavering to and fro ;
For fometimes fhe would laugh, and fometimes cry, Then fudden waxed wroth, and all fhe knew not why.

## LXXVII.

Faft by her fide a liftlefs maiden pin'd, With aching head, and fqueamith heartburnings :-
Pale, bloated, cold, fhe feem'd to hate mankind,
Yet Iov'd in fecret all forbidden things.
And hele the Tertian fhakes his chilling wings;
The fleeplefs Gout here counts the crowing cocks,
A wolf now gnaws him, now a ferpent fings;
Whilft Apoplexy cramm'd intemperance knocks Down to the ground at once, as butcher felleth ox.

## C A N T O II.

The knigkt of arts and induftry, And bis achieventents fair ;
That, by tbis caftle's overthrowe, Secur'd, and crowned were.

$$
\text { . } \mathrm{I} \text {. }
$$

EScap'd the caftle of the fire of fin, Ah! where fhall I fo fiveet a dwelling find: For all around, without, and all within, Nothing fave what delightful was and kind, Of goodnefs favouring and a tender mind, E'er rofe to view. But now another ftrain, Of doleful note, alas! remains behind : I now muft fing of pleafure turn'd to pain, And of the falfe inchanter Indoleñee complain.

## II:

Is there no patron to protect the mufe, And fence for her Parnalus' barren foil ? To every labour its reward accrues,
And they are fure of bread who fwink and moil ;
But a fell tribe $t b^{\prime}$ Aonian bive defpoil,
As ruthlefs wafps oft rob the painful bee:
Thus while the laws not guard that nobleft toil,
Ne for the mufes other meed decree,
They praifed are alone, and flarve right merrily.
III:

I care not, fortune, what you me deny :
You cannot rob me of free nature's grace ;
You cannot fhut the windows of the fky ,
Through which Aurora fhews her brightening face;

You cannot bar my conftant feet to trace
The woods and lawns, by living flrenm, at eve:
Let health my nerves and finer fibres brace,
And I their toys to the great Cbildren lcave :
Of fancy, reafon, virtue, nought can me bereave.

## IV.

Come then, my mufe, and raife a bolder fong; A
Come, lig no more upon the bed of floth,
Dtagging the lazy languid line along,
Fond to begin, but ftill to finifh loth,-
Thy half-writ fcrolls all eaten by the moth :
Arife, and fing that generous imp of fame,
Who with the fons of foftnefs nobly wroth, weill
To fweep away this human lunber came,
Or in a chofen few to roufe the flumbering flame.

$$
\text { V. } 7
$$

In Fairy-land there liv'd a knight of old;
Of feature ftern, Selvaggio well yclep'd,
A rough unpolifh'd man, robuft and bold,
But wondrous poor : he neither fow'd nor reap'd,
Ne ftores in fummer for cold winter heap'd;
In hunting all his days away he wore;
Now fcoreh'd by fune, now in November fteep'd,
Now pinch'd by biting Fanuary fore,
He ftill in woods purfu'd the libbard and the boar.
VI.i

As he one morning, long before the dawn,
Prick'd through the forelt to diflodge his prey,
Deep in the winding bofom of a lawn,
With wood wild-fring'd, he mark'd a taper's ray,

That from the beating rain, and wintry fray,
Did to a lonely cott his fteps decoy;
There, up to earn the needments of the day,
He found dame Poverty, nor fair nor coy: Her he comprefs'd, and fill'd her with a lufty boy.

## VII.

Amid the green-wood fhade this boy was bred, And grew. at laft a knight of muchel fame,
Of active mind and vigorous luftyhed,
The Knight of Arts and Industry by name. Earth was his bed, the boughs his roof did frame; He knew no beverage but the flowing fream; His tafteful well-earn'd food the filvan game, Or the brown fruit with which the wood-lands teem : The fame to him glad fummer, or the winter breme.

## V HI.

So pass'd his youthly morning, void of care, Wild as the colts that through the commons run : For him no tender parents troubled were, He of the foreft feem'd to be the fon, And certes had been utterly undone; But that Minerva pity of hin took, With all the gods that love the rural wonne,
That teach to tame the foil and rule the crook;
Ne did the facred Nine difdain a gentle look.

## IX.

Of fertile genius him they nurtur'd well,
In every fcience, and in every art,
By which mankind the thoughtlefs brutes excel, That can or ufe, or joy, or grace impart,

Difclofing

Dicclofing all the powers of head and heart:
Ne were the goodly exercifes fpar'd,
That brace the nerves, or make the limbs alert,
And mix elaftic force with firmnefs hard: [par'd. Was never knight on ground mote be with him com-

## X .

Sometimes, with early morn, he mounted gay The hunter-fteed, exulting o'er the dale, And drew the rofeat breath of orient day; Sometimes, retiring to the fecret vale, Yclad in fteel, and bright with burnifh'd mail, He ftrain'd the bow, or tofs'd the founding fpear, Or darting on the goal outfripp'd the gale, Or wheel'd the chariot in its mid-career, Or ftrenuous wreftled hard with many a tough compeer.

## XI.

At other times he pry'd through nature's ftore, Whate'er the in th' ethereal round contains, Whate'er fhe hides beneath her verdant floor, The vegetable and the mineral reigns;
Or elfe he fcann'd the globe, thofe fmall domains, Where refllefs mortals fuch a turmoil keep, Its feas, its floods, its mountains, and its plains; But more he fearch'd the mind, and rous'd from fleep Thofe moral feeds whence we heroic actions reap.

## XII.

Nor would he fcorn to ftoop from higli parfuits Of heavenly truth, and practife what fhe taught. Vain is the tree of knowledge without fruits. Sometimes in hand the fpade or plough he caught,

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Forth-calling all with which boon earth is fraught; Sométimes he ply'd the flrong mechanic tool, Or rear'd the fabric from the fineft draught ; And oft he put himfelf to Neptune's fchool, . Fighting with winds and waves on the vext ocean pool.

## XIII.

To folace then thefe rougher toils,' he try'd. To touch the kindling canvas into life; With nature his creating pencil vy'd, With nature joyous at the mimic ftrife:
Or; to fuch fhapes as grac'd Pygmalion's wife He hew'd the marble; or, with vary'd fire, He rous'd the trumpet and the mart:al fife,
Or bade the lute fweet tendernefs infpire, Or verfes fram'd that well might wake Aoollo's lyre.

## XIV.

Accomplifh'd thus he from the woods iffu'd, Full of great aims, and bent on bold emprize; The work, which long he in his breat had brew'd,
Now to perform he ardent did devife;
To-wit, a barbarous world to civilize.
Earth was till then a boundlefs foreft wild;
:Nought to be feen but favage svood, and fies;
No cities nourifh'd arts, no culture fmil'd,
No government, no laws, no gentle manners mild.

## XV.

A rugged wight, the worf of brutes, was man: On his own wretched kind he, ruthlefs, préy'd! The ftrongeft fill the weakeft over-ran; In every country mighty robbers fiway'd,

And guile and rufian force were all their trade.
Life was a fcene of rapine, want, and wo;
Which this brave knight, in noble anger, made
To fiwear, he would the rafcal rout o'erthrow, For, by the powers divine, it fhould no more be fo!

## XVI.

It would exceed the purport of my fong,
To fay how this beft Sun, from orient clines
Came beaming life and beauty all along,
Before him chafing indolence and crimes.
Still as he pafs'd, the nations he fublimes,
And calls forth arts and virtues with his ray:
Then Egypt, Greece, and Rome their golden times,
Succefiive, had; but now in ruins grey
They lie, to flavilh floth and tyranny a prey.

## XVII.

To crown his toils, Sir Industry then fread The fiwelling faii, and made for Britain's coaft.
A fylvan life till then the natives led,
In the brown fhades and green-wood forest loft, All carelefs rambling where it lik'd them moft: [glade; Their wealth the wild-deer bouncing through the They lodg'd at large, and liv'd at nature's colt; Save fpear, and bow, withouten other tid; Yet not the Roman fteel their naked breaft difmay'd.

## XVIII.

He lik'd the foil, he lik'd the clement fkies, He lik'd the verdant hills and howery plains. Be this my great, my chofen ille (he cries). This, whilit my labours Liderty fufains, Vol. II.

R
+94 The Castle of Indolence.
This queen of ocean all aflault difdains.
Nor lik'd he lefs the genius of the land,
To freedom apt and perfevering pains,
Mild to obey, and generous to command, [hand. Temper'd by forming Heaven with kindeft firmeft

## XIX.

Here, by degrees, his mafter work arofe,
Whatever arts and induftry can frame;
Whatever finif'd agriculture knows,
Fair queen of arts! from heaven itfelf who came,

- When Eden flourifh'd in unfpotted fame :

And fill with her fiveet innocence we find,
And tender peace, and joys without a name,
That, while they ravifh, tranquillize the mind,
Nature and art at once, delight and ufe combin'd.

## XX.

Then towns he quicken'd by mechanic arts, And bade the fervent city glow with toil;
Bade focial commerce raife renowned marts, Join land to land, and marry foil to foil,
Unite the poles, and without bloody fpoil
Bring home of either Ind the gorgeous fores;
Or, Mould defpotic rage the world embroil,
Bade tyrants tremble on remoteft fhores,
While o'er th' encircling deep Britannia's thunder roars.

## XXI.

The drooping mufes then he weftward call'd,
From the fam'd city * by Propontic fea,
What time the Turk th' enfeebled Grecian thrall'd;
Thence from their cloifter'd walks he fet them free,

- Corficartizople.

And brought them to another Caffalie, Where Ifsis many a famous nourlling breeds; Or where old Cam foft-paces o'er the lea In penfive mood, and tunes his Doric reeds, The whilf his flocks at large the lonely fhepherd feeds.

## XXII.

Yet the fine arts were what he finif'd leaft. For why? They are the quinteflence of all, The growth of labouring time, and flow increaft; . Unlefs, as feldom chances, it fhould fall,
That mighty patrons the coy fifters call
Up to the funfhine of uncumber'd eafe,
Where no rude care the mounting thought may thrall, And where they nothing have to do but pleafe: Ah! gracious God! thou know'f they alk no other fees.

## XXIII.

But now, alas! we live too late in time:
Our patrons now even grudge that little claim, Except to fuch as fleek the foothing ryhme; And yet, forfooth, they wear Mecenas' name, Poor fons of puft-up vanity, not fame.
Unbroken fpirits, cheer! ftill, ftill remains
Th' Eternal Patron, Liberty; whofe flame,
While the protedts, infpires the nobleft frains.
The beft, and fweetell far, are toil created gains.

## XXIV.

When as the knight had fram'd, in Bratain-land,
A matchlefs form of glorious government,
In which the fovereign laws alone command,
Laws ftablifh'd by the pablic free confent,

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Whofe majefty is to the fceptre lent;
When this great plan, with each dependent art,
Was fettled firm, and to his heart's content,
Then fought he from the toilfome fcene to part, And let life's vacant eve breathe quiet through the heart.

## XXV.

For this he chofe a farm in Deva's vale, Where his long alleys peep'd upon the main. In this calm feat he drew the healthful gale, Here mix'd the chief, the patriot, and the fwain.
The happy monarch of his fylvan train,
Here, fided by the gua:dians of the fold,
He walk'd his rounds, and cheer'd his blefs'd domain :
His days, the days of unftain'd nature, roll'd,
Replete with peace and joy, like patriarchs of old.

## XXVI.

Witnefs, ye lowing herds, who gave him milk;
Witnefs, ye flocks, whore woolly vellments far
Exceed foft India's cotton, or her filk;
Witnefs, with autumn charg'd, the nodding car,
'That homeward came beneath fweet evening's ftar,
Or of September-moons the radiance mild.
O hide thy head, abominable war!
Of crimes and ruffian idlenefs the child! [vild!
From heaven this life yprung, from hell thy glories,

## XXVII.

- Nor from his deep retirement banifh'd was 'Th' amufing care of rural induitry.
Still, as with grateful change the feafons pafs,
New fcenes arife, new landfcapes ftrike the eye,

And all th' enliven'd country beautify :
Gay plains extend where marhes flept before ;
O'er recent meads th' exulting ftreamlets fly;
Dark frowning heaths grow bright with Ceres' fore, And woods imbrown the fteep, or wave along the fhore.

## XXVIII.

As nearer to his farm you made approach, He polifh'd nature with a finer hand:
Yet on her beauties durft not art incroach; 'Tis art's alone thefe beauties to expand. In graceful dance immingled, o'er the land, Pan, Pales, Flora, and Pomona play'd:
Here too brifk gales the rude wild common fand
An happy place; where free, and unafraid, Amid the flowering brakes each coyer creature ftray'd.

## XXIX.

But in prime vigour what can laft for ay? That foul-enfeebling wizard Indolence,
I whilom fung, wrought in his works decay :
Spread far and wide was his curs'd influence;
Of public virtue much be dull'd the fenfe,
Even much of private ; eat our fpirit out,
And fed our rank luxurious vices: whence
The land was overlaid with many a lout; Not, as old fame reports, wife, generous, bold, and

## XXX.

A rage of pleafure madden'd every breaft,
Down to the loweft lees the ferment ran:
To his licentious wifh each muft be bleft,
With joy be fever'd; fnatch it as he can.

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Thus Vice the ftandard rear'd; her arrier-ban
Corruption call'd, and loud fhe gave the word, [man, " Mind, mind yourfelves! why fhould the valgas - "The lacquey be more virtuous than his lord ? "Enjoy this fpan of life! 'tis all the gods afford."

## XXXI.

The tidings reach'd to where in quiet hall, The good old knight enjoy'd well-earn'd repofe.
" Come, come, Sir Knight! thy children on thee call;
" Come, fave us yet, ere ruin round us clofe!
"'The demon Indolence thy toils o'erthrows."
On this the noble colour ftain'd his cheeks, Indignant, glowing through the whitening fnows Of venerable eld; his eye full-fpeaks
His ardent foul, and from his couch at once he breaks.

## XXXII.

I will, (he cry'd), fo help me, God ! deftroy
That villain Archimage.-His page then ftrait
He to him call'd, a fiery-footed boy,
Benempt Di/patch. "My fteed be at the gate;
" My bard attend ; quick, bring the net of fate."
This net was twifted by the fifters three;
Which when once caft o'er harden'd wretch, too late
Repentance comes : replevy cannot be
From the ftrong iron grafp of vengeful deftiny.

## XXXIII.

He came, the bard, a little druid-wight,
Of withered afpect ; but his eye was keen, With fiveetnefs mix'd. In rufiet brown bedight,
As is his * fifter of the copfes green,

* The nightingale.

He crept along, unpromifing of mien.
Grofs he who judges fo. His foul was fair,
Bright as the children of yon azure fheen.
True comelinefs, which nothing can impair,
Dwells in the mind: all elfe is vanity and glare.

## XXXIV.

Come, (quoth the knight), 1 a voice has reach'd mine The demon Indolence threats overthrow. [ear: To all that to mankind is good and dear :
Come, Philomelus; let us inflant go, O'erturn his bowers, and lay his caftle low.
Thofe men, thofe wretched men! who will be flaves, Muft drink a bitter wrathful cup of wo:
But fome there be, thy fong, as from their graves, Shall rife. - Thrice happy he! who without rigour faves.

## XXXV.

Ifiuing forth, the knight beftrode his fleed, Of ardent bay, and on whofe front a ftar Shone blazing bright: fprung from the generous breed That whirl of active day the rapid car, He pranc'd along, difdaining gate or bar. Meantime, the bard on milk-white palfrey rode; " An honeft fober beaft, that did not mar His meditations, but full foftly trode : And much they moraliz'd as thus yfere they yode.

## XXXVI.

They talk'd of virtue, and of human blifs. What elfe fo fit for man to fettle well ? And fill their long refearches met in this, This Trutb of Trutbs, which nothing'can refey:
"From virtue's fount the pureft joys out-well,
"Sweet rills of thought that cheer the confcious foul;
" While vice pours forth the troubled ftreams of hell,
" The which, howe'er difguis'd, at laft with dole
"Will through the tortur'd breaft their fiery torrent roll."

## XXXVII.

At length it dawn'd, that fatal valley gay, [rear. O'er which high wood-crown'd hills their fummits On the cool height a while our palmers flay, And fite even of themfelves their fenfes cheer; Then to the wizard's wonne their fteps they fteer. Like a green inle, it broad beneath them fpred, With gardens round, and wandering currents clear, And tufted groves to fhed the meadow-bed, Sweet airs and fong; and without hurry all feem'd glad.

## XXXVIII.

"As God fhall judge me, Knight, we muft forgive (The half-enraptur'd Philomelus cry'd)
"The frail good man deluded here to live,
"And in thefe groves his mufing fancy hide.
"Ah! nought is pure. It cannot be deny'd,
"That virtue fill fome tincture has of vice,
"And vice of virtue. What fhould then betide,
" But that our charity be not too nice?
" Come, let us thofe we can to real blifs entice.

## XXXIX.

"Ay, ficker, (quoth the knight), all fefh is frail,
"To pleafant fin and joyous dalliance bent ;
" But let not brutifh vice of this avail,
"And think to fcape deferved punifhment.
" Juffice were cruel weakly to relent ;
"From Mercy's felf she got her facred glaive :
"Grace be to thofe who. can, and will, repent;
"But penance long, and dreary, to the flave,
"Who muft in floods of fire his grof foul fpirit lave.*

## XL.

Thus, holding high difcourfe, they came to where.
The curfed carle was at his wonted trade;
Still tempting heedlefs men into his fnare,
In witching wife, as I before have faid.
But when he faw, in goodly geer array'd,
The grave majeftic knight approaching nigh,
And by his fide the bard fo fage and ftaid,
His countenance fell; yet oft his anxious eye Mark'd then, like wily fox who roofted cock doth fpy.

## XLI.

Nathlefs, with feign'd refpect, he bade give back.
The rabble-rout, and welcom'd them full kind;
Strack with the noble twain, they were not flack
His orders to obey, and fall behind.
Then he refum'd his fong ; and, unconfin'd,
Pour'd all his mufic, ran through all his ftrings:
With magic duft their eyne he tries to blind,
And virtue's tender airs o'er weaknefs flings. What pity bafe his fong who fo divinely fings!

> XLII.

Elate in thought, he counted them his own, They liften'd fo intent with fix'd delight: But they inftead, as if tranfmew'd to fone, Marvell'd he could with fuch fweet art unite

The lights and fhades of manners, wrong and right.
Meantime, the filly croud the charm devour,
Wide preffing to the gate. Swift, on the knight
He darted fierce, to drag him to his bower, [power. Who backning thunn'd his touch, for well he knew its

## XLIII.

As in throng'd amphitheatre, of old,
The wary * Retiarius trapp'd his foe;
Even fo the knight, returning on him bold,
At once involv'd him in the Net of Wo,
Whereof I mention made not long ago.
Enrag'd at firt, he fcorn'd fo weak a jail, And leap'd, and flew, and flounced to and fro;
But when he found that nothing could avail, He fet him felly down, and gnaw'd his bitter nail.

## XLIV.

Alarm'd, th' inferior demons of the place Rais'd rueful fhrieks and hideous yells around; Black ftormy clouds deform'd the welkin's face, And from beneath was heard a wailing found, As of infernal fprights in cavern bound;
A folemn fadnefs every creature frook,
And lightnings flafh'd, and horror rock'd the ground:
Huge crouds on crouds out-pour'd, with blemin'd look,
As if on time's laft verge this frame of things had thook.

[^29]
## XLV.

Soon as the fhort-liv'd tempeft was yfpent, Steam'd from the jaws of vex'd Avernus' hole, And hufh'd the hubbub of the rabblement, Sir Industry the firft calm moment fole. " There muft, (he cry'd), amid fo vaft a fhoal,
"Be fome who are not tainted at the heart,
" Not poifon'd quite by this fame villain's bowl :
" Come then, my bard, thy heavenly fire impart;
"Touch foul with foul, till forth the latent fpirit ftatt."

## XLVI.

The bard obey'd; and taking from his fide, Where it in feemly fort depending hung, His Britißh harp, its fpeaking frings he try'd, The which with fxilful touch he defly ftrung, Till tinkling in clear fymphony they rung. Then, as he felt the mures come along, Light o'er the chords his raptur'd hand he flung, And play'd a prelude to his rifing fong:
The whilf, like midnight mute, ten thoufands round him throng.

## XLVII.

Thus, ardent, burft his ftrain.

> "Ye haplefs race,
"Dire-labouring here to fmother reafon's ray,
"That lights our Maker's image in our face,
" And gives us wide o'er earth unqueftion'd fway;
"What is th' ador'd supreme Perfection, fay?
" What, but eternal never-refting foul,
" Almighty power, and all-directing day;
" By whom each atom firs, the planets roll ; *6 Who fills, furrounds, informs, and agitates the whole.

## XLVIII.

" Come, to the beaming God your hearts unfold!
: "Draw from its fountain life! 'Tis thence, alone, " We can excel. Up from unfeeling mold, " To feraphs burning round th' Al michty's throne, "Life rifing ftill on life, in higher tone,
".s Perfection forms, and with perfection blifs. " In univerfal nature this clear fhewn, " Not needeth proof: to prove it were, I wis,
" To prove the beauteous world excels the brute abyfs.

## XLIX.

" Is not the field, with lively culture green,
"A fight more joyous than the dead morafs?
" Do not the fkies, with active ether clean,
" And fann'd by fprightly zephyrs, far furpafs
"The foul November fogs, and numbrous mafs,
" With which fad nature veils her drooping face?
" Does not the mountain-ftream, as clear as glafs,
" Gay-dancing on, the putrid pool difgrace?
" The fame in all holds true, but chief in human race.

## L.

"It was not by vile loitering in eafe,
"That Greece obtain'd the brighter palm of art,
"That foft yet ardent Athens learn'd to pleafe,
"To keen the wit, and to fublime the heart,
" In all fupreme! complete in every part!
"It was not thence majeftic Rome arofe,
"And o'er the nations thook her conquering dart:
"For fluggard's brow the laurel never grows;
" Renown is not the child of indolent repofe.

## LI.

"Had unambitious mortals minded nought;
" But in loofe joy their time to wear away;
es Had they alone the lap of dalliance fought,
" Pleas'd on her pillow their dull heads to lay,
" Rude nature's ftate had been our flate to-day ;
"No cities e'er their towery fronts had rais' C ," "*
"Nor arts had made us opulent and gay;
" With brother-brutes the human race had graz'd;
*None e'er had foar'd to fame, none honour'd been, " none prais'd.

## LII.

"Great Homer's fong had never fir'd the breaif, "
"To thirft of glory, and heroic deeds;
" Sweet Maro's mufe, funk in inglorious reft,
"Had filent flept amid the Mincian reeds:
"The wits of modern time had told their beáds,: "
" And monkifh legends been their only flrains;" 1 .
"Our Milton's Eden had lain wrapt in weeds,
"Our Sharespear ftroll'd and laugh'd with Wai"rwick fwains,
[" plains.

* Ne had my mafter Spenser charm'd his Mulla's

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s
" LIIJ.

## LIII.

"Dumb too had been the fage hiforic mufe,
*And perifh'd all the fons of ancient fame;
" Thofe ftarry lights of virtue, that diffure
" Through the dark depth of time their vivid flame,
"Had all been lof with fuch as have no name.
"Who then had fcorn'd his eafe for others' good ?
'" Who then had toil'd rapacious men to tame?
"Who in the public breach devoted ftood,
"And for his country's caufe been prodigal of blood?

## LIV.

"But fhould to fame your hearts unfeeling be,
"If right I read, you pleafure all require:
"Then hear how beft may be obtain'd this fee,
". How beft enjoy'd this nature's wide defire.
"Toil, and be glad! let induftry infpire
" Into your quicken'd limbs her buoyant breath !
"Who does not act is dead; abforpt entire
" In miry foth, no pride, no joy he hath :
ar O leaden-hearted men, to be in love with death!

## LV.

" Ah! what avail the largeft gifts of Heaver,

- When drooping health and fpirits go amifs?
"How taftelefs then whatever can be given?
* Health is the vital principle of blifs,
* And exercife of health. In proof of this,
- Behold the wretch, who flugs his life away,
- Soon fwallow'd in difeafe's fad abyfs;
- While he whom toil has brac'd, or manly play,
e" Has light as air each limb, each thought as clear as " day.


## LVI.

"O who can fpeak the vigorous joys of health !
"Unclogg'd the body, unobfeur'd the mind:
"The morning rifes gay, with pleafing ftealth,
"The temperate evening falls ferene and kind.
"In health the wifer brutes true gladnefs find.
"See! how the younglings frifk along the meads,
"As May comes on, and wakes the baliny wind;
"Rampant with life, their joy all joy exceeds:"
"Yet what but high-ftrung health this dancing plea.. " faunce breeds?

## IVII.

" But here, inftead, is fofter'd every ill,
"Which or diftemper'd minds or bodies know.
" Come then, my kindred fpirits! do not fpili
" Your talents here: This place is but a hew,
"Whofe charms delude ynu to the den of wo:
" Come, follow me, I will direct you right,
" Where pleafure's rofes, void of ferpents, grow,
" Sincere as fweet; come, follow this good knight,
"And you will blefs the day that brought him to your " fight.

## LVIII.

" Some he will lead to courts, and fome to camps;
"To renates fome, and public fage debates, "Where, by the folemn gleam of midnight-lamps,
" The world is pois'd, and manag'd mighty flates;
"To high difcovery fome, that new-creates
"The face of earth; fome to the thriving mart;
" Some to the rural reign, and fofter fates;
"To the fweet mufes fome, who raife the heart:
"All glory fhail be yours, all nature, and all art.

$$
S_{2}
$$

208 The Castre of Indolence.

## LIX.

" There are, I fee, who liften to my lay,
" Who wretched figh for virtue, but defpair.
"All may be done, (methinks I hear them fay),
". Even death defpis'd by generous actions fair;
" All, but for thofe who to thefe bowers repair,
" Their every power diffolv'd in luxury,
" To quit of torpid nuggihnefs the lair,
" And from the powerful arms of noth get free.
"' ' is rifing from the dead-Alas!-It cannot be!

## LX.

- Would you then learn to diffipate the band
"Of thefe huge threat'ning difficulties dire,
" That in the weak man's way like lions ftand,
" His foul appall, and damp his rifing fire?
"Refolve, refolve, and to be men afpire.
" Exert that nobleft privilege, alone,
" Here to mankind indulg'd : control defire;
" Let godlike Reafon, from her fovereign throne; " Speak the commanding word-I will! - and it is done.


## LXI.

" Heavens! can you then thus wafte, in fhameful wife,
" Your few important days of trial here?
"Heirs of eternity! yborn to rife
"Through endlefs itates of being, ftill more near
"To blifs approzehing, and perfection clear,
"Can you renounce a fortane fo fublime,
" Such glorious hopes, your backward feps to fleer, "And roll, with vileft brutes, through mud and lime? "No! no!-Your heaven-touch'd hearts difdain the " fordid crime!"
LXII.
"Enough! enough !" they crj'd-Sirait, from the croud,
The better fort on wings of tranfport fly:
As when amid the lifelefs fummits proud Of Alpine cliffs, where to the gelid, Iky Snows pil'd on fnows in wint'ry torpor lie, 'The rays divine of vernal Pbarbus play;
Th' awaken'd heaps, in ftreamiets from on high,
Rous'd into âtion, lively leap away, [gay. Glad-warbling through the vales, in their new being

## LXIII.

Not lefs the life, the vivid joy ferene,
That lighted up thefe new-created men,
Than that which wings th' exulting fpirit clean,
When, juft deliver'd from this flefhly den,
It foaring feeks its native Rkies agen :
How light its effence! how unclogg'd its powers,
Beyond the blazon of my mortal pen!
Even fo we glad forfook thefe finful bowers, Even fuch entrapturd life, fuch energy was ours.

## LXIV.

But far the greater part, with rage inflam'd, Dire-mutter'd cúrfes, and blatphem'd high Jove. - Ye fons of hate ! (they bitterly exclain'd), ${ }^{2}$
". What brought you to this feat of peeace and love?
"While with kind nature', here amid the grove,
"We pafs'd the harmlefs fabbath of our time,
" What te difturb it could, fell men, emove
"Your barbarous hearts? Is happinefs a crime ?
"Then do the fiends of hell rule in yon heaven fublime.

$$
S_{3}
$$

LXV.

## LXV.

" Ye impious wretches, (quoth the Knight in wrath),
"Your happinefs behold !"-Then flrait a wand
He wav'd, an anti-magic power that hath,
Truth from illufive falfehood to command.
Sudden the landfcape finks on every hand;
The pure quick ftreams are marthy puddles found;
On baleful heaths the groves all blacken'd ftand; ;
And, o'er the weedy foul abhorred ground, [around. Snakes, adders, toads, each loathfome creature crawls

## LXVI.

And here and there, on trees by lightning fcath'd, Unhappy wights who loathed life yhung; Or, in frefh gore and recent murder bath'd, They weltering lay; or elfe, infuriate flung Into the gloomy flood, while ravens fung. The funeral dirge, they down the torrent rowl'd :
Thefe, by diftemper'd blood to madnefs ftung,
Had doom'd themfelves; whence oft, when night controul'd
The world, returning hither their fad fpirits howl'd.

## LXVII.

Meantime a moving feene was open laid; That lazar-houfe, I whilom in my lay Depeinted have, its horrors deep difplay'd, And gave unnumber'd wretches to the day, Who toffing there in fqualid mifery lay. Soon as of facred light th' unwonted fmile Pour'd on thefe living catacombs its ray,

Through the drear caverns ftretching many a mile, The fick up-rais'd their heads, and dropp'd their woes ${ }^{\text {s }}$ a while.

## LXVII:

"O heaven ! (they cry'd), and do we orce more fee "Yon bleffed fun, and this green earth'fo fair ? " Are we from noifome damps of pelt-houfe free?
"And drink our fouis the fweet ethereal air ?
"O thou! or Knight, or God! who holdeft there. "That fiend, oh keep him in eternal'chains !
" But what for us, the children of defpair,
" Brought to the brink of hell, what hope remains ?
"Repentance does itfelf. but aggravate our pains."

## LXIX.

The gentle Knight; who faw their rueful cafe,
Let fall adown his filver beard fome tears.
" Certes (quoth he) it is not even in grace, " 'T' undo the paft, and eke your broken years :
" Nathlefs, to nobler worlds repentance rears,
"With humble hope, her eye; " to her is given.
"A power the truly contrite heart that cheers;
"She quells the brand by which the rocks are riven :
"s She more than merely foftens, the rejoices Heaven.

## LXX.

"Then patient bear the fufferings you bave carn'd,
" And by thefe fufferings purify the mind;
"Let wifdom be by paft mifconduct learn'd:
". Or pious die, with penitence refign'd;
"And to alife more happy and refin'd,
"Doubt not, you fhall, new creatures, yet arife.
"Till then, you may expect in me to find
"One who will wipe your forrow from your eyes,
". One who will footh your pangs, and wing you to "the fkies."

## LXXI.

They filent heard, and pour'd their thanks in tears. " For you (refum'd the Knight with ferner tone)
" Whofe hard dry hearts th' obdurate demon fears,
". That villain's gifts will coft you many a groan ;
"In dolorous manfion long you mult bemoan
"His fatal charms, and weep your itains away;
"Till, foft and pure as infant goodnefs grown,
"You feel a perfect change: then, who can fay,

* What grace may yet fhine forth in heaven's eternal "day ?".


## LXXII.

This faid, his powerful wand he wav'd anew :
Inftant, a glorious angel-train defcends,
(. The Charities, to wit, of rofy hue

Sweet love their looks a gentle radiance lends,
And with feraphic flame compaffion blends.
At once, delighted, to their charge they fly:
When lo! a goudly hofpital afcends;
In which they bade each lenient aid be nigh,
That could the fick-bed fmooth of that fad company.

## LXXIII.

It was a worthy edifying fight, And.gives to human kind peculiar grace, 1 otx To fee kind hands attending day and night, $\quad .{ }^{\text {w }}$ With tender minitry, from place to place. Some prop the head; fome, from the pallid face, Wipe off the faint cold dews weak nature fheds; Some reach the healing, draught:, the whilf, to chafe The fear fupreme, around their foften'd beds, Some holy man by prayer all opening heaven difpreds..

## LXXIV.

Attended by a glad acclaiming train, Of thofe he refcu'd had from gaping hell, Then turn'd the Knight; and; to his hall. agaia. Soft-pacing, fought of peace the moffy cell : Yet down his cheeks the gems of pity fell, To fee the helplefs wretches that remain'd, There left through delves and deferts dire to yell; Amaz'd, their looks with pale difmay were frain'd, And fpreading wide their hands they meek repentance feign'd.

## LXXV.

But ah! their fcorned day of grace was paft:
For (horrible to tell!) a defert wild
Before them ftretch'd, bare, comfortlefs, and valt;
With gibbets, bones, and carcafes defil'd.
There nor trim field, nor lively culture fmil'd.
Nor waving fhade was feen, nor fountain fair ;
But fands abrupt on fands lay loofely pil'd, [care,
Through which they floundering toil'd with painful Whilf Pbebus. fmote them fore, and fir'd the cloudlefs air.

## LXXVI.

Then, varying to a joylefs land of bogs, The fadden'd cơuntry a grey wafte appear'd : Where nought but putrid ftreams and noifome fogs. For ever hung on drizzly Aafer's beard; Or elfe the ground by piercing Caurus fear'd, Was jagg'd with froft, or heap'd with glazed fnow : 'Through thefe extremes a ceafelefs round they fteer'd, By cruel fiends ftill hurry'd to and fro, i [moe. Gaunt Eeggary, and Scorn, with many hell-hounds

## LXXVIT.

The firf was with bafe dunghill rags yclad, Tainting the gale, in which they flutter'd light; Of morbid hue his featurés, funk, and fad; His hollow eyne fhook forth a fickly light; And o'er his lank jaiv-bone, in piteous plight, ,His black rough beard was matted rank and vile;
Direful to fee!' an heart-appalling fight!
Meantime foul fcurf and blotches him defile; sAnd dogs, where-e'er he went, Atll barked all the white.

## LXXVIII.

The other was a fell defpiteful fiend:
Hell holds none worfe in baleful bower below :
By pride, and wit, and rage, and rancour, keen'd;
Of man alike, if good or bad, the foe :
With nofe up-turn'd, he ahways made a fhew
As if he finelt fome naufeous fcent; his eye
Was cold, and keen, like blaft from boreal fnow;
And taunts he caften forth moft bitterly.
Such were the twain that off drove this ungodly fry.

The Castee of Indolence.

Even fo through Brentford town, a town of mud, An herd of briny fwine is prick'd along; The filthy beafts, that never chew the cud, Still grunt, and fqueak, and fing their troublous fong. And oft they plunge themelves the mire among: But ay the ruthlefs driver goads them on, And ay of barking dogs the bitter throng Makes them renew their unmelodious moan; in 3 Ne ever find they reft from their unrefting fone.

## E <br> M <br> S

SEVERAL OCCASIONS.


## V $\quad$ E R $\quad$ R $\quad$ E

Occafioned by the

## DEATH of Mr ArkmAn, a particular friend of the Author's.

A$S$ thofe we love decay, we die in part, String after ftring is fever'd from the heart; Till loofen'd life, at laft, but breathing clay, Without one pang is glad to fall away. Unhappy he, who latert feels the blow, Whofe eyes have wept o'er every friend laid low, Dragg'd ling'ring on from partial death to death, Till, dying, all he can refign is breath.

## O <br> D <br> E.

I.

Ell me, thou foul of her I love, Ah! tell me, whither art thou fled;
To what delightful world above,
Appointed for the happy dead?

## II.

Or doft thou, free, at pleafure, roam,
And fometimes fhare thy lover's wo; Where, void of thee, his cheerlefs home

Can now, alas! no comfort know ?

> III.

Oh! if thou hover'ft round my walk,
While, under ev'ry well-known tree,
I to thy fancy'd fhadow talk,
And every tear is full of thee;
IV.

Should then the weary eye of grief,
Befide fome fympathetic fream,
In flumber find a fhort relief,
Oh vifit thou my foothing dream!

$$
E \quad P \quad I \quad T \quad A \quad P \quad H
$$

Miss STANLEY.
H Ere, Staniey, reft, efcap'd this mortal frife, Above the joys, beyond the woes of life.
VQz. II.
T
Fierce

I'ierce pangs no more thy lively beauties flain, And fternly try thee with a year of pain: No more fiweet patience, feigning oft relief, - Lights thy fick eye, to cheat a parent's grief: With tender art, to fave her anxious groan, No more thy bofom preffes down its own: Now well-earn'd peace is thine, and blifs fincere:
Ours be the lenient, not unpleafing tear !
O born to bloom, then fink beneath the form;
To flow us Virtue in her faireft form;
To flow us artlefs Reafon's moral reign,
What boafful fcience arrogates in vain ;
Th' obedient paffions knowing each their part;
Calm light the head, and harmony the heart !
Yes, we mult follow foon, will glad ober, When a few funs have roll'd their cares away, 'Tir'd with vain life, will clofe the willing eye: 'Tis the great birth-right of mankind to die. Blefs'd be the bark! that wafts us to the fhore, Where death-divided friends fhall part no more:
To join thee there, here with thy duft repofe, ls all the hope thy haplefs mother knows.

To the Reverend

## Mr M UR D O C H,

Rector of Straddiftall in Suffolk, 1738.

THus fafely low, my friend, thou canft not fall : Here reigns a deep tranquillity o'er all ;
No noife, no care, no vanity, no ftrife;
Men, woods and fields, all brenthe untroubled life.
'Then

Then leep each paffiou down, however dear ; Truft me, the tender are the moft fevere.
Guard, while 'tis thine, thy philofophic eafe, And afk no joy but that of virtuous peace; That bids defiance to the forms of fate: High blifs is only for a higher flate.

## A

## $P A R A P H \cdot A \cdot E$ ONTHE

Latter Part of the Sixth Chapter of St Matthew.

WHen my breaft labours with oppreffive care, And o'er my cheek defcends the falling tear ; While all my warring pafions are at frife, O, let me liften to the words of life! Raptures deep-felt his doarine did impart, And thus he rais'd from earth the drooping heart.

Think not, when all your fcanty ftores afford, Is fpread at once upon the fparing board; Think not, when worn the homely robe appears, While, on the roof, the howling tempeft bears ; What farther fhall this feeble life fuftain, And what thall clothe thefe fhiv'ring limbs again. Say, does not life its nourifiment exceed? And the fair body its inrefting weed?

Behold! and look away your low defpair See the light tenants of the barren air: To them, nor flores nor granaries, belong, Nought, but the woodland, and the pleafing fong;

Yet your kind heavenly Father bends his eye On the leaft wing that fits along the $f k y$. To him they fing, when fpring renews the plain, 'To him they cry, in winter's pinching reign; Nor is their mufic, nor their plaint in vain: He hears the gay, and the diftrefsful call, And with unfparing bounty fills them all. Obferve the rifing lily's fnowy grace, Obferve the various vegetable race; They neither toil, nor fpin, but carelefs grow, Yet fee how warm they blufh! how bright they glow! What regal vefments can with them compare! What king fo hining! or what queen fo fair!

If, ceafelefs, thus the fowls of heaven he feeds, If o'er the fields fuch lucid robes he fpreads; Will he not care for you, ye faithlefs, fay? Is he unwife? or, are ye lefs than they?

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
S & O & N
\end{array}
$$

ONE day the god of fond defire, On milchief bent, to Damon faid, Why not difclofe your tender fire, Not own it to the lovely maid? II.

- The fhepherd mark'd his treacherous art, And, foftly fighing, thus reply'd:
'Tis true, you have fubdu'd my heart, But hall not triumph o'er my pride.


## III.

The flave in private only bears
Your bondage, who his love conceals;
But when his paffion he declares,
You drag him at your chariot-wheels.

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
S & O & N & G
\end{array}
$$

HArd is the fate of him who loves, Yet dares not tell his trembling pain, But to the fympathetic groves,

But to the lonely liftening plain.
Oh! when the bleffes next your fhade,
Oh! when her foottteps next are feen
In flowery tracts along the mead,
In frefher mazes o'er the green,
Ye gentle fpirits of the vale,
To whom the tears of love are dear,
From dying lilies waft a gale,
And figh my forrows in her ear.
O tell her what fhe cannot blame,
Tho' fear my tongue muft ever bind;
Oh tell her that my virtuous flame
Is as her fpotlefs foul refin'd.
Not her own guardian angel eyes
With chafler tendernefs his care,
Not purer her own wifhes rife,
Not holier her own fighs in prayer.

But if, at firft, her virgin fear Should fart at love's fufpected name,
With that of friendfhip footh her ear
True love and iriendhip are the fame.

## $\begin{array}{lll}\mathrm{S} & \mathrm{O} & \mathrm{N}\end{array}$

## I.

$T$ Nlefs with my Amanda bleft, In vain I twine the woodbine bower;
Unlefs to deck her fweeter breaft,
In vain I rear the breathing flower:

## II.

Awaken'd by the genial year,
In vain the birds around me fing;
In vain the frefh'ning fields appear:
Witbout my love there is no Jpring.

## $\begin{array}{lll}\mathrm{S} & \mathrm{O} & \mathrm{N}\end{array}$

FOR ever, Fortune; wilt thou prove An unrelenting foe to love,
And when we meet a mutual heart,
Come in between, and bid us part :
Bid us figh on from day to day,
And wifh, and wifh the foul away;
Till youth and genial years are flown,
And all the life of life is gone?
But bufy bufy ftill art thou,
To bind the lovelefs joylefs vow,

The heart from pleafure to delude,
To join the gentle to the rude.
For once, O Fortune, hear my prayer, And I abfolve thy future care;
All other bleflings I refign,
Make but the dear Amanda mine.

## $S \quad O \quad N \quad G$.

COme, gentle god of foft defire, Come and poffefs my harpy breaft, Not fury-like in flames and fire, Or frantic folly's wildnefs dreft ;
But come in friendrhip's angel-guife :
Yet dearer thou than friendfhip art,
More tender fpirit in thy eyes,
More fweet emotions at the ;heart.
O come with goodnefs in thy train, With peace and pleafure void of ftorm,
And wouldft thou me for ever gain, Put on Amanda's winning form.

## O D E

ONightingale, beft poet of the grove, That plaintive ftrain can ne'er belong to thee, Blefs'd in the full poffefion of thy love :

O lend that ftrain, fweet Nightingale, to me !
'Tis mine, alas! to mourn my wretched fate :
I love a maid who all my bofom charms,
Yet lofe my days without this lovely mate;
Inhuman fortune keeps ber from my arms.

224 Poems on feveral Occafions.
You, happy birds! by nature's fimple laws
Lead your foft lives, fuftain'd by nature's fare ;
You dwell where-ever roving fancy draws,
And love and fong is all your pleafing care:
But we, vain flaves of intereft and of pride,
Dare not be blefs'd leftenvious tongues fhould blame :
And hence, in vain I languifh for my bride;
O mourn with me, fiweet bird, my haplefs flame.

## To SERAPHINA.

O D E.

THE wanton's charms, however bright, Are like the falfe illufive light,
Whofe flatt'ring unaufpicious blaze
To precipices oft betrays:
But that fiweet ray your beauties dart,
Which clears the mind, and cleans the heart,
Is like the facred queen of night,
Who pours a lovely gentle light
Wide o'er the dark, by wanderers bleft,
Conducting them to peace and reft.
A vitious love depraves the mind,
'Tis anguifh, guilt, and folly join'd;
But Seraphina's eyes difpenfe
A mild and gracious influence ;
Such as in vifions angels thed
Around the heav'n-illumin'd head.
To love thee, Seraphina, fure
Is to be tender, happy,-pure;
'T is from low paffions to efcape,
And woo bright virtue's faireft fhape ; 'ris ecftafy with wifdom join'd ; And heaven infus'd into the mind.

## O D E.

## 0 N

## ※ OLUS's. HARP*。

I.
$47^{\text {Thereal race, inhabitants of air, }}$
Who hymn your God amid the fecret grove ; Ye unfeen beings to my harp repair,

And raife majeftic ftrains, or melt in love.

## II.

Thofe tender notes, how kindly they upbraid,
With what foft wo they thrill the lover's heart !
Sure from the hand of fome unhappy maid,
Who dy'd of love, thefe fweet complainings part.

## III.

But hark! that ftrain was of a graver tone,
On the deep ftrings his hand fome hermit throws;
Or he the facred bard $t$; who fat alone,
In the drear wafte, and wept his people's woes.

* Folus's Harp is a mufical inftrument, which plays with the wind, invented by Mr Offuald; its propertics are fu'ly deferibed is the Caftle of Indolence.
$\dagger$ Fcremiab.

Such was the fong which Zion's children fung,
When by Eupbrates' fream they made their plaint :
And to fuch fadly folemn notes are ftrung
Angelic harps, to footh a dying faint.

## (V.

Methinks I hear the full celeftial choir,
'Thro' heaven's high dome their awful anthem raife ;
Now chanting clear, and now they all confpire
To fiwell the lofty hymn, from praife to praife.
VI.

Let me, ye wand'ring fpirits of the wind,
Who, as wild fancy prompts you, touch the ftring, Smit with your theme, be in your chorus join'd,

For till you ceafe, my Mwfe forgets to fing.

$$
\mathrm{H} \quad \mathrm{Y} \quad \mathrm{M} \quad \mathrm{~N}
$$

O N

## S O L I T U D E.

HAil, mildy pleafing Solitude, Companion of the wife, and good; But from whofe holy, piercing eye, The herd of fools, and villains fly.

Oh! how I love with thee to walk, And liften to thy whifper'd talk,

Which innocence and truth imparts,
And melts the moft obdurate hearrts.
A thoufand fhapes you wear with eare,
And fill in every fhape you pleafe.
Now wrapt in fome myfterious dream,
A lone philofopher you feem;
Now quick from hill to vale you fy. And now you fweep the vaulted $\mathbb{k y}$,
A fhepherd next, you haunt the plain, And warble forth your oaten itrain.
A lover now, with all the grace Of that fiveet paffion in your face: 'Then, calm'd to friend hhip, you affume The gentle-looking Hartford's bloom, As, with her Musidora, fhe, (Her Musidora fond of thee), Amid the long withdrawing vale, Awakes the rival'd nightingale.
Thine is the balmy breath of morn, Juft as the dew-bent rofe is born; And while meridian fevours bear, Thine is the woodland dumb retreat;
But chief, when evening-fcenes decay; And the faint landfcape fiwims away, Thine is the doubtful foft decline, And that beft hour of mufing thine. Defcending angels blefs thy train, The Virtues of the fage, and fwain; Plain Innocence in white array'd, Before thee lifts her fearlcfs head: Religion's beams around thee fhine, And cheer thy glooms with light divine :

About thee fports fweet Liberty;
And rapt Urania fings to thee.
Oh, let me pierce thy fecret cell!
And in thy deep receffes dwell; Perhaps from Norwood's oak-clad hill, When meditation has her fill, I juft may caft my carelefs eyes Where London's fpiry turrets rife, Think of its crimes, its cares, its pain, Then fhield me in the woods again.
(

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3


[^0]:    * Frederic Pitigce of Walés, then !ately arrived.

[^1]:    * The bay of Mo!a (anciently Formia) into which Hom er brings Ulysses, and his companions. Near Formia Cicero had a villa.
    $\dagger$ Naples then under the Auffian government.
    $\ddagger$ Campagne felice, adjoining to Capza.

    $$
    \begin{aligned}
    & \text { H. The coalt of Baia, which was formerly adorned with the } \\
    & \text { works mentioned in the following lines; and where amidt many } \\
    & \text { magnificent suins, thofe of a temple erected to Venus are flill to be } \\
    & \text { feen. }
    \end{aligned}
    $$

[^2]:    * Xenophon.
    t Socrates.

[^3]:    * When Demetrius befieged Rbodes, and could have reduced the city, by fetting fire to that quarter of it, where ftood the houfe of the elebrated Protogenes; he chofe rather to raife the fiege, than hazard the burning of a famous pieture called Jasylus, the mafter-piece of that painter.

[^4]:    * So the kings of $P_{e-j i a}$ were called by the Grecks.
    + The peace made by Antalcidas, the Lacedenorian admiral, with the Perfians; by whith the Lacedemonians abandoned all the Greeks eftablithed in the Lefier Afra to the dominion of the king of Perfia. ${ }^{\circ}$
    $\ddagger$ Atbeas ha's been difmantled by the Laceiemonints, at the end of the fi:ft Pel ponnefine war, and was at this time rello:ed by Conon to its former frlendour,

[^5]:    *The four cardinal virtues.

[^6]:    * The ancient name of the Volga

[^7]:    * Antoninus Pius, and his adopted fon Marcus Aureives, afterwards called Antoninus Philosophus.
    $\dagger$ Constantine's arch, to build which, that of Trajan was deftroyed, Sculpture having been then almoft entirely loft.
    $\ddagger$ The ancient Sarmatia contained a vaft tract of country running all along the north of Eurcee, and Affa.

[^8]:    Voz..II.

[^9]:    - The Hercules of Farnefe.
    $\dagger$ The fighting gladiator. $\ddagger$ The dying gladiator.

[^10]:    * The Apollo of Belvidere.
    $\dagger$ The Venus of Medicis.
    $\ddagger$ The groupe of Lavioon and his two fons, deftroyed by two ferpents.
    

[^11]:    * It is reported of Micbael Angelo Buonaroti, the moft celebrated. m . Ater of modern fculpture, that he wrought with a kind of inspiation, or enthufialtical fury, which produced the eflect here mintioned.

[^12]:    * The fchool of the Caratsio

[^13]:    * The main ocean.
    $\dagger$ Grat Rri'ain.
    $\ddagger$ The Swifs canturs.

[^14]:    * Genevc, fituated on the Lacus Lemanus, a fmall fate, but noble example of the bleffings of civil and religicus liberty.
    + The £rvifs, after having been long abfent from the:r na'ive country, are feized with fuch a violent defire of feeing it again, as a.fects them with a kind of languiahing indifpofition, ca.led the Swifs focknçs.

[^15]:    * Great Britair was peopled by the Celta or Gauls.
    $\dagger$ The Druids, among the ancient Gauls and Brions, had the care end direction of all shigious matters.

[^16]:    * The Britons applying to AEtius the Raman general for affiftance, thus expreffed their miferable condition.-" We know not which " way to turn us. The barbarians drive us to fea, and the fea for" ces us back to the barbarians; between which we have only the "s choice of two deaths, either to be fwallowed up by the waves, or " butchered by the fword."
    $\dagger$ King of the Silures, famous for his great exploits, and accounted the beft general Great Britain had ever produced. The Silures were efteemed the braveit and moft powerful of ali the Britons: they inhatited Herefordjbire, Radnorßire, Breckrockfiire, Monmouthbiire, and Clamorganjhire,

[^17]:    * Eglert king of Wefex, who, after having reduced all the otber kingdoms of the Heptarchy under his dominion, was the firtt king of. Ergland.
    + A famus Danif flandard, was called Reafan, or Raver. The Danes imagined that, before a battle, the raven wrought upon this fandard clapt its wings or hung down its head, in token of victory or defeat.

[^18]:    * The Curforv bell (from the. Frencb Couvrefeu) which was rung every night at eight of the clock, to warn the Engliß to put out their fires and candles, under the penalty of a fevere fine.
    - The New Foreft in Hanipflire; to make which, the country for above thirty miles in compafs was laid wafte.
    $\ddagger$ On the $5^{\text {th }}$ of ${ }^{\prime}$ zune 1215 , King Fobn, met by the Barons on Kumnemide, Gigned the Great Charter of Liberties, or Magna Charta.

[^19]:    * During the civil ware, betwixt the families of York and Larsafier.
    $\dagger$ Henry VII.
    $\pm$ The famous Earl of Warzvick, during the reigns of Henry VI. and Edward IV. was called the King-maker.
    - Permitting the Batrons to alienate their lands.

[^20]:    * The dominion of the houfe of Aufria.
    + The Sfariß Arnadia. Rapin fays, that after proper meafures had been taken, the eacmy was expected with uncommon al crity.

[^21]:    * At the reforation.
    $\dagger$ Charks II.
    $\ddagger$ Court of suards.

[^22]:    * By the lill of rigbts, and the afs of fuccefion.
    $\dagger$ William IL.

[^23]:    * Untended, yield the vegetable fleece:

[^24]:    - Lord Molesworth in his aceount of Demmalk fays,-It is obfetved, that in limited monarchies and commonwealths, a neighbourhood to the feat of the government is advantageous to the subjeets; whilit the diflant provinces are lefs thriving, and more liable to oppreflion.

[^25]:    * The famous Retreat of the Ten Thoufand was chielly conducted by Xer:opron.
    $\dagger$ Efaninondas, after having beat the Lacedamonians and their alLies,

[^26]:    - Lécuis xiv.

[^27]:    * Engraving.
    + The tapefing of the Golelins.

[^28]:    * Dr Rundle, late Bifhop or Lery in Irelamd.

[^29]:    * A gladiator, who made ufe of a net, which he threw over his adverfary.

